ESTABLISHED 1818.

PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
CHERRY BRANDY.
Sold by all respectable Wine Merchants.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,716—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1899.

"JACK"
BRAND— BRITISH—
PILSENER.

LIBRA… OF TH… BOMB… BRAN… OF T… ROYAL ASIAT…

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M. 1899.
M. L. CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	9th Sept.
* SHANNON	4362	L. M. Wibmer	16th ,,
M. L. PENINSULAR	5287	W. Wheler	23rd ,,
* CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	30th ,,
M. L. MASSILIA	5026	C. Gadd	7th Oct.
* CARTHAGE	5198	E. Lendon	14th ,,
M. L. VALETTA	5023	C. F. Preston	21st ,,
* SHANNON	4362	L. M. Wibmer	28th ,,
M. L. EGYPT	7912	G. Langbourne	4th Nov.
* ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	11th ,,
M. L. CARTHAGE	5198	C. Gadd	18th ,,
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	25th ,,
M. L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	2nd Dec.
* PENINSULAR	5287	W. Wheler	9th ,,
M. L. CALEDONIA	7558	E. Gordon	16th ,,
* SHANNON	4362	L. M. Wibmer	23rd ,,
M. L. PENINSULAR	5287	W. Wheler	30th ,,

The steamers marked M.L. proceed to MARSEILLES PLYMOUTH and LONDON.

The steamers marked * proceed to ADEN only, and passengers tranship there for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH or LONDON.

The BRINDISI route is closed at present owing to quarantine.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M. and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals, calling at Ports en route.

For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 31st August, 1899.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	G. Morovich	4,213	1st Oct. 1899.
IMPERATOR	G. Klausberger	4,140	1st Nov. 1899.
IMPERATRIX	G. Morovich	4,213	1st Dec. 1899.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 325.	Rs. 150.

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on or about
* MORAVIA	A. Calabrese	3,506	20th Sept., 1899.
* TRIESTE	A. Mitis	5,095	14th Oct., 1899.
MARIA VALERIE	A. Fellner	4,235	7th Nov., 1899.

* She will not call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 960.	Rs. 575.
Available for 12 months	,, 1,060.	,, 625.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Steamers leave TRIESTE for BOMBAY direct on the 3rd and those via KURRACHEE on the 23rd of each month.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
POSEIDON	......	3,878	22nd Sep., 1899.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent,
Sassoon House, 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Sep., 4, 1899.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.
VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on Tuesday.
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	Le Coispellier	26th Sept. 1899
INDUS	6,357	Chevalier	24th Oct. 1899
TONKIN	6,300	Vaquier	21st Nov. 1899.
CALEDONIEN	4,232	Requier	19th Dec., 1899

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on or about.
SYDNEY	4,232	Aubert	20th Sept., 1899.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege, leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
Old Oriental Bank Buildings, 57 Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
TEA PLANTERS, RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, booked at reduced rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND *via* JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines sent FREE on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

London Agents : GRINDLAY & CO.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on the 8th September, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 12th September, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvie (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE, AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, at 10 a.m., on the 14th September, calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (Weather permitting.)

FOR POREBUNDER, ADEN, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND LAMOO.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 4th October.

FOR KURRACHEE, SEYCHELLES, KILINDINI, MOMBASSA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,005 tons, on or about 30th September.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ELLORA," 1,996 tons, on or about 14th September.

FOR COCHIN AND RANGOON.

S. S. "CHUPRA," 1,977 tons, on or about 9th September.

FOR MANILA.

A THREE WEEKLY direct service has been started from Calcutta to Manila, calling at Rangoon, Penang and Singapore, rates for Passengers and Cargo, and dates of sailing can be obtained from the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 7th September, 1899.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London ; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on
Dco. BALDUINO	O. Canepa	5,000,	14th Sept. 1899.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS :—
1st Class, Rs. 550. 2nd Class, Rs. 325. 3rd Class, Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO THE ABOVE PORTS :—
Strictly within three months, Rs. 750 ; six months, Rs. 900 ; nine months, Rs. 925 ; twelve months, Rs. 950. (Inclusive of Wine and Beer.)

Passengers have the option of going "via" Genoa and returning "via" Venice and can break their journey at any port, resuming it by subsequent steamers of Bombay or other Weekly and Daily Local Lines.

Through and Return Tickets to London on application.

S. S. "BISAGNO," Tons 3,000 from BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore on the 9th September, 1899. Good accommodations for 1st, 2nd and 3rd Class Passengers.

F. BALDOVINO, Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 26 Aug., 1899.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

A STEAMER on or about 31st October.
For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 7th September, 1899.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

BOMBAY—ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamer will SAIL :—

Steamer.	Tons.	Capt.	to sail
SETOS	1,746	Carstens	29th Sept.

Taking Cargo for LAMU, MOMBASSA, TANGA, DARESALAM, ZANZIBAR, and all ports south of ZANZIBAR up to DELAGOA BAY ; and Native passengers up to ZANZIBAR and GERMAN coast only.

This Line also issue first, second, third-class and deck through tickets to—

EAST LONDON
DELAGOA BAY
CAPE TOWN
MADEIRA
and
SOUTHAMPTON

in connection with the Union Line Mail Steamers from Delagoa Bay, once a month.

For rates and particulars apply to

F. HEYER, Agent,
Albert Building, Hornby Road.
Bombay, 2nd Sept., 1899.

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

SPECIFICS for Hyrocele and Elephantiasis. guaranteed to cure this disease radically by using this medicine externally. Price Rs. 2-8 per bottle. Apply to

Dr, S. GHOSHAL, SPECLALIST,
No. 85, Bechoo Chattarjee's Street, Calcutta.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.,

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES
Girgaum, and 223, Bellasis Road, Byculla.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses Selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness (30,) and Saddle (Rs. 15), Raw Walers Charged extra.

	Rs.
Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale, or for treatment including Syce per mensem	25
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17
Examination and Certificate	10
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5

CRUSHED FOOD OATS, BRAN &c., Supplied.

CLARETS.

SHIPPED BY
P. DUBOIS & Co., BORDEAUX.

THE Wines offered by this Company are of guaranteed excellence. They are chosen with an especial view to their use in this Country and are consequently to be relied on as sound and genuine Wines.

		Cash. Qts. Rs. a.	Cash. Pts. Rs. a.	Credit. Qts. Rs. a.	Credit. Pts. Rs. a.
COTES ST. EULALIE	Per doz.	11 0	6 0	12 4	6 12
ST. JULIEN MEDOC, "Fine Flavour and Body, in great demand"	,,	12 0	7 0	13 8	7 14
BORDEAUX, "a Favourite Wine from the District of Bordeaux"	,,	12 0	7 0	13 8	7 14
PETIT MEDOC, "Possesses Body, with Pleasing Flavour"	,,	15 0	8 4	16 12	9 4
SUPERIOR MEDOC, "Full-Bodied, of High Character and Flavour"	,,	18 0	10 0	20 0	11 4
CHATEAU LAGRANGE, "Soft and Delicate, with fine Flavour"	,,	26 0	14 0	29 0	15 12
GRAVES (White Bordeaux)	,,	20 8	12 8	23 0	14 0
CHATEAU LAROSE "extremely delicate, with exquisite flavour and bouquet"	,,	34 0	20 8	38 0	23 0
CHATEAU MARGAUX "exceedingly choice, with great fragrance and delicate bouquet"	,,	41 8	23 0	46 8	26 0

CLARET IN WOOD.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES TO MESSES AND CLUBS.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

FELICE CORNAGLIA,

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONER,
83, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY, AND EAST STREET, POONA.

SPECIALITY IN

WEDDING CAKES.

Wedding Cakes and other Cakes made, richly Almond iced and decorated at very reasonable charges.

Small Tea Cakes, Italian Cakes, Italian Pastry, English Cakes, Fondants, Almond Paste Sweets, Chocolates, French Comfits, Crystallised Fruits, Marrons Glacees, Puddings and many other delicacies. All a speciality.

None but the very best class of goods are manufactured and imported by us.

UP-COUNTRY ORDERS RECEIVE
THE PERSONAL CARE AND ATTENTION OF THE PROPRIETOR.

INDIAN CIGARETTES.

THE "LIGHT OF ASIA" BRAND.

MADE PURELY OF THE FINEST

"INDIAN TOBACCO"

WITHOUT PAPER.

THE INDIAN ARMY SERIES.

EACH PACKET of these Cigarettes contains an Illustration of an Indian Regiment. The Illustrations will be continued until the whole Army has been given, forming a UNIQUE AND INTERESTING COLLECTION.

"Each box contains 100 finest hand made Cigarettes without Paper."
Price : Rs. 35-0 per 1,000.

McDOWELL & Co., LD.,

MADRAS AND LONDON.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS, Price 8 Annas, Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office,

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business 1 Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

REVISED PRICES OF OPTICAL GOODS.

FOLDERS OR PINCE-NEZ.

	Steel. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Gold. Rs.
Best Crown Glass	5	16	25
Fine Quality Pebbles	8	20	32
Marcks & Co's. Pebbles	12	24	45
Dr. Menist's Pebbles	16	28	50

SPECTACLES (TURNPIN)

	Steel. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Gold. Rs.
Best Crown Glass	5	16	35
Fine Quality Pebbles	10	20	40
Marcks & Co's. Pebbles	12	24	50
Dr. Menist's Pebbles	16	25	60

SPECTACLES (SINGLE TEMPLE)

	Steel. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Gold. Rs.
Best Crown Glass	5	14	28
Fine Quality Pebbles	10	18	35
Marcks & Co's. Pebbles	12	24	45
Dr. Menist's Pebbles	16	28	50

VIOLET TINTED SUN GLARE & DUST GLASSES.

Steel Frames, Rs. 6 ; Nickelled, Rs. 8 ; Silver, Rs. 30 ; Gold, Rs. 75.

FIELD AND MARINE GLASSES with ACHROMATIC LENSES.

Japanned Mounts and Russia Leather in cases From Rs. 20.

OPERA GLASSES FROM Rs. 25. **MARCKS & CO., LD.,** BINOCULARS AND FIELD GLASSES.
BOMBAY & POONA.

PHILLIPS and Co., Ld.

CLEARANCE SALE.

CLEARANCE SALE
CLEARANCE SALE
LAST FEW DAYS,
LAST FEW DAYS,
LAST FEW DAYS.
FURTHER REDUCTIONS,
FURTHER REDUCTIONS,
FURTHER REDUCTIONS.
15 to 50 per cent. off SALE PRICES,
15 to 50 per cent. off SALE PRICES,
15 to 50 per cent. off SALE PRICES.

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, LAMPS, CUTLERY, ENAMELLED WARE, HARDWARE, STATIONERY, GYMKHANA KIT, FANCY GOODS, ELECTRO PLATE, INDOOR GAMES, ARTISTS MATERIALS-DRAWING INSTRUMENTS, PHOTOGRAPHIC KIT.

CASH ONLY.

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEMISTS.
Manufacturers of
PHARMACEUTICAL PHEPARATIONS.
and Importers of
TECHNICAL AND SCIENTIFIC CHEMICALS.
Dealers in
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, CHEMICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL APPARATUS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, PATENT MEDICINES, &c., &c.,
NEW REMEDIES
Stocked immediately they are introduced.
SPECIAL QUOTATIONS FOR QUANTITIES.

KEMP & CO., LD., SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

DEVERNEY'S SALVER.

JUST THE THING WANTED!

ALL WHO WANT TO POSSESS

SILVERY SALVERS,

USEFUL IN ALL HOUSEHOLDS AS A
SALVER, WINE TRAY, TEA TRAY, CAKE TRAY, &c.,
CAN HAVE ANY NUMBER

PRESENTED

TO THEM BY BUYING

DEVERNEY'S

* * *

BRANDY

THESE SALVERS WILL BE GIVEN
TO EVERY ONE.
ONE WITH EACH BOTTLE,
BY ALL WINE MERCHANTS IN BOMBAY AND THE MOFUSSIL.

DANTRA'S CELEBRATED TEA.

IN 1, 5 and 10 lbs. AIR-TIGHT ROUND TIN BOXES.

		Rs.	a.	p.			Rs.	a.
ROYAL ORANGE PEKOE	Per lb.	2	0	0	ORANGE PEKOE	Per lb.	1	0
ROSE ORANGE PEKOE	,,	1	12	0	PEKOE	,,	0	14
GOLDEN ORANGE PEKOE	,,	1	8	0	PEKOE SOUCHONG	,,	0	12
FLOWERY ORANGE PEKOE	,,	1	4	0	SOUCHONG	,,	0	10

Our 13 years standing in the Trade is a sufficient guarantee for the Genuine and Superior Quality and Moderate Prices of our Teas. Discount allowed to Messes, Clubs, Merchants and other large buyers. All orders executed with care and promptitude. A trial earnestly solicited.

Established 1887. **N. B. DANTRA & CO.,** Established 1887.
TEA MERCHANTS,
33 CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THACKER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

THE "1011" OPAQUE ENVELOPE.

Black checkered inside, invaluable for foreign use.
Strong, Thin, Writing cannot be read.

		Rs.	a.
Size: 5¼ by 4⅛ inches	per 100	2	0
" 6 by 4⅝ "	"	2	4
" 5⅜ by 3¼ "	"	1	8
" 5¾ by 3⅝ "	"	1	12

A long-felt want Supplied!

LEATHER PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES.

with Patent Reversible Backs. Padded leather, round corners, gilt line round outer edge, gilt metal mount as illustration.

Neat in style and very serviceable.

No.		Rs.	a.
1 MIDGET—Size of glass opening 2¼ by 1½ in.		0	12
2 CABINET	" " 5¼ " 3¼ "	1	8
3 BOUDOIR	" " 7 " 4½ "	2	8
4 IMPERIAL	" " 8 " 6 "	8	3

Nos. 1, 2, and 4 have a reversible back which makes the frames SUITABLE for an OBLONG or UPRIGHT photograph.

A FANCY BAZAAR
WILL BE OPENED AT
THE BANDRA CONVENT
TO-DAY, FRIDAY, 8TH SEPT.,
AND
WILL REMAIN OPEN TILL THE END OF THE MONTH.

THIS FANCY BAZAAR will consist of a Variety of Plain and Fancy Work done by the Children of the Institution, also of Artificial Flowers, Toys, framed and unframed Pictures, and various objects of Piety, i. e. Crucifixes, Prayer Books, Statues, Rosaries, Scapulars, etc., etc.

The object of this Bazaar is to help the Sisters to defray the expenses of an additional building which is being erected to accommodate the increasing number of poor Children who are admitted gratis into the Institution.

Kind friends and benefactors are earnestly solicited to visit the Bazaar.

THE ANCHOR LINE S. S. "BRITANNIA" has ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and DISCHARGES in the VICTORIA DOCK.

CONSIGNEES are requested to PRESENT THEIR BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.

Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of Consignees, unless Boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all claims for damage must be adjusted by the Steamer's Surveyor before the Goods are removed from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline all responsibilities in respect of Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse. All claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer, otherwise, none will be entertained.

Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey damages.

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 7th September, 1899.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 13th, 14th and 15th instant, these days being Public Holidays, under the "Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 6th September, 1899.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
WANTED.

UPPER and LOWER SUBORDINATES for employment on Famine Work. Salary from Rs. 100 to 150 and from Rs. 50 to 80 respectively according to qualifications, Travelling allowance in accordance with the rules of the Department. Apply by letter to the UNDER SECRETARY to Government, Public Works Department, stating qualifications and submitting testimonials. The employment will be purely temporary.

NOTICE is hereby given that PARASRAM BHICAJI, PANDURANG RAMJI, NAMA ESSOO, DEWOO widow of ESSOO PANDU, PATERI widow of BAPOO RAMJEE and HIROO MADHOO all of Bombay have contracted for the absolute SALE of the undermentioned property to our client, Mr. NOWROJI JEHANGIR GAMADIA. All persons therefore having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the same or any part thereof either by way of inheritance, sale, mortgage, lease, gift or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known to the undersigned at their office, No. 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from this date, otherwise all such claims if any will be considered as waived:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground admeasuring 236 square yards, or thereabouts, together with the building standing thereon, situate at Pitha Street, otherwise called Purshotum Chimnaji Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue, under Collector's old Nos. 296 and 33, Collector's new Nos. 5218 and 227, old Survey Nos. 459, 460, 443, 457 and 460, and new Survey Nos. 8951, 8924 and 8924, and Assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 1435 and 1436, and Street Nos. 28 to 30 and 1-2-3, and bounded as follows:— That is to say, on or towards the east, by the said Pitha Street, on or towards the west, by a Parsee Fire Temple, on or towards the north by the house of Dossabhoy Garrawalla, and on or towards the south, by the house of Cursetjee Pestonjee Irani.—Dated this 7th day of September, 1899.

ARDESIR, HORMUSJEE & DINSHAW,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA AND CO.,
FINANCIAL AGENTS AND GENERAL BROKERS.
(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

TRANSACT EVERY KIND OF PERSONAL AGENCY, PARTICULARLY:—

NATIVE STATE AGENCY.—The Sovereigns, Princes, Chiefs, Nobles and Jaghirdars of Native states will best consult their interests by employing this firm as their BOMBAY AGENTS.

HOUSE, LAND, AND ESTATE AGENCY.—A Register kept of Houses, &c., wanted, and of all properties in the Market, which affords the best means of meeting the requirements of VENDORS, PURCHASERS, and all who wish to HIRE or LET HOUSES, OFFICES, &c

ADVANCES on fixed and equitable mortgages deposit of title deeds).

LOANS on every description of tangible or good personal security. Secrecy and dispatch guaranteed.

MOFUSSIL AGENCY.—Up-country residents will find it greatly to their advantage to place all their ORDERS and COMMISSIONS in our hands. We undertake to execute them with care and fidelity and to give complete satisfaction.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, Stocks and Shares, bought and sold, and advice given as to investments.

RECOVERY OF OUTSTANDINGS, RENT, and DEBTS collected and recovered.

PARTNERSHIP AND BUSINESS AGENCY.—Partnerships negotiated. Partners with capital introduced. Capital procured for starting businesses. Purchases and Sales of businesses negotiated.

LEGAL MATTERS, APPEALS, NEGOTIATIONS, PRIVATE ENQUIRIES, SETTLEMENTS UNDER ARBITRATION, skilfully conducted.

NOTE.—Under Section 37 of the Civil Procedure Code, and under Power of Attorney, Messrs. S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co., act as the recognised Agents of mofussil constituents, thus saving them the necessity of coming to Bombay to file and conduct their cases.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCES effected with the best Offices and at the most favourable rates.

CHARGES: Moderate. TERMS on Application.

OFFICES:
18, BA[illegible] STREET, FORT, BOMBAY,
(OVER M[illegible] CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers.)

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1, each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

THE INDIAN EDITION of The New Premier Cycle Co.'s HELICAL TUBE BICYCLES can now be obtained, post free, on application to the Sole Agents.—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

MOSQUITO-BITE LOTION.—The application of this Lotion soothes the pain, reduces the swelling, and relieves the irritation arising from the Sting of these venomous little insects. Per Bottle, Re. 1.—THOMSON & TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

WORTH NOTING—Dressing Gowns, Rs. 10-8; Cabin Trunks, Rs. 12-8; Leather Kit Bags, Rs. 30; Travelling Rugs, Rs. 10; Sleeping Suits, Rs. 5-12; Warm Ulsters, Rs. 45; Smart Caps, Warm Under-clothing, Tooth Brushes, Soap Cases, Sponges, Deck Shoes, Rs. 5-8; Shaving Mirrors.—ASQUITH & LORD, Apollo Street.

NEW STOCK of "GENOVA" TEASETS with BREAKFAST. Size, large Cups for 6 Persons 15 Pieces. Original Price Rs. 6-14, Reduced to Rs. 4-14.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOWFLAKE OIL, 150°, sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Currimbhai Hirji, at Rs. 5 0-2 per case, at Bombay, and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5 1-2 per case, at Bandora.

MATHERAN.—TO LET, "ALTAMONT LODGE," a most excellent and well furnished Bungalow, always occupied by Europeans. Formerly known as Aramita Lodge. Apply GRANVILLE HOTEL.

TO BE LET.—Furnished BUNGALOW near Land's End.—Apply to MUKHI CASSAMBHAI MOOSA, Manager to H. H. Sir Aga Khan, Jail Road.

SOCIABLE BICYCLE, Dunlop Tyred, for two ladies or lady and gentleman side by side. Rs. 550.—Apply to the BOMBAY ELECTRIC Co., 9, Medows Street, Bombay.

FOUCHE & Co.—PRIVATE DETECTIVES under EUROPEANS only. Undertake every kind of detective and secret enquiry work;—(1), Divorce proceedings initiated. (2) Applications, Petitions or Memorials prepared and typed ready for transmission. (3) Houses and estates purchased and sold. (4) Missing friends traced, (5) Debts collected, Loans negotiated. (6) Partnerships arranged. (7) Persons watched. (8) The interests of the non-official classes watched, and abuses in administration brought to the notice of the constituted authorities in India and in England. Head Office,—No. 1, Main Street, Poona.

£2,000,000 POLICIES were issued by the STANDARD in 1898 being the largest amount in the History of the Company.—Apply STANDARD LIFE OFFICE, Bombay.

WANTED, for First class Hotel in Calcutta, TWO EXPERIENCED BARMAIDS, must be European and respectable. State previous experience.

WANTED, THREE PROFESSIONAL TAILOR'S CUTTERS for DON & Co., Calcutta. Must be good, address of any Nationality. Salary Rs. 150, to 450. Address, C. ARDESHER, 177, Dharamtolla, Calcutta.

WANTED, EMPLOYMENT.—A YOUNG MAN (matriculated) age 23, seeks engagement as CLERK or COPYIST in any Railway, Mills, Presses, or Mercantile firm. Good handwriting, sober habits, and highest credentials, 5 years' previous experience, good linguist, fluently conversant with Portuguese, Goanese, Tamil, Mallyallum, Hindustani and Marathi, Willing to travel to any part of India. Address "S A M," care of this Paper.

ENGLISH Tunes for Phœnix Organs are especially made to our order, and can be exchanged if not approved.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

100 RUPEES PRIZE.—Open to every body, nothing to pay. Apply for terms to the SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

VOICE from Madras.—C. Green, Esq., Retired Salt Officer and Secy. to Rajah Veneegopala Bahadur, writes on 19th May, 1898:—I suffered with fever for 19 days and had two doctors in attendance, but their Medicines did me no good. I was then recommended to try Batliwalla's Ague Mixture and with few doses the fever left me and I have had no return of it since. . . . Batliwalla and Co.'s Choleral is as effective in Cholera as Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture are effective in fevers. It has never failed in cases of Cholera, and you are requested to send for its testimonials. Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla and Co.'s Choleral are sold everywhere, at Re. 1 per bottle, or are sent by Dr. BATLIWALLA, Worlee, Dadur, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants, Clerks, Peons, &c., and Nurses &c., of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services (Army and Navy) as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Portuguese Servants for whom we guarantee and hold ourselves responsible. Fee Rs. 2 each servant. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. N.B.—Beware of the so-called Registry Offices.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers.—In India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price, 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great Poets by W. E. H. PRICE. Re. 1-8. Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office.

HIGH CLASS PORTRAITURE, executed in the permanent PLATINOTYPE process, giving soft and pleasing effects. BROMIDE OPALS, artistically finished in water colour, monochrome or oils. ENLARGEMENTS successfully produced from old or faded Photographs, by RAJA DEEN DAYAL AND SONS, at their Art Photographic Salon, Bombay. For prices etc., apply to the MANAGER.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12: Half-yearly Rs. 6: Quarterly Rs. 3: to Subscribers in Bombay Rs. 12 to the Mofussil, postage extra.

JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ltd.—The only EUROPEAN FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT in India. Please send for Illustrated Sheets.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive. Contains valuable information, Revised and corrected up to date, Price, Rs. 5, with postage, Rs. 5-4. For sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EK DAM? RINGWORM SPECIFIC.—The only Remedy known which cures Ringworm or Dhobies' Itch in one application. Per Bottle, As. 12. Prepared only by THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

RUBBER CARRIAGE TYRES can be fitted to any ordinary Wooden Wheels at strictly moderate prices. W. H. THORNS and Co., BOMBAY and SECUNDERABAD.

FORMS of POWER OF ATTORNEY Neatly printed, Price 4 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription, Rs. 15 per year, including Postage.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN'S BAZAAR.

FOR SALE.

ONE new English built half C. springs canoe LANDAU, with patent self-acting hood, suitable for a single or pair of horses.

One new English built C. under spring canoe LANDAU, with patent self-acting hood and with patent foot brake.

One new English built stylish light VICTORIA, suitable for a single horse.

English built second-hand LANDAUS, VICTORIAS and BROUGHAMS by well known makers.

HOUSES FURNISHED with latest style near furniture.

Furniture of the latest designs FOR SALE or HIRE and also made TO ORDER.

Apply to
CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.

NOTES.
INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY.
BY
TODARMAL.

Price Re. 1. Postage half-anna
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF FANCY GOODS, ETC.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 8th Inst. at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Hummum Street, Fort, the following fancy goods consisting of terra cotta figures and busts, rich glass centre pieces, flower vases, alabaster vases and table ornaments, travelling time pieces in leather cases, leather and plush goods, despatch boxes, brackets, plated ware, pier glasses, etc.

The property is now on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th Inst. at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction opposite the Prince's Dock Clock Tower, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware crockery and glassware, mahogany square piano by Herbert, Singer's hand sewing machine with cover, books, table ornaments, lamps, carpets, etc., the property of Captain W. H. STRICKLAND.

The property is on view.

On SUNDAY, the 10th Inst, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Grant Road Railway Station, the valuable and substantial blackwood and teakwood household furniture of the latest design, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, first-rate mahogany square piano by Rose, Persian carpets, oil pictures, table ornaments, lamps, gent's English saddle, lady's Magnet bicycle, gent's Marriot bicycle, stove, flower pots, old China jars, Singer's sewing machine on stand, Australian cow giving 5 seers of milk daily, etc. the property of the late C. TUDBALL, Esq., District Traffic Superintendent, B. B. and C. I. Railway.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

The property of a gentleman—
1 handsome fast Waler horse, going in harness.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 11th inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of white, grey, and coloured piece goods, and the following:—

Furniture such as cupboards, tables, chairs, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, book and hat stands, cottage piano, large size organ.

Marble top dressing and wash-hand tables by John Roberts, carved top door screen, etc.

2 mahogany square pianofortes.
1 Winchester repeating rifle, model 1888, with implements.
1 D.-B. B.-L. gun by William and Powell, with implements.
An invoice of bentwood rocking chairs of different sizes.
2 cases about 200 dozens fancy walking sticks.

The property of a lady, consisting of a number of books such as original edition of "All the Year Round" 12 vols., set of side-dishes, iced water tankard, commode boxes, etc.

AT 2 P.M.

1 second-hand strong-built victoria.
1 serviceable double-seated brougham.
1 strong office shigram.
1 handsome four-wheeled low dogcart.
lady's pneumatic English bicycle, little used.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY SITUATE AT JACKERIA MUSJID.

Under instructions from Bai Fatmabai, the daughter of Hajee Abba Hajee Rahimtoolla Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 12th Inst, at 4 p.m., the undermentioned property:—

All that piece or parcel of fazundari land, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the east side of Second Don Tad Street, now known as Jackeria Musjid Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration subdistrict of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 159 and two-ninths square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes formerly under No. 125 and now under Ward B No. 2664, and street Nos. 443-45, and bounded on or towards the east by the property of Mahomed Sallay Gankootkar, on or towards the west by the said Jackeria Musjid Street, on or towards the north by the property of Joosub Jan Mahomed, and on or towards the south by the property of Moosa Joosub, and which said premises are now and for some time past have been in the occupation of the tenants of the said Fatmabai.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Janardhan and Ardesir, Attorneys for the vendor, at their office No. 47, Medows Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

SALE OF VALUABLE DIAMOND AND PEARL JEWELLERY GOLD AND SILVER ORNAMENTS AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Under instructions from the Administrator General, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, on THURSDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 p.m., the valuable jewellery belonging to the estate of the late Mr. Nurrotumdass Candass consisting of:—1 emerald ring, 2 diamond rings, 1 ruby and emerald hoop ring, 1 pearl hoop ring, 1 large ear ring set with large and small brilliants, 5 bar drops set with diamonds rubies and pearls 1 nose ring with large pearls 1 nose ring with small pearls, diamond and emerald, 2 pairs pearl bangles, 1 pair pearl raifuls, 2 pair pearl bangles small 2 pearl mohanmalla, 1 pearl kanthi of two strings, 1 pearl satlara, 1 pearl necklace, 2 strings of small pearls, 1 pearl and emerald kanthi, 5 pearl bhikvalis, 105 loose pearls, 1 earring set with brilliants, 1 earring set with diamond and emerald, gold waist chain, wristlets, bracelets, necklace, buttons, mohanmallas, watch chain, watches and lockets, etc., silver gulabdani, goblet, cup spoons, dish, watch with chain, etc.

Also household furniture consisting of glass cupboard wardrobe, clothespress, sofas, chairs, cot, round and writing tables, pictures, globe lamps, looking glass, carpet, books, clock, iron safe, silk pitamber and sarees, &c.

The property will be on view three days before the sale.

On THURSDAY, the 23th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Elphinstone Circle, near Messrs Kemp & Co., the valuble and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, platedware by Mappin and others, glassware and crockery, grand cottage piano by Rose large size oleographs, rich table ornaments, lamps, carpets kerosine oil stove etc, the property, of F. S. DOVE Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 30th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Elphinstone Circle, close to the Chartered Bank, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, also English-made mahogany and walnut wood furniture, glassware and crockery cottage piano by Bois, Paris, Singers hand and foot sewing machine, English and Persian carpets, table ornaments, lamps, pictures etc., the property of T. J. WILLIAMS, Esq., proceeding to England.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.,

Bombay, 7th September, 1899.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF COAL ASHES.

Under instructions from the General Store-keeper G. I. P. Railway, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 8th inst., at 3 p.m., sell by Public Auction at the Hydraulic Engine Shed, Wari Bunder.

A heap of English coal ashes, measuring about 151 cubic yards.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. Bennett and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 8 Grant's Buildings, Colaba, the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood plain and carved French-polished house-hold furniture, rich carpets, handsome China and Japanese vases, table ornaments, one mahogany sweet-toned square piano by Harold and Co., in very good order, table and hanging kerosine lamps, one Singer's sewing Machine (Nearly new) &c., &c., the property of J. M. BURNES, Esq.

The above is now on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th inst. Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 Handsome strong victoria, in very good order.
1 Second-hand palanquin office Shigram.
1 Strong-built glass-fronted open quarters brougham.
1 Chest-nut Arab, quiet in harness.
1 Bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
The property of another gentleman—
1 single seated brougham by Messrs. Stephens suitable for single or pair of horses.
1 Bay waler gelding, 15 hands 6 years.
1 Bay arab 14-2 hands 8 years quiet in harness.

On SATURDAY, the 16th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT, and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Nakhoda Mahomed Alli Rogay's Bungalow, Chowpati, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, such as hall sofas and chairs, lined with rich tapestry, large size pier glasses with tables, 2, 4, 6, 8 and 12 lights hanging argand lamps by "Tucker and Ness," one sweet-toned cottage piano by Soundy and Co., rich large size hall brussels carpets, handsome cabinets, almyras, and wardrobes with mirror glasses, rich table and hanging lamps, by Hinks and Ditmar, one iron fire proof safe on stand, rich glass, crockery and plated ware, one iron cooking stove, grass and grain grinding and cutting machines, &c., the property of NAWABZADA NUSRULLAKHAN, Barrister-at-law.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view, 4 days, before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT ERSKINE ROAD.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell on the premises by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th instant, at 4 p.m., the undermentioned property by the order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Aboo Bucker Hajee Soomar and Sooleman Hajee Soomar, the mortgagors. For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to the undersigned, or to Messrs. Ardesir, Hormusji and Dinshaw, the solicitors for the mortgagee at their office, No. 19 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

DESCRIPTION.

All that piece of land admeasuring 1,001 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of land Revenue, under old Nos. 258, 2616 and 259, New Nos. F. 56301, Survey Nos 1508, 1509, and New Survey No. 4615, with the messuage, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality under Nos. 1 and 2 and all which premises are situate at and on the north side of Erskine Road, within the registration sub-district of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the north, partly by the property of Chand Attary, partly by a sweeper's passage, and partly by the tomb, known as Madar Chilla, on or towards the east, by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the south, by the said Erskine Road, on or towards the west, partly by a sweeper's passage, a moiety of which belongs to and forms part of this premises, and partly by the property lately of Ebrahim Adamalli, and now of Sarang Hoosein Abba, were formerly in the occupation of the tenants of the said Haji Sooleman Hajee Soomar and Abdul Latif Hajee Sumar as trustees, and are now in the occupation of the said Abu Bucker Hajee Soomar and his tenants.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 7th September, 1899.

WIESBADEN, GERMANY,
PENSION VILLA FRANK,
8 LEBERBERG.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, excellent Table, good service Baths, thermal and other, Electric Light, home stands in its own grounds. Within three minutes' walk of Kurhaus. Moderate Prices. Arrangements made with Families for Summer or Winter Season.

NOTICE! TO SMOKERS. NOTICE!

ANYONE who wants fresh REAL HAVANA or MANILA CIGARS, must obtain them from the undermentioned well-known Firm, who have just Unpacked a Consignment of the Celebrated Cigars, Manufactured by BOCK & Co., of Havana.

SPECIALITIES.

			Rs.	as.
Savoys, Regalia de Preferencia in boxes of	50	Per box	14	0
Monicos, Regalia de Preferencia "	50	"	15	0
Dainties Superiores de la Vuelta Abajo	25	"	10	0
Donotos Superiores de la Vuelta Abajo	25	"	12	8

MANILA CIGARS.

"FLOR DE LA ISABELA" FACTORY.

These can be recommended as good smokes:—

					Cash, Rs.	a.
Regalia Antonio Lopez in boxes of 50 with rings				Per box	11	0
Non Plus Ultra	do.	50	do.	"	9	0
Isabels	do.	50	do.	"	7	8
Exquisitas	do.	50	do.	"	7	0
Princessas (small size)	do.	50	do.	"	5	0
Little Devils	do.	50	do.	"	3	0
Club Londres	do.	100	do.	"	7	0
Neuvo Habano Especial	do.	100		"	6	0
Habano 1A (extra large size)		100		"	6	8
Habano 2A	do.	100		"	4	8
Cartado 1A	do.	100		"	6	8

The above cigars, imported by us only, are of excellent quality, and rich in flavour, forming a delightful and popular smoke. A discount of 10 per cent. is allowed for all the above on orders for 500 cigars and upwards.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,
GENERAL TOBACCONISTS,
20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

TREZUKA
THE NEW BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve and brain power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, delusions, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, physical incapacity, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability either to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, consumption, night sweats, &c., are all so many different phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, the cause of by far the greater portion of the misery, ill-health, and despondency by which we are confronted on every hand, that can only be successfully combated by the use of this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing powers, and imparts new life and energy to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

ZAROUBA
THE EXTRAORDINARY BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c., producing a soft, silky, infant-like smoothness, elasticity and clearness of complexion, skin and body. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, syphilis, discharges, gleet, secondary symptoms, bone disease, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for TREZUKA or ZAROUBA, whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture) for the sake of extra profit. TREZUKA and ZAROUBA are Trade Marks, registered at the Patent Office. Legal proceedings will be taken against all persons pirating.

COMMON-SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous and functional debility, waste of vitality, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, discharges, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to avail himself of its contents. ●Post free for six penny stamps (English or Colonial). Address—NEVILL JOHNSON, 9, Bond St., Claremont Sq., London, W.C., or obtainable of any of the Agents for above medicines.

Agents for India:—TREACHER & Co., Limited, Bombay, Byculla and Poona.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,114,625
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£562,500

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

22, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£500,000
RESERVE FUND	£280,000

HEAD OFFICE:
67 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Kandy, Newera Elya, Zanzibar, Steamer Point, Aden, Cawnpore and Mombassa.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBT. R. ROSS,
Acting Manager.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—MADRAS.
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1885.

BRANCHES at Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon, Kurrachee, Rawalpindi, Murree, and London.

	Rs.
PAID-UP CAPITAL	40,00,000
RESERVES AND REST	11,13,575
SECURITY PROVIDED FOR DEPOSITORS	51,13,575

CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 2 per cent. per annum up to Rs. 10,000 in the event of the balance not falling below Rs. 500.

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for Home Remittances receive 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Receipts issued for 24 months at 5 1-2 per cent., 12 months at 5 per cent., 9 months at 4 1-2 per cent., 6 months at 4 per cent. per annum.

Special rates are given for Short Terms Deposits during the busy season.

PRUDENTIAL, OR PROVIDENT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received, carrying 5 per cent. interest, compounded half-yearly.

N. B.—The Bank will also transfer sums for Deposit or Credit in London, carrying interest from date of transfer in India.

Accounts are opened and Receipts issued in the name of either or survivor."

CHEQUES, BILLS, HUNDIS and CURRENCY NOTES of any Circle are collected and credited, free of charge, in and of the Interest Deposit Accounts.

CREDITS, LOANS, BILLS, and PROMISSORY NOTES [illegible]

INVESTMENT ORDERS on London Stock Exchange under Code with London Branch.

Rules and Particulars obtainable at any office of the Bank.

By Order of the Board,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Bombay, 30th June, 1899.

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$ 110,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

SIR THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:

WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
F. D. BARNES, Esq. (Managing Director, P. and O. S.N. Co.)
G. E. NOBLE, Esq., 34 Inverness Terrace, Bayswater, W.

EWEN CAMERON, } Managers.
JOHN WALTER. }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.
BANGKOK.
BATAVIA.
BOMBAY.
CALCUTTA.
COLOMBO.
FOOCHOW.
HAMBURG.

HANKOW.
HIOGO.
ILOILO.
LYONS.
MANILA.
NAGASAKI.
NEW YORK.
PEKING.

PENANG.
RANGOON.
SAIGON.
SANFRANCISCO
SINGAPORE.
SOURABAYA.
TIENTSIN.
YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Received on terms which may be learnt on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

G. H. TOWNSEND,
Agent

47, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 51 Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yens	12,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	"	12,000,000
RESERVE FUND	"	7,300,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Fransisco, Hawaii, Shanghai, and Hongkong.

BANKERS—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK
The UNION BANK of LONDON, AND THE PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO,
Agent.

Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

DOCTOR MENIST SPECTACLES.
REVISED PRICES.

	Gold. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Steel & Nickel Rs.
With Turnpin Side	60	28	16
With Single Temple	50	24	16
With Curl	50	24	16
Folders or Pince-Nez	50	24	16

SPECTACLES AND FOLDERS FITTED WITH MARCKS AND CO'S

Finest quality PEBBLES, at a REDUCTION of Rs. 5 on above Prices for Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 for Steel.

Our new "Movillete" Frame which has gained universal admiration

THROUGHOUT INDIA IS WORTH INSPECTING.

Our Celebrated Violet Tinted Sun Glare and Dust Glasses, strongly recommended by all the leading men.

Gold.	Silver.	Nickel.	Steel.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
60	25	12	5

NOTICE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to all REPAIRS which are executed with the greatest precision and least possible delay. Oculist's prescriptions CAREFULLY PREPARED.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copper-plate, Printing and Lithograph ing orders. For rates, apply to SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

INSURANCES.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY
Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intermission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.
Secretary.

TO LOVERS OF ART.

THE establishment in the "First City in India" of a high class and fashionable Art Gallery, fitted up in the most approved and artistic style, where artists and their patrons can at all times meet to their mutual advantage, and to the advancement of Art itself, has been our desire for some years past; but the difficulties in the way of its fulfilment have been so great that the scheme has had to be abandoned—for the time being at least. We are persuaded that were we able to secure the influential support of those in high places and the help of lovers of Art in the Presidency, the Gallery would be a *fait accompli*. Another object of ours in wishing to form an Art Gallery is that we may be able to educate the native mind, and, by furnishing the people with an opportunity of viewing and comparing European work with the crude and absurd productions they have been accustomed to, cultivate a refined and more artistic taste in them. Surely this worthy desire ought to have the encouragement it deserves from all true lovers of Art!

In submitting our new Catalogue to the public, which can be obtained on application, we desire to place this object prominently before them, at the same time thanking them for the patronage and support they have already given us. It has enabled us to place the concern in some degree in as favoured a position as some of the leading Picture Dealers' establishments in London or Paris; so far, at least, as India is concerned.

A new feature, as will be seen in the present issue of the Catalogue, is that we have included all the different lines of business which we undertake in one and the same cover, whereas in former years they were printed in separate handbooks, leaflets, &c., necessitating a deal of needless repetition.

It has, therefore, been our endeavour to spare the public the tediousness of the task of looking through a number of separate prints for what they require, by compiling the present issue in as concise and handy a form as possible, adding to it an Index—a feature that was not possible to introduce in the former erratic sort of publications.

Of course, we are sensible of many defects in this our first venture: the principal one being the impossibility to embody in a trade catalogue a complete list of our stock of Engravings. We would, therefore, request those seeking any known engraving not enumerated herein to communicate with us.

We have, further, the pleasure of notifying our *clientele* of our removal into more spacious and conspicuous premises, the address of which we would ask them to kindly take particular note.

Hoping for a continuance of the esteemed patronage and support of our customers, and the public in general.

D. B. DINSHAW & CO.,
BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY,
ESPLANADE ROAD,
Opposite Bombay Club.

CARLSBAD NATURAL MINERAL WATERS are used in the treatment of Diseases of the Liver when Patients are unable to visit the Spa.

THE NATURAL CARLSBAD SPRUDEL-SALT is an efficient diuretic, but as an aperient it should be taken before breakfast, in doses of from one to two teaspoonfuls dissolved in water.

A sample of the Salt in Powder free to Members of the Medical profession on application to—

STANLEY OAKES,
13-2, Government Place, Calcutta,
Wholesale Agent in India for,
INGRAM & ROYLE, LD.,
London, Liverpool and Bristol.
London, Liverpool and Bristol.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY.—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 55
Half-yearly	" 25	Half-yearly	" 30
Quarterly	" 13	Quarterly	" 15
Monthly	" 5	Monthly	" 6

TO SUBSCRIBERS—UP COUNTRY.

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	" 29	Half-yearly	" 33
Quarterly	" 16	Quarterly	" 18
Monthly	" 6	Monthly	" 6-8

These Up-Country Rates Include Postage.

SINGLE COPY .... As. 4.

Price for Back Numbers varies, according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS:—

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5
Second do.	" 2-8
Third do.	" 2-8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	As. 2 per

line, but no Advertisement counted as less than 8 lines.

All advertisements are charged according to the space occupied, Nonpariel, or smallest type, 12 lines of which make an inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	As. 3 per line
Second do	" 4½
Third do	" 2½

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time, special contracts may be made.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES; EACH—TWO RUPEES.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted of Servants required, Houses or Lodgings, to the change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line	" 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than one Rupee and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
BI-WEEKLY EDITION.

TO SUBSCRIBERS—

IN BOMBAY.		UP-COUNTRY.	
Per Annum	Rs. 12	Per Annum	Rs. 1[illegible]
Half-yearly	" 6	Half-yearly	" 7-8
Quarterly	" 3	Quarterly	" 3-12

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY,
Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs. 12
Half-yearly	" 6
Quarterly	" 3

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
WEEKLY BUDGET.
Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs. 12
Half-yearly	" 6
Quarterly	" 3

CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittance should be made payable to "The Proprietor" of the *Bombay Gazette*.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

MR. J. CAVANAGH will ARRIVE in BOMBAY, on the 5th September, with 250 first class HORSES and PONIES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that FORMS of CERTIFICATES, REQUIRED under the Mahableshwar and Panchgani Plague Rules, are obtainable from the Deputy Commissioner of Plague Operations, Bombay, or from the Cantonment Magistrate or Chief Plague Authority, Poona City, or from the Superintendent, Mahableshwar.

D. C. DAVIDSON, Lt.-Col., I. M. S.,
Chief Plague Authority, Mahableshwar and Panchgani.
Camp Satara, 4th September 1899.

NOTICE TO CONSUMERS OF SNOWFLAKE OIL.

IT having been brought to our notice that FRAUDS have been committed by some dealer in SELLING OIL in SNOWFLAKE TINS and or cases of inferior grade to the Oil originally imported in them, and wishing to put a stop to such fraudulent practices, we would consider it a favor if consumers who have reason to believe that the Snowflake Oil they are buying is not up in quality to the former high standard of this justly popular brand, will SEND SAMPLES of the OIL to us to be TESTED (free of charge to the sender). It will also be necessary that we shall be furnished with the Name and Address of the Merchant from whom the Oil was purchased.

STANDARD OIL CO., OF NEW YORK :
31, Hornby Road, BOMBAY,
or
32, Dalhousie Sq., South, CALCUTTA.

SACCHARIN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Undersigned, as the authorised representatives of Messrs. FAHLBERG LIST and Co., inventors of "SACCHARIN" are the SOLE PROPRIETORS of the word "SACCHARIN" used as a TRADE MARK or TRADE DESCRIPTION in India on any substitute for Sugar or other class of Food stuffs, and have been using the same in India and the East, as such Trade Mark or Trade Description for 7 years past.

Whereas certain persons have been recently importing substitutes for Sugar bearing the word "Saccharin," "Zuckerin," Saccharin or colorable imitations of the same. The public are hereby warned against such fraudulent and colorable imitations, and notice is given that proceedings will be taken against any person hereafter so infringing the said Trade Mark.

BERTIE-SMITH & CO.,
Sole Agents in the East for Messrs. FAHLBERG LIST & Co.
Saccharin House, 23 to 31 Apollo Street, Bombay.

INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF STORES, &c.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent at his office, Jhansi, up to noon, on MONDAY, the 2nd October, 1899, for the SUPPLY, at the Jhansi Depot of the articles noted below during the 12 months, commencing 1st January, 1900.

I.—OILS, comprising, COCOANUT, KEROSINE, LINSEED boiled and raw, TALLOW and COTTON waste.
II.—MISCELLANEOUS COUNTRY STORES.
III.— DO. EUROPEAN DO.
IV.—STATIONERY.

2. Separate Tender forms of each of the above giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of Stores and Stationery required for delivery at the Jhansi Depot, and the conditions on which Tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the Chief Store Keeper's Office, Jhansi, on payment of Rs. 2 each.

3. The Agent reserves the right, to select one or more items from any tender without reference to the other items on the same tender, and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tenders should be superscribed with heading as above (I, II, III and IV), and a deposit of Rs. 1,000 (one thousand) for the articles included under heading I, II and III should accompany tenders, and a deposit of Rs. 200 (two hundred) should accompany the Tender for Stationery, without which no tender will be considered. Only cash, currency notes, or Government promissory notes will be received as deposits, and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favor of the Agent "Indian Midland Railway, Company, Limited."

5. All stores to be in accordance with the Company's Standard samples, which may be seen at the Chief Store Keeper's Office, Jhansi.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
ALEX. BREMNER,
Chief Store Keeper.
Chief Store Keeper's Office, Jhansi, 22nd August, 1899.

NOTICE.

TWO of the finest Peg Whiskies exported from Scotland, and recommended by the Leading Medical Men, are—
FERGUSON'S
"SPECIAL CREAM" and "P & O" LIQUEUR
Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 2-12.
In every STATION in INDIA.
INDIAN AGENTS—B. SMYTH & Co., LIMITED
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,
15, BANK STREET.
THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES the BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS at Moderate Monthly Subscription. Also HOME-PAPERS and MAGAZINES. Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers.
For Terms, apply to
VINCENT & Co.

"NEUBERG'S CHEROOTS."
NEW SHIPMENT OF
TRICHINOPOLY
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.
"Well rolled and well flavoured they bear off the palm,
They soothe leisure moments and anger disarm,
From the crown of your hat to the soles of your boots,
You feel that there's virtue in Neuberg's Cheroots."
Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks, which are simply *unapproachable* as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.
Parcels for Friends at Home made up on Shortest possible Notice.
SPECIAL REGARD FOR
DUTIABLE WEIGHTS ! !
FLOR DE JAVAS.
Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS.
FREE DRAUGHT,
SPLENDID CONDITION,
PUREST TOBACCO.
"TORPEDO SPECIALS ;"
"GYMKHANAS."
"GOLCONDAS ; BAHADURS."
And all the present leading Indian Brands.
FOREIGN CIGARS.
"SPOTTED DOGS,
"SPOTTED ZENOBIAS,"
"SEMIRAMIS."
The Genuine Articles. Very Choice.
REAL BURMAH CHEROOTS.
Direct from Burmah.
Very finest obtainable.
NEUBERG'S "CONDITIONERS"
for the
MONSOON,
Keeps Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos in perfect condition.
J. NEUBERG,
51, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

BUNGALOW
TO BE LET AT POONA.
A NICE BUNGALOW, for a Large Family with Stable and Out-Houses, with a Beautiful Garden around, situate at Connaught Road, Poona, well furnished.
Apply to
MUKHI CASSUMBHAI MOOSA,
Estate Manager to H. H. Sir Aga Khan,
Jail Road, Bombay.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly. Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	all	10 p. c. 1 bon.	1,245
Bank of Bengal	40,000	00	all	10 pr. ct.	1,217½
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,140
Commercial Bank of India.	10,000 15,000	100	100 75	8 p.c.	95 1-2
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	1,00,000	£6	all	3 pr. ct.	80
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	10 pr. ct.	£29 1-
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	dol. 125	all	£1-10-0	£57 1-2
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12 1-2	8 pr. ct.	300

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly	
Ahmedabad Advantage	70	1,000	000	Nil	
Alliance	1,500	1,100	all	—	260
Anglo-Indian	1,345	..	0	Nil	
Assur Veerjee Mill Ltd.	In all 2000 Shares of which 1002 have been allotted.	Rs. 500 each	Fully paid up	Rs. 25 12 1-2	nom.
Aurangabad S. & M. Co., Ld.		1,000	1,000	60	38
Ballary S.&W. Co., Ld. (Bellary)	971	60	all	9 per ct.	1,000
Berar Manfg Co., Ld	2,750	550,000	200	Rs. 15	200
Bombay United	90	1,000	1,000	Nil	425
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	90	500	500	dvdRs 20	480xd
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld	500	1,000	1,000	..	90
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.50	425
Bombay Woollen Manfg. Co. Ltd	650	1,000	1,000	10 per ct.	1,000
Central India	1,000	500	500	dvdRs,50	1,855
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.30	495
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.25	175
Coimbatore S. and W.	6,000	100	100	9 pr ct.	125
Connaught Mills	630	500	500	25	615
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	...	Rs. 10	407 1-2
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 2.	490xd
Currimbhoy Mill	80	1,000	1,000	dvdRs60	625
David Mill	1,400	500	500	dvdRs30	352 1-2
Dhulia Ginning and Pressing Co., Ld.	400	250	all	dvdRs20	255
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	[illegible]
Empress	2,100	500	500	Nil	[illegible]
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	400
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Nil	[illegible]
Hinganghat Mills	700	500	500	4.	670
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	50	580
Hope Mills	500	1,000	1,000	30	470
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	20	1,475
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	Nil	220
Indian Manfg.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd 30	900
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld.	700	1 000	1,000	dvdRs 50	500
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	25	520
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	dvdRs 20	220
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	Nil	155
Jewraj Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	no dvd	475
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	8,430	1,000	1,000	2.	300
Khandeish	7,500	1,500	1,000	dvdRs65	750xd
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	1,000	250	250	65	500xd
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs25	450
Leopold	3,500	100	108	dvdRs.5	170
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	30	600
Lakmidas Spinning & Weaving Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	700
Madras United	356	1,000	1,000	Rs 100	2,750
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	80
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	8,400	500	500	15 pr ct.	...
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dvd 60	1,890
Mohanlal K. Parekh G & Mfg Co. Ld., Amraoti	300	100	115	dvdRs15	—
Mazagon	5,000	250	...	dvdRs. 5	65
Morarji Goculdass	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvdRs60	1,575
Mysore S & M. Co., Ld	4,000	250	250	dvdRs15	200
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil	...
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	pa 52
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	165
Oriental	5,725	625	25	dvd Nil	47 1-2
Presidency Mills. Co. (Ld).	742	1,	1,000	dvdRs50	780
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs.0	550
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	800
Saraswati Mills	1,250	500	500	Nil	500
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvdRs20	550
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	dvdRs75	1,800xd
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Rs30	400
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	100
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	dvRs 12½	290
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Rs. 15	270
Standard Mills Co.	1,000	500	500	15	160
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	660
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	dvdRs22½	600
Sassoon and Alliance	3,000	500	500	dvdRs 20	295
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	500	1,000	1,000	50	
Union Mills Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs 20	350
Venishunker Lukhmishunker Mill Co. Ld.	900	500	500	dvdRs40	410xd
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	2425
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	dvdRs50	325
Wadhwan City Ginning Pressing & Manufacturing Co. Ld.	400	50	all	dvdR-	25
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	s1	...

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Half yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	1,750	100	100	dvd Rs5	200xd
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	35
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	12 pr ct	130
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	500	375	6,200
Do. New Issue	500	375	625	93¼	1,550
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	dvd 4	73
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	5 pr ct	500
Bombay Flour Mill	000	500	500	55	975
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr ct	200
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	500	200	200	dvdRs10	200
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.	2,000	250	250	9 p 16	520
Empire of India Life A. Co., Ld	292	500	50	—	55
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn.	5,000	00	10	10 pr. ct.	18
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	180
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	21	367
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	183
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15	153xd
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	25
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	—	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct	135
Phillips & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs 6	30
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1,000	25	500
Soundy & Co	1,000	100	10	5	
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	500	0	1000
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	dvd Rs 8	151xd
Telephone Co.	2,200	251	100	1¼	28

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	...	...	...
B. B. & C. I. R. Co. New £12 Shares	—	£10	...	...	...
Ahmedabad Prantej Ry.	500	500	..	4 pr. ct.	630
Tapti Valley Ry. Co.	500	500	...	4 pr. ct.	491 1-2

BACKING THE FAVOURITE does not always bring pleasure or profit to those concerned in it. Frequenty the hourse no one thinks much about wins, and those who gain anything are few and far between. This cannot be said with reference to Holloway's Pills and Ointment, for they never disappoint those who place faith in their merits. With reference to the Ointment, medical men are so convinced of its merits that they recommend it to patients as the best remedy within their experience. The Pills, also, have a marvellous effect upon the system; and it can be truly said that whatever the cause of the trouble may be, the combined medicines will restore the patient to health.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 46m. Sun sets, 6h. 9m. High water, 0-56m., 0-38a. Low water, 6-39 m., 6-36a. Departure of R. I. M. steamer Clive. Fancy Bazaar, Bandora Convent. Music at the Esplanade Bandstand, 5-45 p.m.

CRICKET.

Young Hindoo *vs.* Marine Battalion.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Singapore, China and Japan, per extra s. s. Bisagno, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 4 p. m., to-day.

FOURTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.—The business before the fourth Criminal Sessions, which commenced on the 1st inst., terminated last evening, when the Sessions were formally dissolved.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—It is notified that there is a possibility of the Bombay Presidency Rifle Association Central Meeting *not* coming off this year on account of plague. The Bombay Presidency Rifle Association local meetings will stand good.

A SUCCESSFUL STUDENT.—The *Manchester Guardian* states that Mr. Francis da Cunha, ex-student of the St. Xavier College, Bombay, and son of Mr. Fernando da Cunha, a leading barrister of Goa, has successfully passed his examination in Biology at the Victoria University of Manchester.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The band of the 21st B. I. Marine Battalion will play the following programme of music, this evening, commencing at 5-45 p.m. (weather permitting) :—

March	Under the Double Eagle	Wagner.
Overture	Light Cavalry	Suppe.
Selection	Rigoletto	Verdi.
Polka (Piccolo Solo)	The Deep Blue Sea	Brewer.
Selection	The Bohemian Girl	Balfe.
Valse	Espana	Waldteufel.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

GOVERNOR OF THE DIOCESE OF DAMAUN.—A circular signed, among others, by Drs. Gama and Viegas has been issued convening a meeting of the friends and admirers of Canon Faria, the acting Bishop of Damaun and Vicar of Dabul, to devise means to appreciate the Knighthood of the Order of Christ bestowed on that Revd. gentleman by the King of Portugal for meritorious services rendered to the Diocese of Damaun and especially during these trying years of plague. The meeting takes place tomorrow evening, at 7 o'clock, in the hall of the institute "Luso-Indiano," Cavel.

ARRIVAL OF BARODA OFFICIALS.—Rao Bahadoor Raojibhai Patel, Commissioner of Opium, Abkari and Customs of the Baroda State, accompanied by his assistant Mr. A. K. Goos, has come to Bombay on duty. The former is staying with Mr. P. J. Desai, and the latter with Nawabzada Nasrullahkhan. The department which the Rao Bahadoor is appointed to administer, through the favour of his gracious sovereign, has improved in every branch. H. H. the Gaikwar is to be congratulated on having secured the services of such able, loyal and energetic officers as the Rao Bahadoor and his assistant.

DEATH FROM HYDROPHOBIA.—An inquiry was held, yesterday, at Bori Bunder, by Mr. Turner, the Coroner, on the body of Shaikh Bulcoo Shaikh Kootboodin, aged twenty-five years. The deceased was a *Khalasee* employed on board a prow. About six weeks ago he was going along the Frere Road and when opposite the St. George's Hospital, he was bitten on the index finger of his left hand by a rabid dog. The dog after biting the deceased ran towards the Carnac Bridge and disappeared. Bulcoo went to his boat and informed his cousin of what had happened to him. The latter took Bhicoo to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where the wound was cauterized and the Bulcoo was asked to stay, but he refused to do so and went home. The wound apparently healed up and the man was able to resume his work about twelve days ago. On Wednesday he complained of giddiness and the symptoms of hydrophobia soon developed. The symptoms increased in severity and he died early yesterday morning on board his prow. The jury brought in a verdict of death from hydrophobia.

A POSTAL PEON IN TROUBLE.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Murray charged Sheik Ismail Sheik Abdoola, a postal delivery peon, with having, in his possession, on the 6th instant, certain postal stamps, of the value of Rs. 10, reasonably suspected of being stolen or fraudulently obtained and failing to account satisfactorily as to how he came by the same. Mr. Velinkar, pleader, defended the accused. Chatursing Saivdayal, an inspector in the General Post Office, said in consequence of complaints he had received of non-delivery of letters, he instituted a search in the accused's house at Islampura, Khetwadi, when a quantity of unused Selanger stamps worth 20 dollars, 2 photographs, 69 half-anna stamps, 51 unused one-anna stamps, 4 money-order receipts, 2 insured parcel receipts, and Rs. 30 in notes were found in a box. The defence of the accused was that he had bought the half-anna stamps. The one-anna stamps as well as the Selanger stamps belonged to his cousin, who died six months ago of plague, leaving his articles in charge of the accused. The case was remanded to the 14th instant and the accused was ordered to be liberated on bail of Rs. 250 and one surety for a like amount.

FATALLY INJURED IN A GRAIN GODOWN.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the Coroner, held an inquiry, yesterday, at Nowrojee Hill, 1st Lane, regarding the death of Balla Tatia, a Hindu, aged eighteen years. The deceased was a coolie and worked in a grain godown belonging to one Nensy Khatao at Argyle Road. About ten or twelve days ago Balla, after the labourers had knocked off work for the midday meal, went up a tier of bags to take his food. After having had his food, he came down, but went up again to get his dhotur which he had left on the top of the tier. As Balla was coming down with his dhotur, some of the bags he was holding gave way, and he was hurled down to the ground and a number of bags fell on him. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where, on examination, it was ascertained that both the bones of the left leg had been fractured. The house-surgeon thought the amputation of the injured leg was necessary, but this the deceased would not allow to be performed. His father also objected to it and took his son to his house at Nowroji Hill. Some household remedies were then applied, but no medical assistance was obtained. On Monday symptoms of tetanus were developed and deceased succumbed on Wednesday. A verdict of death from tetanus in accordance with the above facts was recorded.

A WELL MERITED PUNISHMENT.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Rahimutbee, a Mahomedan girl, aged seventeen years, was charged by Inspector Mayers, before Mr. S. B. Spencer, acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, with stealing gold and silver ornaments of the value of Rs. 494, belonging to her father, Khodabux Eda, a Mahomedan, residing at Parel. One Syed Rusool, a Mahomedan, was charged with receiving, concealing, and disposing of the stolen property. Khodabux Eda and his daughter Rahimutbee resided together. On the morning of the 25th August last, Khodabux went to his work as usual, leaving his daughter at home. When he returned at 1 p.m. for his midday meal, he found his daughter had disappeared. He made inquiries, and on information received, he examined his box and found the ornaments had been abstracted therefrom. He made a report to the police, who arrested Rahimutbee four days after the theft, with a portion of the stolen ornaments on her person. She made a statement, which led to the arrest of Syed Rusool in his house at Parel. On the Rusool's house being searched, the remaining property was recovered from under the fire place concealed between two tiles. After the evidence was recorded, Rahimutbee made a long statement, in the course of which she said that accused Rusool, who lived at the back of her father's house, induced her to commit the theft and also to run away with him to his native place. She stole some petty articles belonging to her father and gave them to Rusool, who sold them for Rs. 50. On the 25th August last during the absence of her father, Rusool came to her and enticed her from her father's house. She abstracted the ornaments from the box and then they both left the place. They wandered from place to place for four days and eventually she was arrested by the police. Syed Rusool, the receiver of the property, admitted his guilt. The magistrate convicted both the accused. As complainant did not wish to press the charge against his daughter, she was sentenced to a day's imprisonment. Syed Rusool was ordered to be rigorously imprisoned for four months.

DEATH OF MR. N. S. PARAKH.—It is with regret we have to record the death, which occurred on Monday last, at his residence, in Girgaum Back Road, of Mr. Nusserwanji Shapurji Parakh, at the ripe old age of seventy-five years. The deceased gentleman belonged to the respectable family of Parakhs, who in the early part of the present century, carried on extensive business with China and other countries, in partnership with Shah Tulsidas Kalamoody, a renowned merchant in days gone by. Mr. Parakh was descended from Mr. Manekji Sorabji Edulji Parakh, who died in September 1824. For nearly fifty years the firm traded with the Far East and the Malabar Coast and were owners of two sailing ships, called the Helen and the Cornwall. The forefathers of the late gentleman were prominent in all public movements, and their names were seen in almost every subscription list of any note. In 1827 when Mountstuart Elphinstone retired from the governorship of Bombay, the large sum of Rs. 2,26,172 was subscribed by the public in order to commemorate his name in a fitting manner for his services to this Presidency, and the Elphinstone Institution was established in this connection. Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy the first Baronet, (then Mr. J. Jeejeebhoy) put down the sum of Rs. 7,000, and one of the contributors was Mr. Shapurjee Sorabjee Parakh, the father of Mr. Nusserwanjee. The firm was wound up in 1831; but it was resuscitated by Messrs. Nusservanjee and Pestonjee, sons of Shapurjee, who maintained the prestige of the house by keeping up trading communications with China and the coast. Their brother, Mr. Cursetjee, having died in 1840, the partnership was dissolved, and Mr. Nusserwanji then led a retired life, investing his large fortune in landed properties, the chief of which lies on the north side of Girgaum Back Road. The deceased gentleman leaves behind him two sons and two daughters, and one of the latter is married to Mr. Merwanjee, the eldest son of Mr. H. M. Mody, the well known Parsee millionaire of Hongkong.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. MR. JUSTICE TYABJI.)

SUIT ON A MUTUAL, CURRENT, AND OPEN ACCOUNT.

MOWJI LAKHAMSI *vs.* HANSRAJ JETHA AND OTHERS.

IN this suit the plaintiff who, along with the third, fourth, fifth and sixth defendants was partner in the firm of Bhimsey Valji and Co., sued to recover from the first three defendants who were the partners in the firm of Megji Shamji and Co., the sum of Rs. 9,551-5-3 being the sum due by the defendants' firm to the plaintiff's on a mutual, current, and open account. The Hon. Mr. Scott and Mr. Vicaji, instructed by Messrs. Jahangir and Seervai, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Starling and Mr. F. Sorabji Taleyarkhan, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, represented the first three defendants. The other defendants did not appear.

The plaintiff stated that until the month of Ashad, 1949, be and the 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th defendants carried on business in Bombay in partnership under the name of Bhimsey Valji and Co. The first three defendants carried on business as merchants under the name of Megji Shamji and Co. Both the firms had mutual dealings with each other which were recorded in a mutual, current, and open account in the books of the firm of Bhimsey Valji and Co. The latter firm stopped payment in Ashad, 1949, and there was then due to them by the firm of Megji Shamji & Co., on the said mutual account, a considerable sum which with interest calculated up to the end of the year amounted to Rs. 7,745-13-3. The said sum had not yet been paid. On 14th July, 1893, the 3rd and 4th defendants were adjudicated insolvents on their own petition, and on the 26th July, 1893, the plaintiff and the 5th and 6th defendants were adjudicated insolvents on the petition of creditors. In 1896, the plaintiff succeeded in settling with the creditors of the firm of Bhimsey Valji and Co. by means of a composition deed. The plaintiff alone provided the funds for the settlement. In April, 1896, the plaintiff procured revocation of the order adjudicating him and the 5th defendant, insolvents. In September, the petition of the 3rd and 4th defendants was dismissed. The 6th defendant was the only member of the firm who now remained an adjudicated insolvent. The defendants other than, the first two, having declined to join the plaintiff in suing, were made party defendants. The plaintiff therefore prayed that the first three defendants, as representing the firm of Megji Shamji and Co., may be decreed to pay to the plaintiff as representing the firm of Bhimsey Valji and Co., the said sum of Rs. 9,551-5-3, and that the first three defendants may be decreed to pay the costs of the suit.

The first three defendants in their joint written statement contended that the plaintiff was not entitled to maintain the suit, that it was barred by limitation, and that they were not indebted to the plaintiff in the sum claimed or any part thereof. The firm of Megji Valji and Co., carried on business at Jalna. Sholapore, and other up-country stations, and the dealings between that firm and the firm of Bhimsey Valji and Co., consisted of the former consigning to the latter in Bombay seeds and other produce for sale and return on their account. The said dealings were not in the nature of mutual and current dealings as alleged in the plaint. On an inspection of the books of account of the plaintiff, a sum of Rs. 102 would be found due to the defendants. The defendants were not aware that the whole of the creditors of Bhimsey Valji. & Co., had been settled with or that the plaintiff provided funds for such settlement. They submitted that the suit ought to be dismissed with costs. The plaintiff in his evidence stated that the amount claimed was due on account of certain *kabalas* entered into by his firm on behalf of the defendants' firm. After the plaintiff had been examined, his lordship, by consent of the parties, referred the matter to the commissioner to take accounts of transactions between the firms in the plaint mentioned, and ascertain amount due from one to the other having regard to the question of limitation, and whether the defendants had given authority for the *kabalas* now claimed. Costs and further directions reserved.

UNDELIVERED LETTERS.

THE following is a list of unclaimed letters lying at the Bombay General Post Office :—

Acklom, Miss
Allix, Maurice
Ardesar Khoosro Irani
Bean P H
Black, Sid
Boyd, W H
Bunting, Mr
Captain, P
Chitale, V N, Dr
Clarke, H M
Compton, H
Conder, Dr
Fairweather, W, Madame
Fearn, Blanche, Miss
Ford, E
Forrest, E
Foster, W
Fowhe, R W
Fraser, J, Mrs
Fulmamoikar, A N
Gover, Miss
Hill, A P, Mrs
Holloway, G C
Hopkinson, Ellsworth S
Hurst, William P
James, H
Kitto, Miss
Liddly, Boustead
Mahomed Hoomaidi
Manenvrier Pierre
McLinton, C
Mitchell, H C
Mookerjee, H D
Mookerjee, J C
O'Brien R
O'Meara, Connell
Phelben, A, Mrs
Pandova, Nath Singha
Pomeroy, E A
Poonager, H S
R Ray Chaudhuri
Rahimbhoy Mohomed
Rushwaldy, Fani
S N Cooper
Spiers, Elizabeth
Stroth, Edwards
Taylor, E Davies, Mrs
Taylor, T E
Vage, R
Vaughan, John
Verbeck, Charles
Vogt, C J H R
Warden, L E
Watkins, W R

GREAT excitement was caused among the Changla Gali Class on Thursday night by an urgent wire requiring the two Class Maxim guns to be sent off at once to the Rawalpindi arsenal. The reasons for this urgent indent were not forthcoming, but it was, of course, taken as pointing to active service in South Africa.

MR PARGITER, Officiating District and Sessions Judge of Alipore, near Calcutta, has delivered judgment in a case in which a girl of twelve, daughter of a Pleader of the Sealdah Small Cause Court, was married on one day to two men selected by two different guardians. One of the bridegrooms was the girl's own choice, and she married him with the consent of one of her guardians. Hearing of this marriage, the other guardians took the girl to his house, brought a registrar and married the girl to another man whom she has not yet seen. The Judge, in view of the complicated nature of the case, referred the parties to the Civil Court for the establishment of marital rights, ordering the girl in the meantime to be placed in the custody of the Translator of the Court.

AT Mandalay on Tuesday a Burmese woman, who had a disagreement with her husband whom she believed was carrying on an intrigue, took up a knife and cut his ears off. The man was taken to hospital and the woman, after great difficulty, was got hold of by the police and taken to prison.

A EUROPEAN, named McNicholas, a pensioned Conductor of the Bengal Ordnance Department, who had lived a secluded life for the past ten years, was found drowned in the Shoolay Tank, Bangalore. No foul play is suspected, as on his person were found 88 rupees in cash, an Agra Bank receipt for Rs. 4,000, and a Post Office Savings bank-book with Rs. 222 to his credit. It is presumed that he, in the course of a walk round the tank bund, overbalanced himself and fell in.

A SPECIAL telegram to the "Singapore Free Press," dated Hongkong, 23rd August, states that China expresses her willingness to grant a French concession at Nanking, provided that France settles with England and Italy their various claims to the right to construct railways from Hanchow to Ningpo, from Peking to Shansi, and from Canton to the western borders of Kwanghi, all of which are continuations of projected British systems. The Chinese Government also consents to permit the establishment of Italian schools within China.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.
FOR health, beauty, and luxury, use the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, which, Lady Constance Howard writes, is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Cathurst, Countess Clanwilliam, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others, delicately perfumed. Warning. When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that name and figure-head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists Grocers, &c.

DEWAN BAHADUR MANIBHAI JASBHAI ON VERNACULARS.

THE "Indian Daily Telegraph" of Lucknow takes a warm and sympathetic review of Dewan Bahadur Manibhai's Memorandum on our Vernaculars as Media of Elementary Instruction." It says :—To Dewan Bahadur Manibhai Jasbhai belongs a great deal of the credit attaching to Baroda, the Premiership of which he vacated two or three years ago for being foremost among the protected Indian States from an educational standpoint. For many years Mr. Manibhai has been in the front rank of Indian educationalists, and not only Baroda but other States also, have reason to be grateful for his signal services to the cause of enlightenment within their borders, both directly as an administrator and indirectly as an Indian statesman, whose influence in Western India has been as unique as it has been valuable during the last twenty years. The Dewan Bahadur is devoting a large part of his leisure, now that he has relinquished administrative cares, to the cause of education generally. The valuable memorandum in which he appealed to his Hindu fellow-countrymen to make definite and systematic advance in the direction of female instruction has now been followed by what may be regarded as a still more important treatise on "The Vernaculars as Media of Elementary Instruction and the Development of Veracular Literature with Special Reference to Technical Education." He does not seek to revive in these pages the battle of the vernaculars so far as it relates to University teaching, but confines himself to suggesting improvements in the school curriculum up to the matriculation standard and the development of vernacular literature. There are, as he says, two distinct sets of students to be dealt with. First those who seek to acquire an English education, and secondly those who do not go beyond the vernacular. As to the latter he urges a considerable revision and augmentation of the course of primary education; in the case of the former he contends that the vernaculars should be much more largely used than at present as the medium of elementary instruction.

No one will dispute Mr. Manibhai's main proposition that the mother tongue is the natural medium for conveying ideas to the young at first hand, and that the employment of a foreign tongue adds an element of difficulty to the ordinary processes of learning. Dr. Mackichan, the Principal of Wilson College, in a lecture on the vernaculars a few years back, remarked that the study of a variety of subjects "through a very imperfectly understood foreign tongue is bound to be a slow, a laborious bewildering process." Mr. Manibhai is able to quote both in the text and in carefully compiled appendices a very large amount of expert testimony in the same direction, and in favour of a greater utilisation of the Vernaculars as a media of instruction. He is also able to show that the neglect of this media is contrary to the general principles laid down by the Court of Directors as to the education of the people and re-affirmed with greater knowledge and experience by the Education Commission over which Sir William Hunter presided. In its resolution on the report of the Commission the Government of India commended to the careful consideration of Local Governments and educational authorities the proposal that English should only be taught in Middle Schools as a language, and even there only as an extra subject when there is a demand for it and a readiness to pay for such instruction. But no definite directions were laid down on the subject, as the Commission were of opinion that the decision as to what language should be the medium of instruction in secondary or middle schools must depend on local circumstances and hence be left to local decision. It is to be feared that this latitude has been in many instances misused, and that there has been too little attempt to meet the case of those who spend so much time over acquiring the medium of the secondary education, instead of spending the time on acquiring the education itself. But even in the case of those who intend to go through a course of higher study, the method is open to objection, since the authorities agree that the superstructure of the knowledge of English is best laid on the basis of a good vernacular education. The results of such a system are far from satisfactory, and Mr. Manibhai has expert opinion behind him in describing the neglect of the vernaculars as being to some extent responsible for the failure of University graduates to enrich to any marked degree the literature of their mother tongue by translations from European books or by original work. Unfortunately so far from a compensating gain being secured in a readier acquaintance with English, the reverse is the case. Sir Alfred Croft has asserted that "Glaring faults of idiom and of pronunciation, which sometimes disfigure the speech of even highly educated men, are in most cases due to the fact that they have begun to learn English under junior masters imperfectly acquainted with the language, and that early training has rendered those faults ineradicable." Side by side with this expert evidence, we may put the statement of Principal Mackichan that he has known boys "who had completed a high Vernacular education before entering upon the study of English, simply walk through the higher standards of the High School two in a year, and matriculate in the fourth rank at the University examination."

Having established by the quotation of expert evidence the need for reform Mr. Manibhai proceeds to discuss the directions in which these reforms can be best attained. He proposes that in the schools of the Bombay Presidency to which he specially refers throughout the pamphlet, the study of English should commence two years later than is at present the case, thus giving the first two years in an Anglo-Vernacular School for an exclusive study of the vernacular, the study of English not being begun until the age of twelve or thirteen was reached. Under this plan a boy would reach the fifth Anglo-Vernacular standard just at the same time as now, the only difference being that he would have had a three years' instead of a five years' course of English. While heartily endorsing Sir Alfred Croft's suggestion that the details of reforms in the direction of the increased utilisation of the vernacular should be submitted in each Province to the judgment of an Educational Conference in which head masters should be represented, Mr. Manibhai makes a number of valuable suggestions as to the basis of discussion. He urges that the subjects which under the present system are taught to the High School students in English should in the first instance be all taught to them in the Vernacular, and then revised by means of English text-books. This would necessitate the recasting of the standards of the middle and high stages of instruction. One difficulty in the way of the adoption of these proposals is the lack of suitable text-books in the Vernacular and the supply of this deficiency is amongst the subjects which Mr. Manibhai proposes be submitted to Educational Conferences.

But after all the use of the Vernaculars as the ground work for subsequent English education and as the media of secondary instuction is not the only, or indeed, the chief purpose of this suggestive memorandum. The author urges that the primary education imparted in India should be greatly improved and extended, and here again he is only asking that the principles laid down by Government, upon the authority of expert advice, should be carried to their logical conclusion. He takes as his text the recommendation of the Education Commission that primary education should be regarded not as a portion of instruction leading up to the University, but as the instruction of the masses through the vernacular in such subjects as will best fit them for their position in life. This recommendation received the hearty approval of the Government of India, and is in accord with the principles laid down by the Court of Directors half a century ago; but as Mr. Manibhai says there has not been due and sustained action to give effect to the policy, and the prominent defect of the primary system continues to be the absence of technical instruction calculated to be of real practical benefit to the bulk of the children. Up to a certain point there must be a basis of general knowledge on which to build the technical education, but after that point is reached the present dead level of uniformity should give place to a system of bifurcation based on the future means of livelihood of the students. Mr. Manibhai suggests that the bifurcation should be threefold: agricultural, commercial, and industrial. As to the former there has been some little progress since the agricultural conference over which Sir Edward Buck presided in 1890 called the attention of Government to the necessity of the instruction of the masses in the elementary principles underlying the occupation upon which nine-tenths of the population depend for a livelihood. But a very great deal still remains to be done. Similarly in regard to the commercial and industrial bifurcations proposed by Mr. Manibhai, the Education Commission specially recommended the inclusion in the primary standards of the elements of natural and physical science, and their application to health and industrial arts. But extremely little advance has been made in this direction. Propounding the question whether the Vernaculars are fit vehicles for the conveyance of the extended curriculum which he recommends, Mr. Manibhai gives an emphatic affirmative answer, and supports it by quotations from such authorities as Sir William Jones, Doctor Cust, and Sir W. Monier Williams. The absence of a satisfactory Vernacular literature is, as he points out, largely due to the want of a demand, and various suggestions are made for its improvement and development. He urges the formation of special public funds as auxiliary to Government contributions toward the translation of requisite text books, and especially invites the co-operation of native rulers in this patriotic work. With regard to the general financial aspects of his proposed reforms, Mr. Manibhai points out that some of them merely require change of method without necessitating any additional pecuniary burden; others are so important as to justify the demand for increased expenditure as well as for the assistance of welthy Indians. For the purpose of bringing to a focus the reforms he adumbrates—Mr. Manibhai suggests the formation of an Association whose duty it would be to settle the plan of campaign and move Government to take action. Unfortunately, so far as the part of India which Mr. Manibhai knows best is concerned, attention is still largely diverted by the calamities of continued plague and prospective scarcity. But in spite of this obstacle in the path of reform it may be hoped that Mr. Manibhai's proposals will evoke sympathetic response from his fellow-countrymen, and will receive the attention from Government which they are entitled to secure alike from their practicability, their intrinsic importance and the distinguished public record of their author.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's s s Wardha, 2,563 tons, Captain J Anderson, will sail to-day, for Rangoon in ballast.

THE Japan Mail steam ship Co's Steamer Kagoshima Maru, 3,709 tons, Captain R Nunome, will sail to-day, for Japan, &c., with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s s Ellora, 1,963 tons, Captain H A Sharpe, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Rangoon, 24th August with a cargo of rice.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's s s Erz Franz Ferdinand, 3,560 tons, Captain G Nicolich, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Trieste, 15th August, with a general cargo and passengers.

THE Hansa Line s s Hochheimer, 1,810 tons, Captain Szymanski, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Newport, 10th August, with a cargo of coal. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Glade and Co.

THE B I S N Co's s s Rajpootana, 1,311 tons, Captain C Scott, sailed yesterday, for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr and Mrs Bezonjee, Mr and Mrs Manockjee, Dr K C Heerjee Mr J V Alvores, Miss Leshmon and 30 deck.

THE Anchor Line s s Britannia, 1,959 tons, Captain A Lindquister, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Glasgow, 1st Aug. via Manchester and Liverpool, with a general cargo and Mr and Mrs H L Alexander and Mrs Canty as passengers. The vessel is consigned to Messrs W and A Graham and Co.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—SEPTEMBER 7.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
B	Akbar	1441	Baldwin	Mauritius		H Cassum
C	Wardha	2563	Anderson		8-9	M M & Co
D	Booldana	2167	Croft		7-9	M M & Co
K	Ancona	1818	Irving	Singapore		H C Jocsub
L	Satrunji	517	Ahmed			Sphrd & Co
M	Onipenta	3420	Watkeys	Rangoon	7-9	M M & Co
O	Clan Stuart	1355	Simpson			F M & Co
Q	Crescent	105	Hannah	Calcutta	11-9	H Cassum

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
1	Tientsin	2555	Fox	China	10-9	P & O S N Co
3	D Balduino	3044	Canepa	Genoa	12-9	F Baldovino
4	Bisagno	1509	Dante	Hongkong	9-9	F Baldovino
5	Matin	2433	Archer	Calcutta		K N & Co
6	Shannon	2380	Wibmer	Aden	16-9	P & O S N Co
9	Kagoshima Maru	2710	Nunome	Japan	8-9	N Y Kaisha
12	Caledonia	3529	Gordon	London	9-9	P & O S N Co
15	Mogul	2354	Bailey	Dunkirk	9-9	M M & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Dwarka ...789 Livingston ...K'chee ...9-8 M M & Co

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

Parramatta ...1886 tons gross ...P & O S N Co

* Probable date of departure.

Time Ball drops at Prince's Dock at Noon, or Greenwich meantime, 7h. 8m. 44·3s.

The Time Ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba meantime, or 8h. 8m. 44·30 of Greenwich meantime.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
7	Britania s	Lindquister	Glasgow, Aug. 1.
	Franz Ferdinand s	Nicolich	Trieste, Aug. 15.
	Ellora s	Sharpe	Rangoon, Aug. 24.
	Hochheimer s	Szymanski	Newport, Aug. 10.
	Simla s	Bamber	Persian Gulf.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
7	Kilwa s	Nielsen	Persian Gulf.
	Rajpootana s	Scott	Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday steamer Wardha, Anderson, for Rangoon.
" Kagoshima Maru, Nunome, for Japan, &c.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Britannia, for Marseilles and Liverpool.
" Ellora, for Coast ports and Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 7.

FROM GLASGOW.

City of London s—12 bales printing paper, John Dickinson and Co ; 45 cases whisky, Eduljee Bezonjee.
Scotia s—30 cases chemicals Monordass Manjee.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

City of London s—55 drums chemicals, Nardass Munjee ; 5 casks glassware, Mohomed Ebrahim.
Wistow Hall s—4 cases cutlery, &c. M Hajee Abco ; 25 case stationery, Moosa Hajee Hassum.

FROM LONDON.

Valetta s—7 packages photo chemicals, Babaji Sakaram.
Caledonia s—1 cases soap and 9 cases biscuit, Allybhoy Sum ssodin ; 18 cases medicine, D Dadabhoy ; 2 cases writing paper, Hussonally Abdoolally.
Egypt s—9 cases medicine, Moolchand Weljee.
Peninsular s—22 packages medicine, B R Billimoria.

FROM HAMBURG.

Rheinfels s—3 casks rectified spirit, Eduljee Bezonjee ; 12 hogsheads rectified spirit, Dhunjibhoy Cowasjee.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Caledonia s—70 cases wine, Phipson and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 7.

FOR HAMBURG.

Mogul s—50 cwt gum J. Premjee ; 120 bales cotton fly, Isaac Wright and Co, 112 bales cotton waste and fly, Tyabjee and Co, 4000 cwt crushed bones Mooljee Jamali.

FOR GENOA.

D. Balduino s—321 cwt linseed, Ralli Brothers 500 cwt linseed Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Britannia s—23500 cwt wheat, 500 cwt teelseed 4000 cwt ground nuts, 1840 cwt poppy-seed, 12000 cwt caster seed, 2000 cwt linseed Ralli Brothers.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bisagno s—6 cwt peacock feathers 1 case soffron, Abdoo Cader Esmalljee ; 143 cwt raisins Quan Lun Hoo 2 cwt bysabolla, M M Essabhoy 200 bales twist David and Co.
Tientsin s—500 bales twist Sassoon J David and Co. ; 200 bales twist Framjee Sons and Co. ; 100 bales twist ; Tang Talk and Co. ; 117 cwt claves, N Meonal.
Kagoshima Maru s—100 bales twist, Yaushen and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Tientsin s—50 bales twist Data and Co ; 200 bales twist R Canjee and Co ; 200 bales twist, Talati and Co ; 36 bales twist, M Harkchand.
Parramatta s—170 bales cotton, R Canjee and Co ; 70 bales twist Mr B Mody ; 70 bales twist, R F Kavarana ; 70 bales twist, J B Bhesania ; 325 bales twist, Talati and Co ; 89 bales cotton, R S N Talati and Co.
Tientsin s—24 bales piece goods, Finlay Muir and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Tientsin s—21 bales Skins, Ahmed Abdulla and Co.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, 7th September, 1899.

1. There will be no shooting at Colaba on Saturday 9th instant.

T. W. CUFFE, Captain,
Commanding B. L. H.

Bracing!
Refreshing!
Invigorating!
ADD A LITTLE
Condy's Fluid
TO YOUR BATH.
The effect is magical.
All Substitutes are inferior.
Insist on Buying "CONDY'S FLUID."

OVERTIRED?
Take a Bath to which a little
CONDY'S FLUID
Has been added.
The Invigorating Effect is Simply Magical.
ALL SUBSTITUTES ARE INFERIOR.
Insist on buying "CONDY'S FLUID."

NOVELTY THEATRE.
TWO NIGHTS ONLY!
MONDAY AND TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11TH AND 12TH.
GRAND DRAMATIC AND SHAKESPEARIAN RECITAL.
MR. KENYON MUSGRAVE,
late proprietor, Sign of the Cross Co., and the celebrated Shakespearian Actress.
MISS BARBARA FENN.
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11TH.
For the first time in Bombay, the great Scenes from Wilson Barrett's Immortal Drama.
THE SIGN OF THE CROSS ! !
To be followed by " MY FRIEND JARLET. "
"The courting of Lady Anne," from RICHARD III, the farce.
"BROWNE THE MARTYR," ETC.,
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12TH.
The famous letter murder, Banquet, Ghost, Sleep, walking and other scenes from
MACBETH,
To be followed by He and She, etc., etc.,
MAGNIFICENT CUSTUMES, ARMS, ARMOUR AND JEWELS.
Plan at SOUNDY'S.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

For Assurance of European and Native Gentlemen.
SCOTTISH METROPOLITAN
LIFE ASSURANCE Co. LD.
Popular and Modern Policies.
LOW RATES. ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
SPECIALTY.—A COMBINED LIFE AND ACCIDENT POLICY AT A RATE LESS THAN THAT CHARGED BY MOST COMPANIES FOR A LIFE POLICY ONLY.
Vacancies for District and Local Agents.
CHIEF OFFICE FOR INDIA,
10, Church Gate Street, Bombay.
W. SWAN PARKER, Manager.

PIANOFORTES
FOR
POONA SEASON, 1899,
ERARD PIANOFORTES.
FOR SALE,
FOR HIRE,
FOR HIRE-PURCHASE.
BLUTHNER PIANOFORTES.
FOR SALE,
FOR HIRE,
FOR HIRE-PURCHASE.
SCHIEDMAYER
AND SOEHNES PIANOFORTES.
FOR SALE,
FOR HIRE,
FOR HIRE-PURCHASE.

TUNING.—The well-being and durability of a piano depending in a great degree on the regularity of tuning by qualified tuners, MARCKS and Co., LD., have made special arrangements this season for the continual stay, at Poona, of a thoroughly competent man. Special attention is invited to the fact that Marcks and Co., Ld., possess special facilities for undertaking large repairs to pianos that have been years in use. They are able to restore them to a condition almost as good as new.

MARCKS AND CO., LD.,
IMPORTERS OF HIGH CLASS PIANOS.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WARDEN & CO.,
BOMBAY AND KURRACHEE.
BASIL MISSION MANGALORE ROOF TILES,
"MINTON" PAVEMENT, DADO AND ORNAMENTAL TILES,
WHITE GLAZED TILES,
NINE ELMS PORTLAND CEMENT,
MARBLE PAVEMENT TILES AND SLABS.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES. Working, Drawings and Estimates furnished on Application.
WARDEN & Co.,
27. HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

"THE TAJ MAHAL OF INDIA."
The grandest structure in the world, over 200 feet high, of Pure White Marble, (inlaid with precious stones) said to have cost over ONE HUNDRED LAKHS. Considered one of the SEVEN WONDERS.
(MODELS OF THE FINEST ITALIAN MARBLE.)
At Rs. 12, 18, 25, 35, 45 & 50 each.
☞ These Models are renowned for beauty of workmanship, perfect finish, and durability. Each Model SECURELY PACKED for transit at a small charge.
" MODELS OF INDIAN SERVANTS."
(IN COMPLETE SETS OF ONE DOZEN)
N. B.—These are PERFECT MINIATURES of Indian Servants, beautifully modelled and painted in natural colours.
Price per set Rs. 4-8 (INCLUSIVE OF BOX AND PACKING.)
TERMS:—Cash or V. P. Post.
⁂ LIBERAL DISCOUNT ON 12 DOZEN AND OVER.
THE CELEBRATED
MORADABAD BRASS-WARE.
(ENAMELLED IN COLOURS.)
We have opened an agency for the supply of the above goods, in either large or small quantities, at the most favourable rates—Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Napkin Rings, Ash Trays, Candle Sticks (Of various designs), Toilet Sets Vases also numberless other articles both ornamental and useful. Selections made up (suitable for presentation or otherwise) at Rs. 10, 15, 25, 35, 50, 100 and upwards. Warranted to give every satisfaction. Goods exchanged free of charge, if not found thoroughly up to the mark. PACKING AS ACTUALLY INCURRED.
TERMS.—Cash or R. R. by V. P. Post.
⁂ 25 per cent must in all cases accompany V. P. orders—balance being drawn for against R. R.
ANDERSON, KING & CO'S. Agency,
MORADABAD (N.-W. P.)

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

INDIAN INDUSTRY.
Being a Reprint of Two Letters to the
"Bombay Gazette"
And a Lecture by
BEAUCLERK
Price 8 Annas.
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE,"
MESSRS. THACKER and Co., Ld., Bombay.
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REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with [illegible] and promptitude and, lowest rates, Special terms [illegible] large contracts. Apply to The Manager "Bombay Gazette" [illegible] Press.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 7.

AT yesterday's allotments of Indian Council Bills in London there were Rs. 27,60,000 allotted to Calcutta, Rs. 8,50,000 to Bombay, and Rs. 2,80,000 to Madras, the rate obtained being 1s. 4d., whereat 2 per cent. of the tenders were accepted, Of Telegraphic Transfers Rs. 1,10,000 were allotted to Calcatta, at 1s. 4 1-32d. at which 2 per cent. of the tenders were accepted. Extra allotments were made of Bills, amounting to Rs. 60,000 on Bombay, and Rs. 20,000 on Madras, at 1s. 4 1-32d. It was announced that Rs. 50,00,000 will be allotted next week. Exchange on India at 30 days' sight was unaltered at 1s. 3 13-16d.

Consols further dropped yesterday, the quotation being 204 15-16 ex. French Rents were 1-4 per cent. lower, at 100 1-2; but Paris Exchange on London was unchanged at 25·24 1-2 fcs. Indian Sterling Loan remained at 112 1-2, and 3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Securities at £65 1-8. Bar Silver was 1-16d. lower, at 27 5-16d. per oz.; while in New York the metal was unchanged at 59 3-8 cents, with demand Exchange on London 1-8 cent higher, at 4·86 3-8 dollars. Some £200,000 in gold was paid into the Bank of England.

Spot Mid.-Americans Cotton was 1-32d. higher in Liverpool yesterday, at 3 1-2d. per lb.; East Indians were unchanged; and American arrivals advanced 1-64d. in all positions, extreme quotations being 3 7-16d for September and 3 23-64d. for January-February delivery. The market closed firm, Surats quiet. The day's Sales were 10,000 bales, including 100 bales Surats. The Manchester market closed quiet but steady.

Ready Mid.-Uplands advanced 1-16 cent. in New York yesterday, to 6 5-16 cents per lb.; December Futures 12 points, to 6·12 cents., and march 11 points, to 6·23 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 20,000 bales.

Locally, the Cotton market has been dull in tone to-day, with a small business passing, and that solely on account of the mills, whose purchases were 800 bales. For "Good" Broach, March delivery Rs. 191 per candy was quoted; for "Fully Good" Bengal, for January, Rs. 150; for "Good" Bhawnagar, for May, Rs. 162.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.—Prices are 1 an. lower all round; markets quiet.

The weather and crop reports wired from the districts this morning were more encouraging, showing as they did that there had been a slight but a general fall of rain throughout the districts, ranging from 2 inches 68 cents at Bellary, to 5 cents at Khamgaon. More rain, however, is still much needed.

The Receipts of produce into Bombay, yesterday, were as follows :—

Cotton	454	bales.
Wheat	23,572	cwts.
Linseed	2,124	"
Rapeseed	4,462	"
Poppyseed	579	"
Castorseed	3,370	"
Rice	95,049	"

FREIGHTS continue quiet, with a small enquiry.

EXCHANGE opened steady in tone this morning at 1s. 4d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 47-32d. for three months' sight Credits, at which level rates remained all day with a little business reported, and closed as follows :—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 4d.	per Rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4d.	"
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 4 7-32d.	"
Francs	1·70 1-2	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Rates have continued steady at 97 7-8 for Money, for 3 1-2 per cents, 97 13-16 for Account, and 92 1-2 for Threes.

MONEY.—The Directors of the Bank of Bombay this afternoon raised the Bank's rate to 5 per cent.

SHARES.—There has been a downward movement in prices to-day, albeit quite a slight one, as disclosed by our revised list.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

SEPTEMBER 7.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey. perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect, Via Amoor, perfect

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect. Via Bhamo, interrupted.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.

Telegrams for Nicaragua are subject to censure at San Juan del Sur and accepted at sender's risk.

Telegrams for Panaj Negros (Visayas Islands) are subject to same restrictions as Philippine Islands but are subject to censure of United States Government.

Censure imposed at Manila (Philippines) on all telegrams containing political news.

Cable Iquique Valparaiso interrupted.

Cable Jamaica Colon interrupted.

Cable Accra Grand Bassam interrupted.

Line Saigon Bangkok right

Communication with Columbia restored but telegrams are subject to delay of some hours.

Cable between Cheik said and Perim interrupted.

Telegrams for Yemen are forwarded from Perim by boat.

Bhemo route to China interrupted beyond the British frontier between Tali and Tsuhsiung.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 6th September, 1899.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 dex. Fah.	inches	29·850
Temperature of the Air	degrees	83·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer		76·7
Dew Point		74·2
Relative humidity of Air		0·746
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)		1·6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m.) next day	degrees	87·7
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)		78·0
General Directions of wind*		WNW, ESE, WNW, NW.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours*	miles	212
Fall of Rain		0·01
Total fall during month		0·01
year		32·42
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 7th Sept.		0·00

*From midnight to midnight.

N. A. F. MOOS.
Director, Government Observatory.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT.—SEPTEMBER 6.

10 p.m.	81·3

THURSDAY.—SEPTEMBER 7.

6 a.m.	79·0
10 a.m.	82·4
2 p.m.	84 6
4 p.m.	85·0

RAILWAY RETURNS.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Open 1,491 1-4 Miles.

The following is the Statement of Traffic, week ending 6th August, 1899.

	Coaching Traffic.	Merchandize and Mineral Traffic.	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total Earnings.
	Receipts.	Receipts.		
Total	Rs. 1,10,433	Rs. 3,85,367	Rs. 6,239	Rs. 5,02,039
Corresponding week last year. Open 1,491½ Miles.	—	—	—	4,06,950

Increase .... Rs. 95,119

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for Week ended 19th August, 1899, on 461 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	68,000	1,46,000	4,000	2,18,000
Or per mile of Railway	147	317	9	473
For previous 6 weeks of half-year	5,21,307	9,41,348	22,214	14,84,899
Total for 7 weeks	5,89,307	10,87,348	26,244	17,02,899
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	66,569	1,23,991	988	1,91,438
Per mile of Ry. do.	144	269	2	415
Total to corresponding date do.	5,39,033	10,53,285	27,787	16,20,105

Increase for the week	Rs. 26,512
Ditto to date	82,794

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

PARAKH—September 4, at his residence, near Girgaum Back Road, Mr. Nusserwanji Shapurji Parakh, aged 75 years. Deeply regretted. China papers, please copy.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

CLANCY—PINK—September 5, at the M E Church, Allahabad, by the Rev Rockwell Clancy, brother of the bridegroom, the Rev Dennis Cranmer Clancy, to Ella Mary, youngest daughter of the late Henry Pink, S P G Mission, and Principal of Christ Church Schools, Cawnpore.

DEATH.

O'DONNELL—August 28, at Lansdowne, N-W P, of appendicitis, Pat, the beloved and only son of Major and Mrs A C O'Donnell, aged 7 years and 7 months.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

⁂ ALL communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to the Editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1899.

WHAT we said yesterday as to the strong probability that war is intended at the Colonial Office, and that the negotiations, such as they are, scarcely conceal the real intention, is confirmed by the telegram now to hand that the air is full of rumours of movements of troops, "due to the War Office warning forces which are likely to be required in case of hostilities." It is not to be supposed that the War Office would continue these warnings if hostilities were not imminent. The Transvaal Government, in its last despatches, seems to have made the singular admission that Great Britain has a right under the Convention to interfere in the internal affairs of the State to secure the franchise for the Uitlanders. That is what the statement telegraphed really comes to. Quite irrespective of any Convention, Great Britain would have a right to protect her subjects from oppression or ill-usage. But the Convention expressly exempts the South African Republic from any interference in her internal affairs. With respect to the question of suzerainty, the matter stands thus:—The Convention of 1881, while restoring autonomy to the Republic and declaring it independent in all internal matters, expressly reserved the suzerainty of Great Britain. As this claim seemed incompatible with the concession of independence, which it was the object of the Convention to restore, the Boer Government urged that it should be renounced, and that the Republic should be replaced in the position enjoyed before the annexation. The Orange Free State possesses absolute independence, the British Government having renounced any claim to sovereignty. After long negotiations in London a new Convention, that of 1884, was substituted for that of 1881. The word "suzerainty" was of set purpose omitted, the British Government only reserving the right to veto, within six months, any treaty between the Republic and a Foreign Power to which objection might be taken. Lord Derby, in a letter to the delegates of the Republic, who asked that the claim of suzerainty should be expressly renounced, stated that the omission of the claim from the Convention was a sufficient indication that the claims of Great Britain would henceforth be confined to the right of veto over foreign treaties during a period of six months after signature. Mr. Chamberlain set himself to read "suzerainty" back into the London Convention, from which it was deliberately omitted after protracted negotiations. The opinion of eminent English Queen's Counsel supports the contention of the Transvaal Government. It seems to be a tactical mistake for the Colonial Office to affect to ignore Lord Derby's written declaration that the omission of all reference to "suzerainty" signified the deliberate abandonment of that claim. There is no question of asserting suzerainty over the Orange Free State. As we go to press we receive from our Simla correspondent the details of the Indian Contingent for South Africa. Cavalry, Infantry, Artillery, and the Medical and Miscellaneous Corps, are to prepare for service in South Africa, fully equipped, at the shortest notice. Orders for mobilisation are expected as the result of the meeting to-day of the Cabinet in London.

AT a recent meeting of the Iron and Steel Institute in Manchester, some interesting information was forthcoming as to the prospect of India being able to recover her old position as a producer of iron and steel. Syed Ali Belgrami, Secretary to the Nizam's Government in the Public Works Department, Railways and Mines, in a very able paper showed that from time immemorial India had produced iron ore of the best quality, from which steel was manufactured and exported to the Far West. The raw material from which the world-famous Damascus blades were made came from a village in the Nizam's State. Iron ores, hematitic and magnetic, are to be found in many parts of that territory. Yellow and red ochres are also available. Large deposits of high grade magnetic ore exist in the immediate vicinity of an extensive coal field, yielding coal equal to the best produced in Bengal, while deposits of Cuddapah limestone, fifty feet deep, are on the spot. With the best iron ore, coal and limestone, within a ring fence, English—or Indian—capital and skilled supervision should find a large return, while giving back to India her old renown as a producer of the best steel. The old method of working, each village digging out the ore and smelting it on a small scale with charcoal could not compete with the products of the iron and steel foundries profiting by the latest discoveries of Western science. But, when the ore and the fuel and the flux are found nearly together, all that is required is capital and European skill and care to enable India to compete with the foreign producer. There is an abundant supply of more or less skilled labour, the cheapest in the world. India, said Mr. Belgrami, has always been the home of iron and steel manufacture, a fact attested by the enormous slag accumulation found all over the country; and there is no reason why, as a British dependency, English capital and English enterprise should not be forthcoming to restore her to her former position of one of the greatest iron-manufacturing countries of the East. We quite agree with him. Major Mahon, R. A., of Cossipore, contributed a careful paper on the possibility of manufacturing iron and steel in India at a profit. In his view, if it can be shown that suitable material can be worked into steel at a given centre in this country, at an outlay not exceeding the cost of producing steel in Europe and America, the Indian steel would start with an advantage equal to the freight and insurance on imported steel. He estimates this advantage at a minimum of 12s. a ton, rising at times to 18s. It would be necessary to deduct the freight from the selected centre to other ports in India, but that deduction would never equal the freight charges and insurance of competing foreign steel, which has to pay 5s. a ton to the Suez Canal Company.

Major Mahon points to a singular oversight. The limestones of India are not yet thoroughly explored, and it might be necessary for iron works such as he speaks of to obtain their supply from the coast of Burma, where quantities exist of limestone yielding 97 per cent. of carbonate. In the Major's opinion the neighbourhood of Calcutta would be the most suitable site for iron and steel works. With a large port frequented by shipping all the year round, a network of railways radiating in every direction, the Bengal coal and ore within 150 miles, and the Salem ore only 200 miles distant, the site would compare favourably with the conditions of manufacture in England and the North-Eastern States of America. England has to send to Barcelona on the Mediterranean coast of Spain for a large proportion of the ore worked up in the midland counties. Proximity to the sea and to a great centre of civilisation Major Mahon holds to be of paramount importance, especially in the East. The works should be on a large scale, capable of supplying the whole, or a large proportion, of the requirements of India as regards rails' sections and plates. He would place them on the Mutlah River at or below Port Canning, a site possessing many advantages, which will be greatly enhanced if it becomes, as is contemplated, the coal export depot for Bengal. The Steel Company should draw the supplies of coal from their own mines in Bengal and the supplies of ore in great part from the magnetic deposits of Salem, in the Madras Presidency, and to some extent from the argillaceous ores of Bengal. The Burmese coast would yield inexhaustible supplies of excellent limestone, which should be brought in the company's steamers specially designed for the trade. Not having the fear of Trades Union before his eyes, Major Mahon strongly recommends, as essential, the employment of labour-saving machinery, both for raising the mineral and in the final manufacture. To reduce the cost of importing ore from Madras the company should employ its own vessels, and send coal to the Southern Presidency as return cargo. As for the labour question, the native of India cannot compete with the European, being deficient in strength; but he is industrious, sober, and is not given to the vice of trades unionism. It is, moreover, to be borne in mind that Persians, Pathans and Ghaties are by no means deficient in strength, and adequate pay can always procure the services of any number required for work requiring great physical exertion.

A discussion followed the reading of these instructive papers and there was the usual divergence of expert opinion. Mr. H. Baureman, who had been employed by the Government of India to examine the prospects of establishing great iron works in India, was discouraged by the apparent absence of fluxing stone. As it happened, his experience of India was principally confined to those parts where limestone does not exist. He was not aware that it is to be found in vast quantities in the Nizam's Dominions, and on the coast of Burma. Mr. Price Williams spoke highly of the quality of the coal in the Deccan Kingdom, which he considers to be equal to average English coal though not so good as the Welsh. Now that the magnificent coal-fields in the interior of China are about to be exploited by English, German, French and Belgian Syndicates, while Russia is developing her extensive collieries in her South Eastern Provinces, and the completion of the Siberian Railway will bring to the sea coal equal to the best Welsh from the deposits in Eastern Siberia, it becomes a question of pressing importance for India to develop her mineral resources. She ought to suffice unto herself for the greater part of the iron and steel required from year to year to meet the growing requirements of an advancing civilization.

THE health of Bombay City is satisfactory, the mortality returns for the week ending on Tuesday showing the total number of deaths at 633, giving an annual death-rate of 38·24. This compares very favourably with last year's figures, when for the same week the death-rate was over 51 per 1000, and is also a fraction lower than the quinquennial average. There were two deaths due to enteric fever, and six fatal cases of measles. Remittent fever accounted for 62, while the mortality arising from pulmonary diseases is very heavy, totalling at 186. Thirty-six persons died from diarrhœa, dysentery claiming 21 victims. Plague is less severe than it was in 1898, and, with the exception of Mandvi and Kamatipura, the pestilence shows a slight tendency to decline. It cannot, however, be forgotten that the disease was first introduced into Bombay from Mandvi district, and the fact that the week under notice records an advance from 11 to 21 deaths is one which immediately attracts attention. The three successive epidemics, which have devastated the City, have started from that district, and, since plague first appeared in Bombay, Mandvi has never really been free from the disease. Again it is to the fore. The conditions which favour the survival of the virus of plague in Mandvi is a matter which recently formed the subject of reports from Mr. J. Leask, acting Medical Officer, and Dr. Cayley, the latter being of opinion that, apart from the storage of grain beneath dwelling houses and a consequent enormous rat population, the sanitary conditions of Mandvi are in every respect favourable for the prevalence of an epidemic disease of the type of plague. While it is quite possible the year has not sufficiently advanced as to allow of the rapid multiplication of the bacilli, yet it is incumbent upon the authorities to leave nothing undone to prevent a recrudesence.

IN the mofussil, sad to say, the district reports show the pestilence is gaining ground, despite the preventive measures which are being adopted. It is, however, encouraging to note that, generally throughout the Presidency, the people are becoming possessed of a growing faith in the efficacy of inoculation. In Nasik and Poona the people do not display any partiality for the operation, and elect to perish rather than be saved by inoculation. Ahmednagar reports a serious increase, eight wards out of twelve in the city being infected. The figures are 102 cases and 76 deaths as against 51 and 47. The Belgaum district reports 61 infected areas, but there is a decrease of 65 deaths, which is probably due to the inoculations which have been performed in Belgaum taluka. In the Bijapur district the people are submitting to the inoculation process, and at Kerur 1,608 operations were performed. At Broach the epidemic remains unchanged. An increase is reported from Dharwar district, but it is mainly attributable to several villages being attacked, while concealment of cases in Dharwar and Hubli have been discovered. The work of inoculation in this district is proceeding with undiminished vigour, Hubli recording 5,683 operations during the week. In Hyderabad (Sind) the infection has spread to every quarter of the town, and nearly 10,000 of the inabitants have left. Kaira and Kanara districts remain in the same position, but an increase is noted at Khandesh. In the Nasik district the cases rose from 470 to 635, and the deaths from 342 to 491. Seven additional villages have become infected, while in the Poona district nine more villages were added to the list of infected areas. The figures for Poona city decreased from 1,484 cases and 1,071 deaths to 1,397 and 1,059, while in the district they rose from 99 cases and 75 deaths to 201 cases and 138 deaths. In Satara district there is an increase, which is also the case in Surat district. Plague shows a decline in the Bhwindi taluka of Thana, and this is accountable for the decrease of deaths from 61 to 50. Kolaphur and Southern Maratha country continue to be severely oppressed with the pestilence, but the report gives no indication that the people are seeking to save their lives by resorting to inoculation.

THE victory of Flying Fox in the Doncaster St. Leger entitles that animal to rank as one of the equine heroes of the century. This is an age of records, and, in addition to joining the select band of triple-crowned heroes, he also won the rich Eclipse Stakes at Sandown in July. His three-year-old record is even more brilliant than that of Isinglass, who annexed this stake as a four-year-old, and the next year completed his triumphs at Ascot by winning that coveted trophy—the Gold Cup. The victory which Caiman gained over him as a two-year-old in the Middle Park Plate, at the time, led to great controversy as to the respective merits of the two animals. This year they met in the spring in the Two Thousand Guineas, when the American colt was decisively beaten. What distance separated the two in the St. Leger race we do not yet know, but this year's running has proved that Caiman's victory as a two-year-old was a fluke. The three-year-olds of the year may not be very high class, but Lord William Beresford's horse is more than useful. It only remains for Flying Fox to win the Gold Cup, and it is to be hoped he will be able to stand the strain of so severe a preparation. Apart from this year's hero Cyllene is accounted the best horse in England, and a meeting between these two animals would create intense interest among all followers of the Turf.

FROM Saturday, the 9th current, the mails for Europe, etc., will be shipped from the Apollo Bander, and late letters will be received at that post office from noon to 1-25 p.m.

AT the meeting of the Municipal Corporation, yesterday, it was resolved, on the motion of Dr. Viegas, to appoint a committee for the purpose of reporting on the desirability of revising the Pension Rules and Regulations and the direction in which they should be revised.

THE Bank of Bombay, yesterday, raised its rate of interest on demand loans on Government Paper to 5 per cent.

YESTERDAY at the Bombay Criminal Sessions, the Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe and a common jury concluded the trial of Laljee Hurjee, who was charged with having used as genuine a forged hundee for Rs. 10,000. It was one of a series of forgeries of hundees perpetrated on the firm of Ramnarayen Buldeodas of Bombay to the extent of Rs. 69,000. Two trials before the Chief Justice at the last Criminal Sessions resulted in the conviction and punishment of the principal culprits. The accused's trial had to be postponed until the present Sessions. The jury returned a unanimous verdict of guilty; and the prisoner was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for two years.—The re-trial of Amoajee Luxumon on a charge of murder in having, on the morning of the 17th July last, caused the death of his mistress, Bayabai, in the room of a chawl at Churneywady, also took place, yesterday, before his Lordship and a special jury. At the first trial, a majority of another special jury found the prisoner guilty of culpable homicide, but not with the intention to cause death. His Lordship could not accept the verdict of the majority, and a re-trial of the accused was ordered before another special jury. Yesterday's re-trial resulted in a verdict of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, and the prisoner was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for ten years.

MESSRS. BENNET and Co., auctioneers of Apollo Street, sold by auction on Wednesday, in one lot the whole of the property belonging to the Victoria Manufacturing Company, Limited (in liquidation), to Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart., at Rs. 500,000.

MR. HUNTLEY GORDON has been appointed to the special post of Assistant Superintendent of Police created by a Government resolution of the 26th July.

MR. W. H. K. HOWARD is appointed President of the Boiler Commission, *vice* Mr. J. Wilcocks, resigned.

THE services of Capt. C. E. Lewis are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

CAPT. C. C. BOILEAU, I.S.C., has been appointed on plague duty in the City of Bombay.

CAPT. W. S. BANKS. D.A.A.G., Belgaum, and Mr. H. Murray, Deputy Conservator of Forests, are appointed as additional members of the Belgaum Plague Committee.

CAPTAIN C. E HENDLEY, L. S. C., has been appointed on plague duty at Belgaum.

CAPTAIN O. D. C. POND, I S. C., is appointed on plague duty at Ahmednagar.

As the seasonal prospects in India begin to point to the imminence of more or less serious scarcity in various parts of the country a list of railway projects which might be utilised as famine relief works has been drawn up and submitted to the Government of India. No decision will be come to as to whether any of these projects will be taken up or other contemplated projects postponed until the situation is more clearly defined.

ON Wednesday, at Madras, a young Pariah man ran amok, stabbing 14 people, two of whom died. Some two months ago he had a quarrel with some Mahomedans, in the course of which he was wounded. Since when he has entertained bitter feelings against them. He had several times told his wife that they would die together. On Wednesday night he stabbed her in the stomach and ran out of his house, killing two people and stabbing 14 others. At about 8-30 p.m., he ran into a police station, surrendered himself, and confessed his offence. The man has been secured. Of the 12 wounded, with the exception of one or two, all are progressing towards recovery.

GOVERNMENT has approved the inclusion in the Tinnevelly Punitive Police scheme of certain villages constituting that portion of the Sivakasi police station limits which lies within Srivilliputtur taloq. These villages include Nâduvapatti, the home of the notorious Vellaya Tevan, for whose apprehension a reward of Rs. 500 has been offered. The villages were previously omitted by oversight.

MR. HENRY SCANNEL, late Inspector General of Police, Bombay Presidency, recently died at Folkestone at the age of fifty-four. He joined the Bombay Police in 1868, and served as Acting Assistant Superintendent of Police, Deputy and Assistant Conservator of Forestry, and Assistant Superintendent of Police until 1874, when he was appointed Superintendent. He subsequently acted as Superintendent of Police of the G I P Railway, and Inspector-General of Police of the Bombay Presidency.

TELEGRAMS to the Australian papers, dated London, August 24th, state that Captains Voulet and Chanoine, after the murder of Colonel Klobb and Lieutenant Meunier, fled into the bush. An expedition under Captain Fouream and Commandant Lamy from Algeria are pursuing them.

THE Seamen's Union are arranging a strike, the shipowners having ignored the suggestion for a conference on seamen's grievances.

THE outbreak of plague at Oporto is alleged to have been traced to shipments of Indian rice.

TROTT, the Middlesex professional, has made a new record of 1,000 runs and 200 wickets.

IN regard to the Currency Bill we understand that the Secretary of State has informed the Government of India by cable that a proclamation, declaring the Indian Mints a branch of the Royal Mint, and so providing for the coinage of sovereigns in India, may be delayed for some little time owing to legal and technical difficulties.

RUMOURS have been in the air for some time past as to the fabulous number of Home passages that were to be taken for next spring: and it is plain that there is no exaggeration in the matter. A very few years back a person considered himself in the early bird class if he wrote for his cabin or berth on the appearance of the spring sailings list about the middle of November. Now we are barely into September, and the P. and O. Company finds it necessary to issue a warning to such intending passengers as have not already secured their passages that they will be wise to do so at once owing to the great run on their accommodation. This must be cheering news, by the way, to Dr. Barry and the champions of the great boycotting scheme.

AT Rangoon, on Wednesday, a Chinese woman who maltreated her child, was sentenced to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment, the magistrate characterising her act of cruelty on a defenceless infant as revolting. Prisoner tied the child up by the arms and legs for ten days, had its body pierced with pointed sticks and it was burnt and terribly beaten and bruised.

MR. ELMSLIE, Sub-Divisional Officer, Raniganj, delivered judgment last Saturday in the case in which Mr. and Mrs. Lumsden charged Mr. R. Augier with molesting Mrs. Lumsden while travelling in the mail train. Mr. Elmslie acquitted the accused of the charge and discharged him, holding that Mr. Augier in no-way misconducted himself.

MAJOR W. J. A. BEATSON, R. A., commanding No. 52 Battery at Jubbulpore, has had a thrilling adventure. The gallant officer was out shooting in the Itarsi jungle with a forest subordinate, named Gholam Mahomed, when a fine panther charged the pair. Gholam Mahomed was terribly mauled, and is not expected to live, blood-poisoning being feared.

THE new dak bungalow at Solon, kept by Mr. Law, has been looted by a gang of ruffians who are believed to have come from Baghat territory. There were no visitors in the house at the time.

MAJOR FANSHAWE, 19th Hussars, Commandant, Wellington Depot, left that place on Saturday, the 19th ultimo, and returned on Tuesday, the 29th, having bagged four tigers, one a very big one. This is good sport indeed for the time of year. He also shot one spotted stag. The same sportsman a year ago bagged four bison in 10 days, the last two being "left and right."

ON Saturday night two rifles (one a double-barrelled hammerless 500 Express and the other a Martini Metford sporting ·403 carbine), both the property of Mr. C R. Judd were stolen from his tent, which was pitched in the heart of cantonments of Goona (Gwalior.) The rifles were last seen on Saturday evening at 5 p.m. when they were cleaned by the servant, and were first missed at 11 a.m. on Sunday morning as the train carrying Mr. Judd to Ujjain was starting. Careful search and enquiry on the spot have failed to bring to light any clue as to the thieves. The theft is supposed to be the work of rifle thieves, but so far no trace of them or the missing weapons has been found, though arrests of several suspicious characters have been made by the local authorities.

THE Captain-General of the Balearic Isles has sent for General Weyler, and, in virtue of instructions from the Government, has asked him for an explanation concerning statements published in the Press of his alleged declarations that he was disposed to join the Federal and Cantonal Republicans, or even an absolute Monarchy, meaning Don Carlos, if either the Republicans or the Carlists undertook the reorganisation of Spain on lines which he, General Weyler, had advocated. General Weyler assured the Captain-General that his words had been misreported and misinterpreted by the Press, as, on the contrary, he had repeatedly stated that he would never accept the advances which so many of the Spanish Parties had made to him since his return from Cuba. He wished to retain entire liberty of action to take a decision when he deemed the correct time to have come.

THE British Cavalry grass farm at Sialkot is to be extended by 1,051 1-2 acres of cantonment land; the extra expenditure involved being Rs. 4,500 initial and Rs. 12, 173-12-0 recurring.

THE relief of the Kashmir Imperial Service troops in Gilgit for this year is now completed, and Captain Bretherton has also nearly finished sending up supplies from Bandipur to Gilgit. Snow fell in the Burzil pass a few days ago, but the weather has now cleared.

THE result of the crushing of the Nine Reefs Mine on the Kolar Gold Fields for August, 1899, is as follows:—960 tons of ore crushed yielded 316 ounces of gold and by the cyanide process 113 ounces, the total being 529 ounces. This is against a total of 373 ounces in May, 405 ounces in June, and 426 ounces in July.

COMPLAINTS are made both from Bhamo and Myitkyina of the apathy of the Chinese frontier officials in dealing with frontier crime. The question of devising means for securing effective co-operation is now being considered by the Burma Government.

WE are glad to know that Sir Frederick Fryer has been convinced of the reasonableness of the Rangoon Municipality's complaint about the constant changes in the office of President in response to all the postings and reversions that may come about in the Civil List. The Lieutenant-Governor proposes that in future the President shall be appointed for a period of five years on condition that he be allowed the privilege leave to which he is entitled and other leave once during the term of office not exceeding six months, the President to draw the pay of his grade, *plus* any officiating allowance to which he may become entitled, *plus* an allowance of Rs. 300 per month. Any alteration in the rate of pay attached to the appointment will necessitate a reference to the Government of India, which cannot be made until orders are passed on the question of the reorganisation of the Commission.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE TRANSVAAL DENIES THE EXISTENCE OF SUZERAINTY.

LONDON, SEPT. 6.

The Transvaal Government has published its last despatch to Mr. Chamberlain in which it admits Great Britain's right to protect her subjects under the Convention, but denies her right to suzerainty over the Transvaal, and accepts the proposed Conference at Capetown.

WAR RUMOURS ABUNDANT.

The air is full of unconfirmed rumours of movements of troops due to the War Office warning forces which are likely to be required in case of hostilities.

THE BOERS HAVE NO SYMPATHISERS.

The "Capetown News," which has hitherto been pro-Boer in its tendencies, says the public has no sympathy with the demand of the Boers that British suzerainty shall be abandoned.

THE TRANSVAAL SITUATION INCREASING IN GRAVITY.

SEPT. 7.

The newspapers generally regard the reply of the Transvaal as highly unsatisfactory, increasing the gravity of the situation and constituting the impugnment of British supremacy in South Africa, which it is impossible for Great Britain to allow.

INDIAN CONTINGENT.

ORDERS EXPECTED FROM HOME BY SATURDAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 7.

Orders which are awaited from Home for the mobilisation of India's South African Contingent had not arrived up to this afternoon. Definite instructions, one way or the other, however are expected as the result of to-morrow's (Friday) Cabinet Meeting in London.

DETAILS OF THE CONTINGENT.

The following corps have been warned to prepare for service in South Africa and to be ready to leave their stations fully-equipped at the shortest notice:—

Cavalry Brigade—5th Dragoon Guards, 9th Lancers, 19th Hussars, and 18th British Field Hospital.

Infantry Brigade—1st Devonshires, 1st Gloucesters, 2nd King's Royal Rifle Corps, 2nd Gordon Highlanders, 11th and 24th British Field Hospitals.

Brigade Division Field Artillery—21st, 42nd, and 53rd Field Batteries, R. A.; Ammunition Column of three Units—namely, R. 1, R. 5, and R. 6; Sections A. and B. of 26th British Field Hospital.

Miscellaneous Units—Ordnance Field Park; Sections C. and D. of 69th Native Field Hospital for the requirements of the native establishments of the force; No. 3 Field Medical Store Depot; and No. 6 Veterinary Field Hospital.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE PERSECUTION OF CAPTAIN DREYFUS CONTINUES.

REFUSAL TO EXAMINE SCHWARTZKOPPEN AND PANIZZARDI ON COMMISSION.

RENNES, SEPT. 7.

Maitre Labori, on being informed that Major Schwartzkoppen and Major Panizzardi were willing to testify on Commission, formally applied to the Court to appoint a Commission; and, although a representative from the Foreign Office, who was present, said he believed the Foreign Office would not object, the President of the Court amid great sensation refused to send a Commission.

LOSS OF A CLAN STEAMER.

LONDON, SEPT. 6.

The steamer Clan Macgregor has sunk after collision off the coast of Portugal.

The crew have been safely landed at Cadiz.

CRICKET NEWS.

The Australians have beaten the South of England by 110 runs.

The match between Surrey and Warwickshire ended in a draw.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, SEPT. 7.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Himalaya, with the outward mails of the 1st instant, left here at 5 a.m to-day.

POONA JUNIOR POLO TOURNAMENT.

SECOND TIES ON SATURDAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

POONA, SEPT. 7.

The second ties in the Poona Junior Polo Tournament were not played off to-day owing to a smart shower of rain in the afternoon. The matches will take place on the Kirkee Polo Ground, if the Poona Ground has not dried up, on Saturday next.

PLAGUE IN POONA.

There were 131 cases and 110 deaths recorded in the city to-day, the total mortality being 122: in Sukerwar, 12 cases and 12 deaths; in Shanwar, 14 cases and 11 deaths; in Kasba, 25 cases and 17 deaths; in Raviwar, 8 cases and 11 deaths; in Sadasiv, 12 cases and 11 deaths; in Somwar, 9 cases and 7 deaths; in the Cantonment, 13 cases and 8 deaths; in the suburban area, 3 cases and 1 death; in the district, 149 cases and 110 deaths; in Charkoli, 7 cases and 10 deaths; in Uruli, 9 cases and 5 deaths; in Bhamburda, 7 cases; in Parwati, 8 cases; in Wanowrie, 12 cases and 10 deaths; in Sangram, 14 cases and 13 deaths; in Jhorpuri, 13 cases and 8 deaths; in Kirkee, 8 cases and 4 deaths.

Plague is also bad in Mawel Taluka, Sirur and Purandhar.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, SEPT. 6.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Menzies arrived here from Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta yesterday afternoon.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Monrae arrived here from Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta this morning.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Goorkha left here this afternoon.

SINGAPORE, SEPT. 7.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Pekin left here this morning, and may be expected to arrive in Bombay on 18th instant.

ADEN, SEPT. 6.

The Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Poseidon, from Trieste, sailed for Bombay, via Karachi, this afternoon.

The N. Y. K. steamer Hiroshima Maru arrived at Kobe, on the 6th instant

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, SEPT. 6.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats quiet.

Good Bhownuggur, 2 26-32.

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	104 15-16 ex
3 per cent. Rentes	100 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	112 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Paper	65 1-8
Bar Silver	27 5-16

The sum of about £200,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

THE SUPPOSED FIGHTING NEAR PENJDEH.

SIMLA, SEPT. 7.

Captain MacMahon, who has been here probably in connection with arrangements for the forthcoming Chitral Reliefs, leaves to-day for Malakand.

No official confirmation has arrived to date of the transfrontier reports, published by the *Pioneer* and the Lahore paper, of fighting on the Afghan frontier at Penjdeh and Kunduz, and the information is entirely disbelieved.

MILITARY NEWS.

Captain Roche succeeds to the Adjutancy of the 3rd Hussars *vice* Kennedy, whose tenure is about to expire.

Colonel Lyster's appointment to command the Deesa District, in the Bombay Command, is *vice* Major-General Hogge, vacating on the 13th instant.

THE THREATENED FAMINE.

ANXIETY FOR GUJARAT, RAJPUTANA, AND THE SOUTHERN PUNJAB.

The opinion of those best informed on the subject of the threatened famine seems to be that the area acutely affected will not, in any case, be anything like as extensive as on the occasion of the last famine, the Central Provinces and Madras being now fairly safe; and anxiety is chiefly centred on Gujarat, Rajputana, and Southern Punjab. To what extent relief will be required will depend on the weather of the next few weeks. Should copious rain fall during this period, it is estimated that something like half-a-crore of rupees may suffice. On the other hand, should rain not come, the amount which the Government will be called upon to expend, one way and another, may be as much as two crores.

NOTES FROM AHMEDABAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, SEPT. 6.

I HAVE to repeat the same tales of woe concerning the want of rain. The agriculturists and labourers, still keep to their fields and houses, as they are hopeful of having rain in the month of Bhaderwa, when there will at least, be a few showers or more. It is very likely in the month of November, when the rainy season is supposed to be over, that hordes of poor and helpless people will flock into the city in search of food and other necessaries. During the last week, we have to record a few more cases of dacoities which were committed in the villages of Dholka, Dholera and Viramgaum. A bania grain-dealer from Vithlapore, who was driving home an ass laden with spices and grain, was on his way overtaken by robbers, and forcibly deprived of everything that he had. Free fights between the shepherds and the cultivators are the order of the day. In the village of Watamna at Dholka, a band of Jut people, with their cattle, were resting at the village tank. The people, knowing their object, attacked them with guns and arrows; one of them was shot dead and two were injured.

Again at Dholka, the people of Bhadead committed a raid in the village of Saragvala and in the fight that took place one person was killed and others were wounded. In the village of Walinda, at Dhollera, a quarrel took place between Garasias and shepherds, when several persons on both sides received serious injuries.

On Saturday last, a very smart shower of rain fell, amounting to half an inch, in some ten villages of Dholka, which gladdened the hearts of the people for some time. Last Monday we had a small shower, which was not even sufficient to suppress the dust on the roads. We have hot days as in summer and pretty cool nights.

Mr. R. J. C. Lord, who is now among us, does not think the lawyers' chamber is sufficiently roomy for them to sit and read. The court house will be shortly removed to the premises in the old jail buildings, which are being fitted up for the purpose. There a big library-room will be given to the members of the Bar. As the language of the court is Gujerati, the papers and the proceedings are all filed in Gujerati by the Vakils; the judge advised them to present copies of applications and petitions in English along with the Gujerati so as to facilitate the work of the court. There are now over one hundred civil appeals on the file of the court, and, as the translation of most of them is not finished, they could not be placed upon the list for hearing. The library room is very small, and contains a few cupboards for books only, but hardly two members can pass round when in search of volumes. Owing to a large number of members enlisting, the fee is already reduced from Rs. 12 to Rs. 9 per annum.

The Brahma Kshatria Association, whose members are the students of the Gujrat College, of the Government High School, and of the Mission High School, started just a year ago, on Sunday celebrated its first anniversary in Mr. J. V. Desai's bungalow, under the presidency of R. B. Vrijrai Sakerlal. Invitations were sent out widely to all the official and non-official gentlemen of the Brahma Kshatria caste, and to several native gentlemen of the town, and fully 200 people assembled. The compound and bungalow were prettily decorated. A band was in attendance. The ceremony began with the opening prayer, which was said by Mr. C. K. Thakor. The annual report was then read, and then Mr. Desai delivered a short address on "The advantages to be derived from society." At the close, the chairman offered a few remarks, and then songs, specially composed for the occasion, were sung.

THE IMPENDING FAMINE.

RELIEF WORKS AT JUNAGADH.

IN view of the impending scarcity of food grain and fodder on account of the holding off of the rains in this State, His Highness the Nawab Saheb has for the present set apart a liberal sum amounting to Rupees two lakhs (200,000) to be advanced as Tagavi and spent in relief works, and, as wired before, directed the Dewan Saheb to place the Navab Diwan Saheb, Mr. Purshotamrai Sundarji Jhala specially in charge of the operations. The Navab Diwan Saheb made the necessary arrangements, and in consultation with and with the permission of the Dewan Saheb divided the territory into ten blocks, and deputed ten principal officers to proceed to the respective subdivions and make local inquiry as to the wants of the people and their cattle. The principal features of the help rendered to the subjects are as under:—

Corn amounting to over two thousand khandis has been given to the cultivators, cash is distributed among them liberally to sink new wells and clear up old ones, seeds of quick growing grain and fodder as also implements of husbandry such as kos, wheels, &c., are supplied to enable them to raise crops soon. The Gir forest and pasture lands in each Mahal are thrown open for grazing cattle. To give immediate work to non-agriculturists, local tanks are being cleared up and roads and tanks are also being repaired. Arrangements are being made to start general relief works which will be commenced in case the rain should not fall in sufficient quantity in the near future. These measures have removed the pressing needs of a great part of the poorer classes of His Highness's subjects.

Fortunately throughout this State, there has been a fall of rain during the last three days amounting to 2 inches at the head-quarters and about an inch in the moffusil. This will have some good effect on the standing crops of cotton, which had hitherto resisted the want of rain. The present rainfall, if followed by an equal quantity in about a week will, it is hoped, avert the threatened scarcity of fodder. Every effort is being made to sow til and juar in the lands hitherto unsown on account of the same having been set apart for wheat and gram.

A HONGKONG telegram dated August 28th, gives the following account of the dispute between British and Russians at Hankow, about which Reuter recently telegraphed:—A conflict between the representatives of Russia and Great Britain at Hankow arose on Saturday. Acting under Consul Hurst's instructions, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., proceeded to erect a fence round their property inside the Russian concession which the Russians have frequently attempted to expropriate. Consular constables were sent to protect the workmen; but a dozen Cossacks from the Russian Consulate forcibly ejected the workmen, whereupon, after the Captain of the river boat *Woodlark* had been consulted, Mr. Hurst landed fifteen sailors; and the "Woodlark's" quick-firing guns were moved so as to command the Russian Consulate. A fight was imminent for some time, but was averted, British sailors are now guarding the property, and the third-class gunboat *Esk*, has been despatched from Shanghai to Hankow.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

AN ordinary monthly meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held, yesterday afternoon, in the Municipal Council Hall, Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla presiding.

THE LATE DR. PETERSON.

Mr. C. H. Setalvad, having been granted priority for a motion of condolence in reference to the death of the late Dr. Peterson, moved "That the Corporation places on record its sense of deep regret at the heavy loss sustained by the city by the death of Dr. P. Peterson, M. A., D. Sc., who, as a member of the Corporation and Town Council, as well as in other ways, for many years, rendered valuable services to the people of this City." Mr. Setalvad said that Dr. Peterson was nominated to the Corporation in 1879 and filled that position until 1886. He was also a member of the Town Council from 1883 to 1886, and it was his example that introduced into the debates of the Corporation that manliness and independence which were now visible. Although in 1886 the exigencies of official life compelled Dr. Peterson to sever his connection with the Corporation, he continued until his death to take a great interest in the affairs of the city. His valuable contributions to the public press on matters of public importance were well-known, and these services were the more valuable as they were rendered at considerable self-sacrifice, for it was an open secret that his official advancement suffered by the great and active interest he took in all public affairs. It would be difficult to find a more sympathetic, more sincere, and more fearless advocate of the educational and political advancement of the people of this country.

Dr. Cowasji Hormusji, as the oldest member of the Corporation, seconded the motion.

Mr. Wacha thought that at that Council they required a dozen Dr. Petersons to stimulate the public by independence and courage.

The motion was adopted

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The Corporation considered letters from Sir George Cotton, Kt., and Mr. A. McKenzie asking for extension of their leave until December next. The extension asked for was granted.

THE GAS POISONING CASE.

The Corporation considered reports from the Special Drainage Engineer regarding the death of a labourer on the Mazagon Gravitation Sewerage Works on the 21st June 1899.

Dr. Ismail Jan Mahomed moved that the report be recorded. He remarked that, if the contractors in charge of the Mazagon Sectional Sewerage had with them the rules regulating the cleansing of drains, and if they were the only responsible parties in the matter, they were guilty of gross carelessness.

Mr. Currimbhoy Adamji Peerbhoy seconded the proposition.

Dr. Viegas was of opinion that the Municipal Officers, who supervised the work, were equally guilty of negligence. Mr. Unwalla thought that, though the work was in charge of the contractors, the Municipality was no less responsible for damages, if any were claimed by the relatives of the deceased. It was no use shifting the responsibility on the shoulders of their contractors.

Mr. Wacha considered the report very unsatisfactory inasmuch as it practically held no officer responsible in the affair

Mr. Hormusji Chothia wanted to know whether the family of the unfortunate man had got any compensation either from the contractors or the Municipality.

The Commissioner remarked that no responsibility could be attached to the Municipal officers, as the Municipality had nothing whatever to do with the work of the contractors. It was difficult, nay almost impossible, to explain how what happened did happen.

Dr. Bhalchandra said, if the Commissioner's views were adopted, it would come to this, that, if the contractors were to commit a murder under the auspices of the Municipality, the latter body would be in no way responsible for the offence.

The proposition was carried.

ACQUISITION OF LAND.

Dr. Katrak moved the adoption of a recommendation of the Standing Committee approving, under section 91 of the Municipal Act, III of 1888, of application being made to the Government for the acquisition, under the Land Acquisition Act, of a piece of ground together with the building thereon at Ferguson Road near the B. B. and C. I. Railway De Lisle level crossing and that sanction be given to the payment of the purchase price from surplus loans and other balances. Dr. Katrak explained that the owner of the property wanted an enormous price, and the Commissioner advised that the land could be taken under the Land Acquisition Act. The amount of the land was Rs. 4,000 and for the structure about Rs. 10,000, or altogether about Rs. 14,000 for the whole of the property.

Mr. C. N. Wadia said this revealed a curious state of affairs. They were previously told that they were not in a good financial position, and could not take up this piece of ground. Now they were taking up the building along with the land. He thought their financial position was much worse now than it was previously. As far as he could see the man put up a building in this particular place with a view of some day getting the Municipality to take it over at a big price. In the speaker's opinion the building laws must be very defective to allow a building to have been put up in that place (Hear, hear).

The motion was adopted.

ELECTRICITY IN BOMBAY.

The Commission rapplied that urgency should be granted for the consideration of the applications from certain companies for powers to supply electricity for purposes of lighting and motor power in the city. Upon a vote being taken, however, less than the necessary three-fourths voted in favour of urgency, which was therefore not granted.

PENSION RULES.

Dr. Viegas moved in accordance with notice that a committee composed of the following gentlemen be appointed to consider and report on the desirability of revising the Pension Rules and Regulations and the direction in which they should be revised. Dr. Bhalchandra, (chairman), Mr. Wacha, Mr. Dhakji Kashinath, Dr. Ismail Jan Mahomed, Mr. Vithaldas Damoder Mulji, Dr. De Monte, Mr. MacDonald, Mr. Unwala, Mr. Gamadia and Dr. Viegas.

Rao Bahadur Dhakjee Kashinath seconded the proposition.

Mr MacDonald remarked that the amount to be paid this year by the Municipality on account of pensions and compassionate allowances was somewhere about Rs. [illegible]0,000, and, if the present rate of pensioning their servants were to continue, he did not know where they would be landed in the course of the next few years. This matter appeared to him to be a very serious one and he would, therefore, support the motion.

Mr. Kalabhoy Lulabhoy considered that the Commissioner should give his expert opinion upon the question and moved, as an amendment, that the Municipal Commissioner be requested to report on the desirability of revising the pension rules and regulations and in what direction they should be revised.

Professor Muller seconded the amendment pointing out that the question was a very delicate one as there were vested interests to be considered.

Mr. C. H. Setalvad referred at length to the history of the pension question and pointed out that the fact of the regulations differing from the Civil Service Rules was no argument against them as they were deliberately made different. They were not adopted haphazard, but after elaborate inquiries extending over four years. If there was anything wanting in the collective wisdom that drew up the regulations, it was perhaps the profound wisdom of Dr. Viegas, who was not on the committee. (laughter.)

Mr. S. D. Khote said the pension scale was the same for all grades from the sepoy up to the Municipal officer, and he did not consider this was as it should be.

Mr Chothia, in supporting the motion, considered that rule 12 especially should be amended, as, after stating that an employe dismissed for misconduct would lose the right to a pension, there was the proviso that the Corporation might give compensation to that man.

Mr Dikshit and Mr. Unwalla also spoke in favour of the motion.

Mr. Kabraji objected to the number of the Committee, observing that there were certain gentlemen acting on no less than eighteen Committees. He suggested a small committee of experts.

Mr. C. N. Wadia admitted that the pension rules had been ably drawn up, but some very gross scandals had cropped up. The time had come when they should be guided by experience and try to amend the rules.

Mr. Wacha was averse to amending rules in a precipitate manner. The question was whether in seven years' operation the Corporation had, as a body, found so many difficulties, and so many instances of hardship, as to justify them in amending the rules. He submitted no case had been made out for revising them. Mr. Wacha suggested that the name of Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy be included in the Committee, he being conversant with Government pension rules.

The name was allowed to be added to the committee

Dr. Viegas, in replying on the discussion, observed that Mr. Setalvad had raised objections which seemed to have been inspired by the mandates of others

Mr Setalvad rose to a point of order, protesting that Dr. Viegas had no right to suggest that members were not acting upon their convictions but upon the mandates of others

The President: This is the third time, Dr. Viegas, I have had to call you to order, and I must ask you to withdraw the words.

Dr Viegas: I withdraw.

The President: If you persist in these personal remarks I shall ask the Corporation to pass a vote of censure upon you.

On a division being taken the amendment was lost, and Dr. Viegas's motion was carried. The Council then adjourned

INOCULATION IN BOMBAY.

MEETING IN THE "GAIETY."

A PUBLIC meeting of the residents of Bombay was convened at the Gaiety Theatre in the Fort, yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of popularizing the use amongst the natives of the Haffkine prophylactic as a preventive of the plague, and for hearing the addresses of gentlemen competent to speak on the subject. The theatre was crowded, and a number of select gentlemen were accommodated on the stage. Colonel Weir, Major Bannerman, Captain Pritchard, Captain Cappage, and other public officers interested in the advancement of the inoculation operations, were present to countenance and support a movement organised with the express object of impressing upon the ignorant and the doubtful the efficacy of the valuable prophylactic discovered by the eminent scientist, Professor Haffkine. The proceedings were in the vernaculars.

Mr. Virchand Deepchand, C. I. E., was called to the chair. He said that the preventive medicine was an excellent remedy, and it behoved those present to judge of it in a sensible manner.

Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna said that the masterly description of the London plague given by Defoe illustrated the ravages of the fell epidemic that had so furiously raged in Bombay and in several parts of India for three years past. Unfortunately, what was once only a reading in books had come to pass before their very eyes. Bombay's misery, sufferings, unprecedented mortality, and the consequent depopulation in several localities, beggared all description—however powerful the pen, and whatever the capacity of the penman. For three pears past the demon of plague had succeeded in carrying with him destruction and death whenever he went; deprived people of their strength and courage; compelled them to sever the most endearing ties of kinship, and to fly from the place of their birth and permanent residence in order to escape from the devastation and ruin staring them in the face. Whole families fell victims to the disease; houses and shops became tenantless and were locked; districts were depopulated; trade was at a stand-still; gaiety and happiness had fled from the city; the living were half-dead with fear and fright; depression and grief was universal. To save the people from all these perilous troubles, Government had, through the instrumentality of Professor Haffkine, a scientist of high ability and eminent attainments, got the prophylactic prepared, and asked them, nay entreated them, to benefit by it. There could not be the least objection to the use of it, the process being somewhat akin to vaccination. Had there been the least harm, the doctors, who had at first declared themselves against it, would not have come round, as they had done, and would have continued to offer an uncompromising and an inveterate opposition to its general introduction, without further and better proof. Never would the Islam Moulvees have given opinions in its favour; never would that day's proceedings have succeeded in securing as their chairman such a staunch Jain gentleman as Mr. Virchand Dipchand—one of the cardinal doctrines of whose religion was not to take away the life even of a useless insect for a meritorious purpose. The chairman was convinced that the prophylactic did not contain any insect, but that it was only a preparation manufactured through the medium of the plague bacillus. Among the gentlemen belonging to the medical profession, who had at first refused to believe in the efficacy of the medicine, he (the speaker) himself was one, but he had occasion to alter his opinion, along with many others, in favour of inoculation. They should never give ear to the false and alarming reports circulated by writers who designated India as a vast Pasteur Institute, and the Indians as fit and proper subjects for experimentation.

Dr. Popat Parbhuram next addressed the meeting. He said he was a high caste Brahmin, but, despite that distinction, he would get himself inoculated in the presence of the assembly.

Dr. Ismail Janmahomad said that, notwithstanding the fact that he had been inoculated at the Muzafferabad meeting last Sunday, he was as hale and hearty as ever, and that the operation had not interfered the least bit with his ordinary avocations.

Vaid Mainshanker Govindji also expressed his willingness to re-inoculate himself in the presence of them all.

Captain Cuppage, who was inoculated by Major Bannerman, said that by inoculating himself in the presence of the assembly he had proved to them, beyond the possibility of doubt, that Europeans were not backward, they never were, in inoculating themselves. The fact was that it was the only potent remedy placed in their hands, by the superior intelligence and inventiveness of Professor Haffkine, to combat the plague.

Lilavanti, a girl of seven, the daughter of Dr. Parshotam Harichand, assured the meeting that, although she and the other members of her family had been inoculated several times, they did not suffer the least pain by the operation.

The Hon. Gokaldas K. Parekh spoke in favour of inoculation. He advocated the organisation of committees in all localities to dispel the doubts of the dubious, and to instruct the ignorant in the benefits of the process.

Some other speakers having addressed the meeting, Drs. Popat, Misir, B. S. Shroff, and Purshotam Harichand, as well as Vaid Manishankar Govindji, and others, were inoculated by Major Bannerman.

The Chairman cited the example of the miserable state of the operatives employed in his mill at Sholapore, which was due to the prevalence of plague, and the subsequent tranquillity that reigned among them by reason of resorting to the inoculation process very generally. He advised those present to take time by the forelock, and not lose the advantage by remaining dilatory and in doubt.

Complimentary votes having been passed to Captain Cappage and the Chairman, the proceedings terminated.

ANOTHER CANDIDATE FOR THE GOVERNORSHIP.

THERE is a new candidate in the field according to the latest Home papers for the succession to Lord Sandhurst at Bombay, in the person of Sir Stafford Northcote, second son of the late Lord Iddesleigh, himself best known to the English public during the long years of his parliamentary life by the name and title which this son now carries. It seems to have been given out that Sir Stafford Northcote does not mean to stand for Exeter again: hence it is inferred that he is in the running for a Governorship; and from this it is but a step to conclude that he is destined for the Governorship of Bombay. The character of Sir Stafford Northcote's career, says the *Pioneer* makes the suggestion not at all improbable. He has had the training in public affairs that goes to the favoured few who start political life young with all the advantages that can be given them—a Clerkship in the Foreign Office, a Private Secretaryship to the Chancellor of the Exchequer and the Foreign Secretary, then a place or two on his own account, and a safe seat in a neighbourhood where his family influence is paramount. One does not quite know why Sir Stafford Northcote, who is now over fifty, should want to come to Bombay; but in ordinary times if he had the wish he would probably find no difficulty in getting it gratified, and would probably carry on the government as well as most of his predecessors. But the circumstances are of course very far from being ordinary. By the time Lord Sandhurst quits office it is quite possible that the Province will be in a state that will make it a heavier charge upon the Governor than any province has been since the Mutiny. Plague, famine and all the unmeasured possibilities of sedition and panic—this is not a combination that calls for putting an untried hand at the helm, just to see how he shapes On the contrary every one can see that the circumstances call for the highest and most tried capacity that the Government has at its disposal, and it is very fortunate in having at hand a public servant who is peculiarly qualified to meet the emergency, and whom the public opinion of the whole of India looks upon as the necessary man. We have no reason for supposing that Sir Antony MacDonnell desires the Government of Bombay, or even that he would accept it if it were offered to him. His four years in the North-West have been a very onerous time, and it would be asking a great deal to require him to go straight from Allahabad next spring to take up a new term of office. But the public will look upon it as little less than a scandal if the offer is not made to him in the first instance: and if the interests of the country were really consulted in the matter the succession would be settled now, so that Sir Antony might be secured at once, while the prospect of getting a few months' holiday before taking over the new task might just turn the scale in favour of his acceptance.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE following appointments are made:—

2nd Madras Lancers.—Captain Moore, 4th Squadron, to be Commander *pro tem.*

6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent.—Major Wooledge, from 35th Sikhs, to be Commandant.

21st Madras Pioneers.—Lieutenant W. D. Reid, to be Wing Officer.

The Government of India have sanctioned the issue of ten magazine Lee-Metford rifles to each British Cavalry Regiment for match shooting purposes.

The following veterinary officers proceed home shortly tour-expired:—Veterinary-Majors F. F. Crawford and C. Rutherford, Veterinary-Captain W. R. Walker, and Veterinary-Lieutenants H. P. Turnbull, E. E. Martin, W. N. Wright, W. A. MacDougall, F. S. H. Baldrey, and F. W. Wilson.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.

CONCERT AT THE TOWN HALL.

AN excellent programme was got together for the concert, in aid of the Indo-British Institution, which came off in the Town Hall on Wednesday night. The audience was large and fairly appreciative. Of the sixteen items on the programme, thirteen were vocal and two instrumental, the sixteenth item being a recitation by Dr. Pollen. The performance commenced with a piano solo by Miss Ward, who played a piece entitled "La Cascade," by Scotson Clark, a composition of a showy character, admirably descriptive, and one eminently suited for the display of the performer's skill. Miss Ward played it with much spirit and considerable delicacy of expression, and was warmly applauded. Mr. H. E. Harrington followed with "The Skipper's Flag," by Adams, which he sang boldly and well, and thoroughly merited the applause he received. Madame Lily Howard, who was greeted with applause, sang "The Star of Bethlehem," also by Adams, in fine style, and was loudly applauded. This lady also gave a song in the second part of the programme, entitled "My Friend," by Behrend, also finely rendered, and further joined in the old familiar duet by Mendelssohn, "I would that my love," with Mr. McNaught, and was again most successful in arousing the plaudits of her audience, having to respond to two encores. Colour-Sergeant Gleed, of the Norfolk Regiment, sang Moir's song "Best of all" in good style in a bass voice of much mellowness of tone, and was much applauded. Captain Mathews added to the effect by a carefully-played violin obligato. "The Vision Divine," by Stephen Adams, was prettily sung by Miss A. Ward, her sweet soprano voice and graceful style winning much applause. Mr. Hewson sang the "Star of the Desert," by Theo. Bonheur, with due attention to expression, and was very successful in his rendering of the piece. A rollicking Irish song, by Captain Cuppage, did much to brighten up the audience, who were getting a little cloyed with so much sweetness, and "Pat of Mullingar" scored a brilliant success. He was obliged to appear again, and gave another jolly Irish song in the rich brogue which is so delightful. Madame Schultz sang "Roberta il Diavola," from the well-known opera by Meyerbeer, in magnificent style, the difficult passages and high notes being beautifully rendered, and received a hearty encore, which she kindly responded to. Her singing of Schubert's "Staendchen" in the second part was also admirable in every way, and she received a second encore, which she again replied to. Mr. McNaught contributed a solo in the second part, "Out on the Deep," in which his deep bass voice was heard to great advantage. The cornet solo by Mr. Rhenins—"Hush me, O Sorrow," by Lord Henry Somerset, was much admired, and he received loud applause for his careful and expressive rendering of the beautiful air. Dr. Pollen's humourous speech, and still more amusing recitation, evoked loud and continued applause; and he gave a second recitation descriptive of the insane joy of an individual at the departure by sea of his mother-in-law "to a far-off tropical land where tigers and snakes prevailed." Mr. Reynolds sang "The Holy City" in his usual careful manner and received due applause. The singing by the Misses Ward of Mendelssohn's duet, "The May-bells and the Flowers," in the original German, was much admired, and the harmonious blending of their voices and their graceful style evoked loud applause. Mr. Dove was responsible for all the accompaniments with but one or two exceptions, and did grand work, which fully deserves to be recognised. The piano used on the occasion was kindly lent by Messrs. Soundy and Co.

The Indo-British Institution, we may add, was originally at Sonapur, near the Marine Lines, having been established in 1838 by its founder and first Secretary, the Rev. George Candy; fifty years later it was removed to its present site on the Esplanade during the secretaryship of the Rev. C. Gilder. It has now completed its Diamond Jubilee.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE annual general meeting of the Bombay Art Society was held last evening at the Elphinstone College. The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Parsons presided. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. During the last year the income of the society amounted to Rs. 3,325 and the expenditure was Rs. 3,330. Professor O. V. Muller, honorary secretary, remarked that the society had been a losing concern for the past two years. If the amount of Rs. 300, set aside for the prizes, was excluded from the income, the account would show a deficit of Rs. 305. The loss was due to a large number of members refusing to pay their fees last year owing to plague and also to the premature closing of the exhibition. The accounts were adopted. The following new committee was then elected:—President: the Hon'ble Mr. Justice H. J. Parsons; Vice-President: Mr. F. W. Stevens, C. I. E.; Members: Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Sir George Cotton, the Hon'ble Mr. Vijbhucandas Atmaram; Messrs. W. C. Hughes, H. M. Phipson, D. J. Tata, R. N. Mant, K. N. Kabraji, Karim Nansey, F. C. Remington, Isaac Benjamin and A. N. Dalvi; Honorary Treasurer: Mr. E. M. Slater; Honorary Secretary: Professor O. V. Muller; and Assistant Honorary Secretary: Mr. Narotumdas Morarji Goculdas. The meeting decided to hold another exhibition, but the date and place were not fixed upon. A vote of thanks was accorded to the Honorary Treasurer and Secretary. The customary compliments to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

ROYAL BOMBAY GOLF CLUB.

YESTERDAY morning a handicap sweep-stakes competition took place. The following were the principal scores:—

	Gross	Handicap	Net
Mr. Bice	45	4	41
Mr. Storey	48	7	41
Mr. Don	44	2	42
Capt. Rogers	43	scr	43
Mr. Boggs	44	1	43
Mr. Stiven	45	scr	45
Dr. McDonald	46	1	45
Mr. Meikle	47	1	46
Mr. J. Rodgers	47	1	46
Mr. Young	48	2	46
Mr. Godfrey	53	7	46
Mr. Thompson	53	7	46
Mr. Shaw	54	8	46
Mr. Reid	49	3	46
Mr. Nixon	51	4	47
Mr. King	55	7	48
Mr. Phillips	52	4	48
Mr. Steven	53	3	50
Mr. W. H. Scott	58	4	54

BICYCLE POLO.

A MATCH will be played on the Oval at 5-15 p. m. this evening between the Bombay Gymkhana and Bombay Volunteer Rifles Cycling Club. The teams will be:—Bombay Gymkhana.—E. Rivers-Smith, P. F. Fischer, J. Humphrey, C. W. W. Carbery, R. L. Raynor and E. C. Dalton. Bombay Volunteer Rifles Cycling Club.—J. H. Downing, F. Soundy, F. H. Claridge, E. Halliburn, R. Harrington and H. C. Soundy.

There will also be a scratch game for any other members of the Gymkhana and B. V. R. C. C. who may turn up on the ground.

DEPARTURE OF R. I. M. S. CLIVE.

THE Royal Indian Marine steamer Clive, commander Captain E. J. Beaumont, will sail to-day for Rangoon, via Calicut, and Port Blair, with the following passengers:—1 man, 30th Madras Infantry; 24 commissariat followers, and 2 lascars of the R. I. Marine. They will be embarked on board at 8 a.m., to-day, from the Government Dockyard.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending Sept. 5th was 633, giving a death-rate of 38·4 per annum per thousand as against 51·44 the corresponding period of last year, and 38·85 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 66 died from fevers; 96, plague; 1, small-pox; 6, measles; 99, phthisis; 45, diseases of the nervous system; 87, affections of the respiratory organs; 36, diarrhoea; 21, dysentery; 27, still-born; 59, old age and debility 12, accidents and violence. The classified list of death shows:—29 Jain, 26; Brahmin, 2; Lingaet, 4; Bhattia, 290; Hindu of other caste, 79; Hindu lowcaste, 140; Musalman, 26; Parsee, 3; Jew, 20; Native Christian, 5; Eurasian, 6; European, 3; Negro-African. The total number of births was 279 as against 240 the corresponding period of last year, and 279 the average over the past five years.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

PROMENADE CONCERT ARTISTES

ENGLISH OPERATIC TROUBLES.

NEW PLAYS AND OPERAS.

LONDON, AUG. 18.

THE tercentenary celebrations of the birth of Van Dyck began in Antwerp on Saturday, when the exhibition of the painter's works was formally opened. On Sunday a conference was held of Academicians of all nations, who afterwards proceeded to lay wreaths before Van Dyck's statue, and in the evening there was a banquet to the foreign delegates. Monday, however, was the most brilliant day of the celebration, the chief incident being an historical *cortege* which beggared anything of the kind ever attempted even in Belgium. The "Ommegang" included the famous tutelary giant of Antwerp, Druon Antigon, which was constructed as long ago as 1534. Many of the old Flemish cities possess these giants—so, for the matter of that, in Gog and Magog, does the City of London. For the rest, the procession typifies "L'Art a travers les Ages." When it reached the days of Van Dyck himself, there was a car representing the apotheosis of the great painter, accompained by Charles I. and his children, the Earl of Arundel, the Earl of Stafford, and Philip, Earl of Pembroke, whose descendant, the present Earl, possesses one room alone at Wilton House in which hang ten Van Dycks.

Mr. Robert Newman has now completed the arrangements for his fifth annual season of Promenade Concerts, at the Queen's Hall. The season will last seven weeks, the prices will be 1s to 5s, smoking will be permitted, and in the small hall there will be animated photographs. Mr. Payne will be first violin, Mr. Pitt accompanist, and Mr. H. J. Wood conductor. The following is the list of principal artists:

Sopranos: Fanny Moody, Lucile Hill, Marie Duma, Sobrino, Yvonne de Treville, Maggie Davies, Helen Jaxon, Ellen Beach Yaw, Kate Bensberg, Emily Squire, Nuola, Regina de Sales.

Contraltos Kirkby Lunn, Ada Crossley, Belle Cole, Alice Gomez, Antoinette Sterling, Lucy Clarke, Marie Hooton, Maggie Sterling.

Tenors: Sims Reeves, Ellison Van Hoose, Philip Brozel, Lloyd Chandos, Gregory Hast, Hirwen Jones, Herbert Grover, Edward Branscombe.

Basses: Andrew Black, Charles Manners, Charles Knowles, H. Lane Wilson, H. C. Peterkin, Louis Frolich.

The Meister Glee Singers.

Solo Violinists: Senor Arbos, Herr Hans Wessely, Mons. Johannes Wolff, Arthur W. Payne, Percy Frostick.

Solo Cellists: W. H. Squire and Paul Bazelaire.

Solo Pianists: Signor Enrico Toselli, Herr Liebling, Senor Carlo Sobrino, and Signorina Cerasoli.

The Carl Rosa Opera Company, who closed their season at the Grand Theatre, Islington, on Saturday, were announced on Monday to commence an engagement at the Lyceum Theatre, Ipswich. On that day, however, an advertisement was inserted in the papers that owing to unfortunate circumstances, the Carl Rosa Opera Company will not appear at the Lyceum this week. The management, while regretting the occurrence, respectfully request those who have booked their seats to apply to the Ancient House, where their money will be refunded.

It seems by a telegram from Dr. Carr to the management, there were liabilities to the principals, for which an advance from the week's probable receipts was requested, but was not accorded. Some of the artists, therefore, refused to travel, and the tour was suspended, it is hoped, only temporarily. No doubt more capital is required, for even the most successful organizations have at times—for example, during a spell of very hot weather—to provide against a temporary period of depression. That the company were unwise to start a season in the metropolis at the end of July, and to challenge London criticism under provincial conditions, was, however, obvious.

During the present autumn the 25th anniversary of the foundation of the Carl Rosa troupe will be celebrated. Rosa had intended to start early in 1874, but the sudden death of his first wife, Madame Parepa, who was to have been his prima donna, caused a change of plans. However, a provincial tour was started during the autumn and winter of 1874-5, and in September, 1875, the first London season was inaugurated at the Princess's, with Mozart's "Figaro," Carl Rosa conducting, and the chief artists being Torriani, Yorke, Rose Hersee, Campobello, Aynsley Cook, Arthur Howell, Charles Lyall, and Santley. Mr. Howell, who was stage-manager, and Miss Hersee, the prima donna, afterwards became man and wife. Signor Campobello, the Almaviva, was a Scottish gentleman, whose real name was Henry Maclean Martin, while Miss Josephine Yorke, the Cherubino, had sung in Italy under her own name of Jones, and Mdlle. Torriani, the Countess, was a Swedish vocalist named Tornquist. Some members of this troupe survive, but Mr. Santley is, we believe, the only one now singing in public.

Mascagni has, it seems, suspended work upon his opera, "Maschere," in order again to resume the libretto of "Vestilia," which he had abandoned owing to a scenic difficulty, a love duet which takes place in the ante-room of the Arena during a fight between gladiators. A somewhat similar situation, it will be remembered, occurs in the last act of Mr. de Lara's "Messaline." Mascagni, by the way, is telling a good tale against himself. He was playing at Court, and one of the little Princesses had been instructed by her mother, in case any question should be asked, to say that "Mascagni was one of the greatest musicians in Italy." Instead, Mascagni asked the little lady which of the great living masters she liked best, and the young Princess at once replied, "There are no great masters living. They are all dead." At this unexpected retort Mascagni, after a blank look of astonishment, burst out laughing, and declared the little Princess to be the most truthful critic in Europe.

Bayreuth closes on Sunday till 1901. The Princess of Wales, incognita, is, after all, expected to see the last two or three performances, and there are still a crowd of Royal and noble personages at Bayreuth including the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, the British Ambassador in Paris and Lady Monson, Princess Rosa Croy, Count Wilhelm von Bismarck, Prince Hohenlohe, Lady Charles Beresford, Prince A. Giovanelli, Count Bernstorff, and many others. Among the visitors is the well-known American writer who signs his name "Racouteur," but who declares that he heard none of the music because it was so hot that he did not try to get in the building, preferring the open air to the woes of Wotan. He had a chat with Siegfried Wagner, who has now learned to conduct with his right hand, instead of his left, and who, having written a "comic music drama, may soon write a serious opera bouffe." Siegfried confided to this writer that he had acquired a wholly un-Wagneresque admiration for Brahms. The correspondent also saw at Bayreuth Miss Janotha, Mrs. Craigie, and Lady Randolph Churchill, who, he wittily but rather ungallantly says, recently played in London "Bach's triple concerto for one pianist and two ladies of leisure."

Among the new operas to be produced in Italy this winter are Puccini's "La Tosca," Leoncavallo's "Rolando de Berlino," Franchetti's "Germania," and Giordano's "Il Re di Roma."—Siegfried Saloman, the Swedish composer and husband of the celebrated prima donna, Henrietta Nilsen, died last week at Stockholm, aged 81.—The German papers announce that a Manchester merchants whose name is given, has sent £1,600, the interest of which is to be distributed annually among necessitous members of the Gewandhaus orchestra, Leipsic. In this case charity does not seem to begin at home.—About a fortnight hence Frau Schumann-Heink, Madame Evangeline Florence, and Mr. Ffrangcon Davies sail for America to take part in the Worcester (Mass.) Musical Festival.

Of the West-end play houses, no fewer than nineteen are at this moment closed—a number which is probably without precedent. These are Drury Lane, the Lyceum, the Haymarket, Her Majesty's, the Adelphi, the St. James's, Daly's, Covent Garden, the Gaiety, the Valldeville, the Comedy, the Garrick, the Prince of Wales's, Terry's, the Duke of York's, the Opera Comique, the Strand, the Olympi, and the Royalty.

Mr. K. A. Morton's musical comedy, "San Toy," will come forth at Daly's Theatre towards the end of next month. The music is furnished by Mr. Sidney Jones and Mr. Lionel Monckton. The piece is in two acts, the action of the first of which takes place in a British treaty-port in China and that of the second act in a hall of the Imperial Palace at Pekin.

In the adaptation of "La Tulipe [illegible]," with which the Haymarket will reopen its doors in the autumn, Mr. Frederick Harrison will play the part of the Prince of Orange, afterwards King William III., who is a conspicuous personage in this picturesque and pleasing play. The actor will be somewhat tall for the part; but audiences are not very strict regarding suchlike violations of historical accuracy. Lord Macaulay's hero is no stranger to our stage. Some playgoers will recall Mr. Sugden's excellent piece of character-acting in the part of the King in the late Mr. Tom Taylor's "Clancarty," some quarter of a century ago. Still less can those who witnessed the revival of this play some years later have forgotten Mr. Mackintosh's highly finished and most touching performance in the same character.

Time cannot wither nor can tropical heats "stale" Madame Sarah Bernhardt's infinite variety. This indefatigable actress has practically taken no rest since she was among us a few weeks ago playing arduous parts daily, and even twice a day, in the town and country. She is now with her company fulfilling a round of provincial engagements. On Sunday next she will be back in Paris, but only to devote five laborious days, to preparations for a still more extensive tour. "Tout-Paris" is now at the seaside, and thither Madame Sarah Bernhardt will follow them, her next new professional tour embracing all the important bathing resorts of the western coast of France.

The new play at the pretty Kennington Theatre "A Soldier's Son," by Cecil Newcome and William Boyne, is of a somewhat primitive type of melodrama. The authors had evidently resolved that no ordinary restrictions of the dramatic world should prevent them from getting in the taking of Khartoum. The hero plunges into his sea of troubles at the very outset of the play. Suffering from the combined effects of drink and drugs, he loses his entire fortune of £10,000 in under half an hour, by cutting cards. Needless to say, the cards are marked. His half-brother and his Arab accomplice, El Ramaud, gather up the spoils, and Leslie Stewart is disowned. He goes to Paris to seek his fortune, thereby establishing a new precedent, and obtains a responsible position in the Banque Nationale. There soon his half-brother, accompanied by his fellow-sinner, appears to secure the Duchess of Rutherford's jewels by an ancient device.

The usual incriminating documents are planted and the hero follows the robbers as quickly as possible to Calais. A deadly struggle on board the Calais-Douvre among the trio nearly proves fatal to the hero, who falls among the engines. The usual faithful servant shows great mechanical skill and stops the engines at the critical moment. From this point the plot not only thickens, it curdles. After a large quantity of comic relief the scene is changed to a common lodging-house, where most of the principal characters appear. The hero, still in trouble, enlists in the 21st Lancers. A grand parade of thirty men, including a number of officers in curious uniforms, and a brass band, attracted favourable comment from the pit and gallery. For the remainder the play is all smoke and reconciliation. The audience expressed their approval at the fall of the curtain, but military plays, without the accommodation which is provided at big West-end houses, are not impressive.

THE SOUTHERN INDIA SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

THE nineteenth ordinary general meeting of shareholders of the company was held yesterday at the registered office, Tamarind Lane, Mr. Eduljee Nasarwanjee Setna, chairman of the board of directors, presiding. The following was the directors' report:—

The directors beg to submit their annual audited balance sheet and profit and loss account of the company for twelve months from 1st January to 31st December 1898. In accordance with the resolution passed by the shareholders at their extraordinary general meeting held on the 22nd December 1897, Messrs. Mooljee Jaitha Sons and Co. have taken charge of the company's affairs on the 10th January 1898, and since the business of the company has been carried on by them. The directors regret to have to report that the company has made a loss during the year of Rs 63,208-12-0, which, with the last year's balance of loss of Rs. 40,987-7-2, makes a total loss of Rs. 1,04,196-3-2. This loss is attributed chiefly to the very diminished demand and the low price for yarn ruling during the whole period under report. The break down of the old mill engine intimated in the last report contributed to increase the cost of production of yarn by the stoppage of half the machines which are now all working in order. Owing to the diminished demand for yarn the debts due to the agents had increased considerably, and they have consequently asked for a documentary lien on all the liquid assets of the mill which your directors have satisfied them by executing an indenture in their favour. Your directors regret to report that the company has suffered an irreparable loss by the death of Mr. Dhuramsey Soonderdass, who was the senior partner of Messrs. Mooljee Jaitha Sons and Company, secretaries and agents of the company, which took place on the 28th February 1899. He held the office of director up to his death, and he had exhibited the greatest zeal for the well-being of the mill. By his deeply lamented death the directors have lost his valuable assistance and advice in all matters connected with the management of the company's affairs. His brother, Mr. Gordhundass Soonderdass, a partner in the above firm, by virtue of his office, took his seat as an "ex-officio" director. Your directors also regret extremely to report the sad and melancholy death of Mr. Damodurdass Tapidass, one of their colleagues who at all times gave his best advice and attention in the interests of the company. Your directors have appointed Messrs. Framjee Temooljee Mirza and Liladhur Vullubdass in place of Mr. Cowasji Dinshaw Adenwalla and the late Mr. Damodurdass Tapidass, which they now request you to confirm. Your mill properties have been insured against fire risks as under:—Buildings, machinery, and stock under process, Rs. 7,77,800; cotton and yarn, Rs. 4,50,000;—total Rs. 12,27,800. Messrs. Eduljee Nusserwanjee Settna and Liladhur Vullubdass retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election. The shareholders have to appoint auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

Resolutions were passed in conformity with the recommendations of the directors; and the proceedings terminated with the customary compliment to the chairman.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle & Lower Colaba, Fort Southern, Fort Northern and Esplanade	0	1	5
B Mandvi, Chuckla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	5	4	21
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	4	0	24
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpaty, Walkeshwar and Mahaluxmee	0	0	6
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	4	1	24
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	5
G Mahim and Worlee	0	0	7
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	5	12
Total	13	11	104
Total plague deaths to date	47,519	41,619	
Same date last year	35	28	118

A case of plague on board the Royal Indian Marine steamer Elphinstone, which is now lying in the Government Dry Dock undergoing repairs, occurred amongst the crew. On the 1st instant, several additional hands were taken on board, and amongst them a man named Shaik Ali Mahomed Hoosein, who on the 4th instant was found to be suffering from fever. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital for treatment. Subsequently the patient developed symptoms of plague and was transferred to Modhi Khana Plague Hospital, where he died on Wednesday night. The whole of the crew of the vessel were yesterday morning removed to Modhi Khana disinfecting shed, where all their clothes were thoroughly disinfected under steam, after which they were allowed to return on board. The vessel was also thoroughly disinfected under the supervision of Commander Ford and the other officers.

"DRY, THIN AND FALLING HAIR" is caused by want of the natural oil in the skin so essential for nourishing and stimulating its growth. ROWLANDS MACASSAR OIL provides the necessary nourishment, feeds the hair, prevents baldness, and produces a luxuriant and silky growth. Also sold in a golden colour for fair hair. Ask stores and chemists for ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL, of 67, Hatton Garden, London.

FOURTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe presided at a sitting of the court, yesterday, and the trial of the following case was resumed before his Lordship and the same common jury:—

THE FORGED HUNDEE CASE.

Lalji Hurjee was charged with fraudulently using as genuine a forged hundee for Rs. 10,000. Mr. F. S. Taleyarkhan, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown. Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, defended the accused.

Raghunathdas Motiram, a moonim of a native firm, said he knew the prisoner who presented a hundee for Rs. 10,000 and received payment for it. Witness remembered being taken before Mr. Sloane, Inspector of Police, who made an enquiry in the matter.

Ramdas Shewba, a Purdesee in the employ of Ramnarayen Buldeodas, said he was in the habit of making payments on hundees with moneys received from the Killedar of the firm. Witness was shown the hundee for Rs. 10,000, and said he paid the amount to Purbhoodas Lukhmidas, who had a firm in the Fort. The money was paid to Jivan Mahadu, who made an endorsement on the hundee. The prisoner was present on the occasion in the firm's place.

Magamul Hundulmul, a partner in a Multanee firm, which has a branch at Karachee, recognised a hundee that was brought to and paid by his Bombay firm for Rs. 500.

Chhagan Jivan said he kept a piece-goods shop in Bhendy Bazaar Road, and the prisoner was his partner. The firm was in debt. In December-January, prisoner was absent from Bombay for about two months. The firm was started with capital borrowed from the accused's sister.

Inspector Sloane remembered receiving a complaint, on the 3rd May last, from the firm of Ramnarayen Buldeodas. After making enquiries, witness first arrested Maneklal Ghellabhai. By witness's order Jivan Mahadu was arrested at Porebunder. The room of Bapoojee Dhunjibhoy was searched some days later at Gowalia Tank Road. Some documents were found in the search, which were put in as exhibits in the last case. Witness afterwards went to Bhownuggar and made enquiries about the accused. From that place he sent a telegram to Porebunder, where the accused was arrested.

Allisab Husainsab, an embroiderer, said he knew Maneckial Ghellabhai, who lived on the second floor of witness's Bhendy Bazaar shop. Witness frequently saw the accused in a piece-goods shop in Bhendy Bazaar. He used sometimes to visit Maneklal. Witness once saw the accused and Maneklal coming down the stairs together.

Mr. Taleyarkhan, in summing up the evidence at the close of the case for the prosecution, said he would confine himself to the evidence regarding the hundee for Rs. 10,000, and leave alone for the present the evidence regarding the conspiracy in which the accused was engaged with other persons. The learned counsel referred to the receipt of the hundee from Kurrachee, how it was sent by Maneklal to Bapujee Dhunjibhoy, how the latter prepared and handed the hundee to Jivan the following day, how the accused took the hundee to the firm in the Fort, how the Rs.10,000 were paid him, and how he got from Maneklal Rs. 700, his share of the proceeds in the transaction. It was admitted that Jivan was an accomplice with the others; but, said the learned counsel, Jivan was the only man who could be placed before the jury to tell the story regarding the conspiracy for the passing of the forged hundees. Jivan told a story, which, taken with other evidence, was probable and consistent. He related how the conspiracy was hatched, how the the hundee was forged, and how the accused cashed the hundee and received his share of the spoil. The learned counsel attached the greatest possible weight to the incident connected with the payment of the Rs. 700. If the payment was really made, it showed that the prisoner must have known that what he was asked to do by Maneklal was illegal or fraudulent. He could not have expected a reward of Rs. 700 for the mere presentation of a hundee, and he must have been privy to the fraud initiated by Maneklal and the others. In conclusion, the learned counsel paid a compliment to the intelligence and ability with which Mr. Sloane had worked in unearthing one of the grossest frauds perpetrated upon the mercantile community of Bombay, a compliment, which, he said, had also been paid to Mr. Sloane by the learned Chief Justice at the last Criminal Sessions.

Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, in addressing the jury for the defence, asked them to discard from their minds the glamour produced by the vigorous speech of his learned friend suggesting that such vigour was generally exercised in cases which counsel knew to be weak. Such was the case here. His learned friend laboured at great length in his address to the jury, because, Mr. Kazi suggested, he knew his case to be a weak one. If the jury did not believe the evidence of Jivan, the accomplice, the whole case for the prosecution fell to the ground. There was no evidence, the learned counsel said, to corroborate his statements. He had told one story in the Police Court, and he told a different story and contradicted himself directly he appeared before the jury in this court. The learned counsel indicated the contradictions, in which Jivan had indulged. If one of the contradictions was established, how could the jury rely upon the rest of the man's statements? Mr. Kazi asked the jury to infer with him that the story told by Jivan was a concoction, and he therefore asked them to discard Jivan's evidence as false. The jury would conclude, therefore, that Jivan must be corroborated at least in the material points. On this point there could not be two opinions. With regard to two of the hundees Jivan himself stated that he did not know that they were forged. How, then, could the accused know that they were forged? The next point was that the letters alleged to have been received from the accused at Karachi were not conclusively shewn to have been written by the accused. Then there was no evidence that a single bogus hundee had been received from Karachi from the accused or anybody else. The theory of the prosecution regarding bogus hundees or telegrams from Karachi fell absolutely to the ground. The prosecution had failed to show that the accused had any knowledge that Maneklal had been dealing in fabricated hundees. There was, therefore, an absence of guilty knowledge on the part of the accused. It came to this that the accused came upon the scene quite unexpectedly. The case for the defence rested on the want of any guilty knowledge on the prisoner's part.

His Lordship, in summing up the case, explained that there could be no doubt that the hundee for Rs. 10,000 was a forged document. With regard to the question of a guilty knowledge on the part of the accused, his Lordship referred at some length to the evidence and the alleged payment to the accused of a sum of Rs. 700 for his trouble. His Lordship shewed how the evidence with regard to the payment of the hundee was corroborated by other evidence in the case. There was no reason apparently why the latter evidence should be discredited. It was given by persons who bore no enmity against the prisoner, and who had no motive to bring him to punishment. His Lordship, coming to the evidence of Jivan, explained the law with regard to the evidence of accomplices. It was sufficient if the evidence of an accomplice was corroborated on material points; and the jury were told to see how far, in their opinion, the evidence of Jivan was corroborated by the other evidence in the case.

The jury, after a short consultation, returned a unanimous verdict of guilty. The prisoner protested his innocence, saying that he was an old man, and if sent to jail, he should die there. His Lordship sentenced him to rigorous imprisonment for two years.

THE CHURNEYWADY MURDER: A RE-TRIAL.

Ambajee Luxmon, a middle-aged Maratha, was again placed at the bar, charged with murder by having, on the morning of the 17th July last, caused the death of his mistress Bayabai. The prisoner was tried on the same charge before another Special Jury, who found him guilty of culpable homicide, but not with the intention to cause death, a verdict which his Lordship said, he could not accept. A re-trial was, therefore, ordered; and it came on yesterday. The Hon. Mr. Scott, with Mr. Husain B. Tyabjee, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown. Mr. Young defended the prisoner. The following gentlemen were empannelled upon the

SPECIAL JURY.

Mr. C. H. B. Forbes, Foreman.

Mr. Charles Muirhead
Mr. Silas Benjamin
Mr. Abdul Karim M. Kajiji
Mr. T. Stephenson
Mr. Rustomji F. Wadia
Mr. Kaikobad B. Muzban
Mr. D. Carmichael
Mr. H. Blackwell

Mr. Scott, in addressing the jury, said the accused was charged with murder in having caused the death of a woman, Bayabai, who appeared to have lived with the accused in a chawl at Churneywady. She was not married to him, but had lived with him as his mistress for ten years. Her mother, who was the owner of the chawl, lived in another room on the premises. About 4 o'clock on the morning of the 17th July, Parvatibai, the mother of the deceased, saw the accused sitting in the doorway of his room, and asked him what was the matter. He said he had killed Bayabai, and told her to go and fetch a sepoy. Bayabai was found lying on the floor in a pool of blood, a knife was sticking in her clothes and its handle and a piece of wood were lying on the floor beside the body. The piece of fire-wood appeared to have been used to batter in the head of the deceased. The tenants of the next room had heard the deceased's cries and had gone to her room, the door of which was closed from inside. A neighbour heard blows struck in the room at the time the cries were raised. The accused was seen by the neighbours sitting in his doorway, when Parvatibai came up, and heard him tell her that he had killed Bayabai.

Evidence was called for the prosecution, the same witnesses being examined as at the previous trial.

At the close of the case for the prosecution, prisoner, in answer to the judge, said he was friendly with Mahadoo Saddoo and had no quarrel with Bayabai on his account. He and Bayabai had been drinking that day.

Mr. Scott, in addressing the jury, said there could be no doubt upon the evidence that the person who inflicted the wounds on Bayabai intended to kill her. The blows with the knife were given with such violence that the blade of the knife broke. The blows with the piece of firewood were equally violent; and there could be no doubt that the attack upon the woman was a savage and brutal one.

Mr. Young submitted to the jury that the intention of the accused was only to disfigure the woman, and not to kill her. None of the blows with the knife could have caused death; and the prisoner's intention was only to disfigure and maim her. If he intended to kill her he could have done so with one violent blow.

His Lordship, in summing up the case, told the jury that the important point for their consideration was, whether the prisoner had received such grave and sudden provocation as to deprive him of the power of self-control, remembering that the accused had no legal claim to the woman's fidelity.

The jury, after a few minutes' consultation, returned a verdict of guilty of culpable homicide not amounting to murder.

His Lordship sentenced the prisoner to rigorous imprisonment for ten years.

This being the last case, the Sessions were, at 6-20 p.m., ordered to be dissolved.

THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In.	Byculla. Cts.	Espl'ade. In.	Espl'ade. Cts.	Fort. In.	Fort. Cts.	Colaba. In.	Colaba. Cts.
Previously registered	29	54	32	40	37	22	32	42
Thursday Sept. 7th	...	..	..	..	...	...	..	..
Total	29	54	32	40	37	22	32	42
Total fall to Sept. 7th, 1898.	58	12	58	57	56	37	54	11
Total fall to Sept. 7th. 1897.	63	60	62	73	66	82	60	48

Rainfall at Byculla registered from 6 p.m. to 6 p.m.; at the Esplanade and Fort, from 8 a.m. to 8 a.m., and at Colaba from 6 a.m. to 6 a.m.

MATHERAN.	In.	Cts.
Previously registered	92	28
5th September, 1899	0	0
Total	92	28

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON THURSDAY, THE 7TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1899.

1. The barometric readings are corrected to Calicut standard, reduced to the same temperature M° and also to the sea level and corrected to the constant gravity at Lat. 45.

2. The 2nd column under the head 'Wind' gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 14 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade or in a small shade with open sides and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a.m.

4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing rates of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

STATIONS.	Pressure, 8 A.M.	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Rate per hour.	TEMPERATURE IN SHADE. Maximum of past 24 hours.	TEMPERATURE IN SHADE. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity, 8 A.M.	RAINFALL. Past 24 hours.	RAINFALL. Since 1st June to date.	RAINFALL. Variation, 1st June to date.
Lahore	29·724	Calm	1	97·6	77·1	62	...	5·49	—10·01
Sirsa	29·741	SW	1	102·3	80·1	40	..	2·19	—9·05
Delhi	29·729	WNW	5	99·2	82·5	49	...	10·94	—12·20
Agra	29·716	NW	4	98·0	79·9	64	...	21·83	—1·28
Cawnpore	29·708	WSW	1	96·8	79·1	68	...	39·60	...
Allahabad	29·707	WSW	5	95·1	78·3	70	...	37·13	+6·06
Jhansi	29·735	WSW	3	100·3	81·7	56	...	27·77	—4·18
Jacobabad	29·737	SW	3	102·5	78·1	69	...	0·00	—2·71
Karachi	29·822	W	12	90·4	77·2	83	...	0·09	—5·64
Jeypore	29·787	NNW	3	100·2	77·1	64	0·01	10·76	—12·89
Ajmere	29·778	NW	7	86·9	88·0	60	...	8·84	—9·46
Deesa	29·828	WNW	10	99·1	79·0	59	..	1·15	—21·60
Ahmedabad	29·835	WNW	2	93·2	78·1	58	...	3·71	...
Bhuj	29·839	W	15	93·0	74·4	73	...	0·85	—11·57
Jamnagar	29·854	WSW	16	90·0	73·2	71	...	5·56	...
Rajkot	29·857	W	10	92·9	72·8	78	..	7·35	—16·97
Bhawnagar Para	29·851	NW	9	92·1	73·8	56	0·03	5·12	...
Veraval	29·855	NW	9	84·5	75·3	73	...	4·94	...
Neemuch	29·808	W	7	94·0	74·0	69	...	10·63	—15·75
Indore	29·815	SW	2	90·7	77·1	71	...	13·67	—11·61
Saugor	29·776	W	5	91·8	75·1	66	...	21·12	—17·20
Jubulpore	29·757	S	1	92·0	76·6	71	...	10·37	—18·53
Hoshangabad	29·833	Calm.	0	91·7	74·2	74	...	20·02	—23·91
Khandwa	29·809	W	7	89·2	79·6	60	...	7·61	—16·55
Raipur	29·753	Calm.	2	92·8	76·6	71	...	23·18	—16·70
Nagpur	29·775	Calm.	5	95·7	74·6	67	...	10·68	—25·87
Amraoti	29·806	WSW	2	91·7	74·8	71	...	11·80	—14·11
Akola	29·798	NW	6	97·8	76·3	51	...	7·61	—17·80
Surat	29·842	Calm.	3	92·1	75·0	75	...	18·47	—19·70
Malegaon	29·840	NW	15	96·4	75·6	64	...	4·56	—10·42
Bombay	29·868	N	10	87·7	78·4	82	...	30·77	—30·48
Poona	29·850	NW	14	92·0	70·4	86	0·10	6·83	—8·71
Ahmednagar	29·864	N	6	92·4	71·4	88	0·27	6·21	...
Aurangabad	...	NNE	...	90·8	73·2	61	...	9·39	...
Sholapur	29·827	NNW	12	95·2	72·0	76	0·03	3·15	—15·40
Ratnagiri	29·835	WSW	6	85·9	77·9	85	...	48·88	—47·03
Belgaum	29·804	WNW	13	81·8	66·3	81	...	17·39	—15·62
Goa	29·839	N	10	84·0	76·4	87	0·06	42·05	...
Karwar	29·828	N	5	83·2	76·5	91	...	51·00	—50·84
Mangalore	29·841	Calm.	2	81·8	75·9	88	...	61·07	—31·26
Calicut	29·824	NW	2	83·2	74·0	90	...	59·86	—19·88
Cochin	29·842	WNW	...	86·5	75·6	82		43·95	—21·30
Bangalore	29·832	Calm.	7	81·2	64·8	90	0·61	7·41	—7·38
Secunderabad	29·792	NW	3	89·6	72·5	83	0·02	12·84	—9·10
Masulipatam	29·782	WNW	4	92·1	70·1	87	...	11·00	—8·79
Bellary	29·821	WNW	8	86·2	74·2	65	..	5·51	—1·75
Cuddapah	29·799	WNW	L	93·6	76·9	77	...	4·80	—10·89
Madras	29·767	WSW	5	95·5	76·5	77	...	7·22	—4·39
Coimbatore	29·834	SE	1	87·9	71·6	95	0·26	1·82	—2·38
Trichinopoly	29·785	Calm.	6	93·5	75·9	84	0·31	3·50	—5·15
Negapatam	29·771	W	9	92·5	76·9	75	...	3·80	—4·96
Colombo	29·842	SW	7	89·5	78·0	74	...	11·00	—7·20
Aden	29·814	SSW	11	92·8	84·8	49	...	0·02	—0·28

In column "Wind, rate per hour," L., Light, M. Moderate, F., Fresh, S., Strong, H., Heavy.

Bombay Local Rainfall;—J. J. H., 0·00 (31·86); G. T. H., 0·00 (33·13); St. G. H., 0·00 (33·48); C. P., 0·00 (30·77)

SUMMARY.

THERE has been a brisk fall of pressure at Lahore, Agra, Saugor, Jhansi, Indore, Khandwa, Akola, Sholapur, Belgaum, Karwar and Cuddapah, and a slight fall elsewhere. The distribution is very unusual, readings being high at and about Rajkot, Verawal, Bhavnagar Para, Bombay, Poona and Ahmednagar, and lowest in the north. Gradients are slight.

Winds are very variable in direction, and the force has been moderate to light. This morning the wind velocity was 16 miles on hour at Bhuj.

The maximun temperature is above the mean of the season in many places, and the minimum 6o to 7o at Jhansi, Ajmere, Indore and Khandwa. The highest temperature in the shade was 102° at Jacobabad, and the lowest 65° at Bangalore.

Humidity changes are small, and the skies are more or less cloudy in all districts except in Sind, the Punjab, North-West Provinces, Rajputana and at Deesa, Ahmedabad, Rajkot, Bhavnagar Para, Verawal, Neemuch, Saugor, Hoshangabad, Raipur, Amraoti and Surat, where they are clear.

The rainfall of the past 24 hours has been scanty and local in character, the largest amounts recorded being 0·61 cents at Bangalore and a quarter of an inch at Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Ahmednagar. A few drops of rain also fell at Jeypore, Bhavnagar Para, Poona, Sholapur, Goa and Secunderabad.

The highest pressures which prevail in Ceylon and on the Malabar Coast during the monsoon period have now shifted to northwards, and the area of high pressure to-day lies over Kathiawar and at and about Bombay, Poona and Ahmednagar. This change, whether real or temporary, is very early and is such as generally takes place at the close of the monsoon. It is this change that brings about squally and unsettled weather, and rain in local scattered showers is likely in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies, Mysore and on the Malabar Coast. It is very probable that wind will blow from W.-N.-W, along the Bombay Coast.

H. WHITBY SMITH,
Officiating Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, SEPT. 7.

Thursday:—Pressure has given way everywhere, the fall being brisk over Central and Lower Burma, North Bengal, the Punjab, and parts of the Peninsula. A low pressure area is still shown lying close to the hills in northern India, which continues to determine westerly winds in gangetic plain and West Bengal. Very little rain is reported, to-day. Showers have fallen in Burma chiefly in the coast districts, Assam, North Bengal, Mysore, Bombay, Deccan, Rajputana, and South of Peninsula. The only stations which have received above an inch are Mergui two inches, and Cuddalore one and a quarter, Tricomalee, Mysore, Bangalore, and Mount Abu have received about half an inch. The temperature is in defect in Upper Burma, Assam, and N.-W. Punjab, normal in Sind and Mysore, and in excess in all other parts of the country.

THE WEATHER AND THE CROPS.

THE following season reports for the week ending 5th September were published in yesterday's "Government Gazette":—

Karachi.—No rain during week. River at Kotri on 4th, 14 feet against 17-5 feet on same date last year. Crops suffering from want of water in nine talukas; damaged by kukai insect in Tatta and by rats in Shahbandar taluka. Fodder scarce in Dadu, Kotri, Kohistan, Karachi and Mirpur Batoro talukas. Prices of wheat 10, of jowari 11, of bajri 9 1-2 of rice 6 seers per rupee in Karachi. Price of Bombay grass 12 1-2 seers per rupee.

Shikarpur.—No rain during week. River 8 feet 10 inches against 12 feet 4 inches on same date last year. Fodder insufficient in some places. Deficiency of water general barly rice crop at present hopeful. Price of jowari 14 1-2, of bajri 11 1-2, of wheat 13 and of rice 9 seers per rupee, and of fodder 4 annas per maund.

Hyderabad.—No rain during week. Kharif crops at canal tails suffering in Badin, Dero Mohdat, Tando Alahyar talukas. Til crop in Tando Alahyar injured by maggots. Fodder scarce. Deficiency of water supply general. Price of red rice varies from eight to twelve seers in the Badin Taluka, of jowari from twelve to fifteen, of bajri from nine to twelve and of wheat from eight to twelve seers per rupee.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Deficiency of water supply in Sukkur and Ghar Canals in Shahdadpur. Fodder sufficient except at Kashmor. Prices of jowari 17 seers 7 chataks, of bajri 15 seers 5 chataks, of rice 9 seers 11 chataks and of wheat 12 seers 13 chataks per rupee.

Thar and Parkar.—No rain during week. Kharif crops injured by high winds and rats in Khipra taluka. Cattle weak in Nara Valley for want of fodder. Relief being doled out at Chachra, Chelar, Kesar, Islamkot, Mitti, Dipla and Nagar.

Ahmedabad.—(For week ending 2nd September 1899).—No rain during week throughout the district except 2 cents at Dhandhuka and 29 cents at Gogha; for season maximum at Dhandhuka 7 inches 60 cents, minimum at Ahmedabad 3 inches 29 cents. Rainfall insufficient throughout the district. Rain badly wanted. Sowing retarded in all the talukas for want of rain. The new grown standing crops in Dhandhuka taluka withering. Fodder supply entirely insufficient. Agricultural stock in pretty fair condition. Prices fluctuating. Prices of jowari 11 seers, of bajri 9 seers, of wheat 8 seers 40 toals and of rice second sort 9 seers per rupee. Price of fodder Rs. 15 per 1,000 bundles of hay and Rs. 12 for 1,000 bundles of jowari.

Panch Mahals.—Slight rain during week, maximum at Kalol 21 cents, minimum 6 cents at Godhra; slightly beneficial to bajri, bavto, maize and banti crops. Fodder supply very scarce. Cattle getting into poor condition. Price of maize 11, of bajri 7 1-2, of wheat 9 and of bavto 11 seers per rupee. Price of fodder one rupee per maund.

Kaira.—Rain for week maximum at Nadiad 55 cents, minimum at Thasra 4 cents, none at Kaira; for season in the district maximum at Nadiad 7 inches 1 cent, minimum at Borsad 3 inches 16 cents. Rain badly wanted in all parts of the district. Standing crops of bajri and kodra totally withered; in most places they have been cut down. Transplantation of rice crops completely stopped for want of rain. Fodder supply insufficient. Agricultural stock healthy. Animals fed on leaves in the whole district. Average prices of bajri 8¾, of rice 8 and of wheat 8½ seers per rupee. Price of fodder per rupee 13 sheaves of sundhia, 23 of bajri and 42 of dry grass.

Broach.—Rain for week at Broach 41 cents, in the districts maximum at Jambusar 48 cents minimum at Hansot 15 cents; for season at Broach 9 inches 58 cents, the district maximum at Anklesvar 12 inches 25 cents minimum at Amod 3 inches 85 cents. Rainfall insufficient throughout the district. Agricultural operations at a standstill for want of rain. Prospects gloomy. Fodder getting scarce. Agricultural stock good. Leaves of green trees mostly used as fodder in Jambusar and Vagra talukas.

Thana.—Rain for week at Thana 29 cents, in the district maximum at Mahim 33 cents, minimum at Shahapur 7 cents; for season at Thana 37 inches 7 cents, in the district maximum at Shahapur 52 inches 17 cents, minimum at Mahim 18 inches 74 cents. Rainfall insufficient in all talukas. Rain badly wanted throughout the district. Transplanted crops suffering for want of rain; untransplanted crops are mostly past transplanting. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock good. Prices stationary.

Kolaba.—Slight rain during week throughout the district, maximum at Mangaon 1 inch 59 cents and minimum at Alibag 26 cents; for season at Alibag 35 inches, 41 cents in the district maximum at Karjat 50 inches 61 cents, minimum at Uran 34 inches 79 cents. Rain badly wanted. Weeding in progress. Standing crops withering especially in salt lands. Fodder supply sufficient. Agricultural stock healthy. Price of rice varies from 10 seers 3 tolas at Karjat to 7 seers 71 tolas at Nagothna, and of Nagli from 17 seers 40 tolas at Mangaon to 11 sers 56e tolas at Panvel.

Ratnagiri.—Rain during week insufficient, maximum at Chiplun 2 inches 80 cents, minimum at Guhagar 86 cents. Season for transplantation over. Weeding operations progressing slowly in some talukas. Condition of standing crops uncertain. Fodder sufficient for the present. Prices of food-grains rising.

Khandesh.—Rain during week in seven talukas, maximum at Chalisgaon 94 cents, minimum at Bhadgaon 8 cents; for season at Dhulia 7 inches 51 cents. More rain urgently wanted throughout the district. Sowing of kharif crops retarded and standing crops withering for want of rain in nineteen talukas. Weeding in progress at Raver. Fodder insufficient. Condition of agricultural stock fair. Water insufficient for cattle in Edalabad and Pimpalner talukas.

Nasik.—Rain for week at Nasik 3 cents; for season 9 inches 9 cents. Rain urgently wanted in all the talukas except in North, South and West Igatpuri. Sowing of kharif crops stopped for want of rain. Standing crops withering except in the talukas in Igatpuri, Peint and West Kalvan. Fodder supply running short except in Peint, Igatpuri and West Kalvan, West Nasik and West Dindori. Cattle in Malegan and Nandgaon feeding on anjan leaves. Prices of food-grains risen in some talukas but steady in others.

Ahmednagar.—No rain during week except 7 cents at Jamkhed. Rain badly wanted for standing crops and rabi sowing. Standing crops in good soil withering and those in poor soil withered. Fodder supply getting dearer. Condition of cattle bad in four talukas and fair elsewhere. Price of jowari at Nagar 12 seers 30 tolas and of bajri 11 seers 56 tolas. Price of fodder 4 seers per rupee.

Poona.—Rain for week at Junnar 9, at Maval 4 and at Mulshi 10 cents; none at Poona, Indapur, Khed Sirur, Purandhar Bhimthadi, Ambegaon and Dhond; for season maximum at Mulshi 22 inches 67 cents, minimum at Dhond 4 inches 17 cents. Rainfall insufficient throughout the district. Standing crops in western part of the district withering for want of rain, while those in eastern portion almost scorched. Standing crops in the eastern portion of Haveli taluka used for fodder, as they are unfit to be used otherwise. People in Sirur and Indapur talukas have begun to feel the impending scarcity. Fodder insufficient. Condition of cattle in the eastern portion of the district good. Cattle removed to the western part of the district. Want of water also felt.

Sholapur.—(For week ending 2nd September 1899).—No rain during week in the district except 3 cents at Sangola. Rain urgently needed throughout the district. The small amount of kharif crops which had survived almost withered. Land being prepared for rabi crops. Prospects gloomy. Water supply insufficient. Fodder sufficient though rising in price owing to large exports. Agricultural stock in good condition. Slight rise in the price of jowari in Sholapur, Barsi and Madha and fall in Pandharpur, Sangola and Malsiras taluka; stationary in Karmala. Price of wheat 11 seers 3 chataks, of rice 10 seers 4 chataks, of jowari 15 seers 3 chataks and of bajri 12 seers 1 chatak per rupee. Price of karbi Rs. 1-2-0 per 100 bundles.

Satara.—Slight rain during week, 3 cents at Karad 2 cents at Satara, 2 cents at Wai, 5 cents at Javli, and 19 cents at Patan; none elsewhere. Rain badly wanted throughout the district. Standing kharif crops almost withered. Fodder supply sufficient, but getting dearer. Water supply failing in some talukas. Agricultural stock fair. Prices of jowari 25 lbs. 17 tolas and bajri 28 lbs. 23 tolas per rupee.

Bijapur.—No rain during week except 5 cents at Muddebihal and 15 cents at Bijapur, for season at Bijapur 5 inches 57 cents; in the district maximum at Muddebihal 4 inches 81 cents and minimum at Badami 1 inch 72 cents. Sowing of rabi crops retarded for want of rain. Dry fodder sufficient at present. Condition of agricultural stock fair. Average price of jowari 16 seers 11 chataks and of bajri 15 seers 1 chatak, of turdal 12 seers and of rice second sort 9 seers 14 chataks per rupee. Price of karbi at Bijapur 125 lbs. per rupee.

Belgaum.—Rain during week 82 cents at Chandgad 27 cents at Belgaum 25 cents at Khanapur 20 cents at Sampgaon, 13 cents at Gokak, 9 cents at Parasgad 2 cents at Athni; none elsewhere. Crops which have been sown are withering. Sowing of cotton not commenced in Athni. Price of rice varies from 20 lbs per rupee in Khanapur to 16 lbs. per rupee in Parasgad, and of jowari from 32 to 25 lbs. Prices of fodder high.

Dharwar.—Slight rain throughout the district except at Hubli and Nargund, varying from 79 cents at Hangal to 1 cent at Navalgund. Heavy showers very urgently needed for standing crops, which have almost withered for want of sufficient moisture. Sowing of wheat retarded. Prospects continue gloomy. Fodder supply sufficient for the present. Agricultural stock healthy. Price of rice 8 seers 15 chataks, of jowari 15 seers 1 chatak, of wheat 12 seers 4 chataks and of turdal 11 seers 14 chataks per rupee. Price of karbi 5 rupees per 100 bundles.

Kanara.—Rain throughout the district during week at Karwar 88 cents; during week maximum at Honawar 2 inches 57 cents, minimum at Haliyal 70 cents. Heavy rain required above ghats. Transplantation and weeding continue in coast talukas, but retarded in some places. Rice crops in fair condition but withering in some places; in high lands growth stunted. Garden and sugarcane crops fair above ghats. Pepper much damaged; betel-nuts in good condition. Fodder sufficient. Agricultural stock good. Prices almost stationary; clean rice common 18 lbs. and ragi 32 lbs. per rupee. Price of grass about 8 annas 6 pies per Indian maund.

Rajkot.—Rainfall during week 77 cents; total for season 8 inches 37 cents. Weather cloudy, rain expected. Crops withering. Scarcity of fodder. Average price of wheat 9 seers 20 tolas, of bajri 8 seers 30 tolas, of jowari 10 seers 30 tolas and of gram 8 seers 50 tolas per rupee. Prices high.

Wadhwan.—Rain for week 15 cents, total for season 3 inches 35 cents. Weather cloudy and hot. Price of bajri 9½ seers and of jowari 10½ seers per rupee.

Baroda.—Rain during week 3 cents; for season 4 inches 30 cents; want of rain is much felt. Young crops almost withered every where. Agricultural operations at a standstill. Scarcity of fodder in Baroda, Kadi and Amreli divisions, where cattle are getting weak. Price of bajri 17, of wheat 17, of rice superior 12 and of rice inferior 17 lbs. per British rupee.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, Sept. 7.)

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the following appointments made by the Honourable the Chief Justice of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay during the absence of Mr D B Binning, Bar-at-Law, on leave or until further orders:—Mr W Lane, First Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits; to act as Head Assistant to the Prothonotary and Commissioner for taking Affidavits; Mr W J Howard, Second Deputy, Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits, to act as First Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits; and Mr C W D'Gama, Junior Judge's Clerk and Clerk to the Parsi Chief Matrimonial Court, to act as Second Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits.

Mr Jivaji Ramchandra, Clerk of the Court of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Karmala, and Mr Ramchandra Vitnal Kathavate, Clerk of the Court of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Madha in the Sholapur-Bijapur Dist, were in charge of the current duties of their respective Courts, in addition to their own, from the 5th July, to the 5th August 1899, both days inclusive.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Huntley Gordon to the special appointment of Assistant Superintendent of Police created by Government 26th July.

In continuation of Government Notification dated the 1st March H E the Governor in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Section 23 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to appoint Mr Frederick Yorke Smith to be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Town of Bombay.

Azam Trimbak Govind Humnabadkar, Mahalkari, petha Mulshi in the district of Poona, is appointed under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to create, under Article 95 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, a special temporary appointment of Extra Dist Depy Collr, Sixth Grade, for the Nasik District for a period of six months, and to appoint Rao Saheb Vinayak Narayan Khopkar to hold it during the absence on leave of Mr A H A Simcox, B A (Oxon), I C S, or pending further orders.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Pestonji Rustomji Mehta, M R A C, to act as Deputy Director of Agriculture during the absence on leave of Mr J Mollison, M R A C, or pending further orders.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments pending further orders:—Rao Bahadur Shriniyas Swamirao Kamlapurkar to be on special duty for a period of six months; and Rao Saheb Ganesh Raghunath Sambhare to act as Sixth Grade Depy Collr and Native Assistant to the Commissioner S D, vice Rao Bahadur Shrinivas Swamirao Kamlapurkar.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr H L Cross Assit Collr of Customs and Salt Revenue in Sind, to act as Assistant to the Commissioner, N D, pending further orders.

Mr J F de Joss, Supt of Panchgani, is allowed leave on private affairs for six months.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Major W Fearn, Senior Asst Surgeon (retired), to act as Supt, Panchgani during the absence on leave of Hospital Asst J F de Joss or pending further orders.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Rev F B Sandberg B A, Chaplain of Karachi, is granted furlough for six months with effect from the 11th Nov 1899.

The following appointments are made—The Rev P R Harrison, Chaplain of Ghorpuri, to officiate as Chaplain of Byculla from the 28th Augt until further orders or during the absence of the Rev J D Ozanne on privilege leave.

The Rev H N Midwinter, Chaplain of St Paul's, Poona, to officiate as Chaplain of Ghorpuri in addition to his own duties.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Dattaram Ganpat Dalvi, M A, to act as Professor of Oriental Languages, Elphinstone College, until further orders.

Privilege leave on full pay for eight days was granted to Dr P Peterson, M A, Professor of Oriental Languages, Elphinstone College, from the 21st Aug 1899.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr WHH Howard to be President of the Boiler Commission vice Mr J Willcocks, resigned.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sec 20 of the Bombay Boiler Inspection Act, 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to nominate Mr W H K Howard to be a member of the Board of Examiners in Bombay vice Mr J Adam, resigned.

Lieut-Col J McCloghry, F R C S (I) I M S, Civil Surgn, Karachi, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months from the 2nd inst.

Capt A. J. Heath, M. B., I. M. S., Assistant Civil Surgeon, Poona, has been allowed by H M Secy of State for India an extension of leave on medical certificate for three months.

With reference to General Dept Notification dated the 5th Nov, H E the Right Hon'able the Governor in Council is pleased to accept the resignation by the Reverend E J Bowen, Chaplain of Belgaum, Fort and Camp, of his appointment as Registrar of Births and Deaths under Act VI of 1886 for the Presidency of Bombay.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT (PLAGUE).

The services of Captain C E Lews are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of India in the Home Dept.

Capt C C Boileau, I S C, has been appointed on Plague duty in the City of Bombay.

Temporary Asst. Sur M M Sarine, on being relieved by temporary Asst Surg P D Pagnis, has been placed on Plague duty under the orders of the Collr of Belgaum.

Temporary Asst Surgn M M Sarine has been placed on Plague duty under the orders of the Chief Plague Authority, Poona City.

In continuation of Govt Notification dated the 28th July, H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Capt W S Banks, D A A G, Belgaum, and Mr. H Murray, Depy Conservator of Forests, S C, as additional members of the Belgaum Plague Committee.

Capt C E Hendley, I S C, is appointed on Plague duty at Belgaum.

Capt A D C Pond, I S C, is appointed on Plague duty at Ahmednagar.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

On the completion of their first year of training in the Punjab, Messrs F St C Farran and C Gulland, Asst Engrs, 3rd Grade, are posted to the Indus Left Bank and Indus Right Bank Divisions, Karachi, respectively.

Mr. T B Robertson, Ex Engr, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, is posted to the Kaira, and Panch Mahals Dist in the Northern Division, and should join forthwith.

The following Notification by the Govt of India in the Public Works Dept is republished for information:—Mr. E Lund, offg Examiner of Public Works Accounts, N W Provinces and Oudh, is, on the return of Mr. W F Barrow from privilege leave, transferred to the office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bombay.

MISCELLANEOUS, APPOINTMENTS, &c.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

Appellate Side.

The Honble the Chief Justice and Judges of H M's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs. Ratilal Acharatlal Jhaveri and Chhanmukh Krishnamukhram Mehta Sands authorising them to practise as Pleaders in such Court or Courts of the Surat Dist, as may be assigned to them by the District Judge.

The Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Judges of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Messrs Dahyabhai Lallubhai Purohit, B A, L L B, Chhotubhai Pitambardas Parekh and Vallavbhai Hathibhai Desai Sanads authorising them to practise as Pleaders in such Court or Courts of the Ahmedabad Dist as may be assigned to them by the Dist Judge.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

With reference to Govt Notification dated the 19th Oct Azam Raghunath Govind Jinsiwale Village Munsif of Sangamner under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879, is also appointed to be a Village Munsif under that Act for the undermentioned villages in the Sangamner Taluka of the Ahmednagar Dist:—Kasara Dumala, Devgaon, Pavbaki, Vaghapur, Khanjyapur, and Nimbala, Rayate, Sangamner Khurd, Samnapur.

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

Under Section 12 of Act III of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Dept:—Hyderabad District.—Mr. Abubakar Abdulkarim, offg Sub-Registrar of Moro, from 2nd December 1898 to 14th February 1899.—Upper Sind Frontier District.—Mr. Hiranand Jethanand, offg Sub-Registrar of Jacobabad, on 26th and 27th April 1899.—Mr. Warialdas Premchand, offg Sub-Registrar of Shahdapur, from 28th June to 7th July 1899.

Under Section 12 of Act III of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Dept:—Satara District. Mr. Hari Bhikaji, offg Sub-Registrar of Karad, on 5th July 1899. Mr. Bhaskar Ramchandra, offg Sub-Registrar of Valve, on 6th and 7th July 1899. Mr. Balvant Sakharam, offg Sub-Registrar of Koregaon, on 7th July 1899. Mr. Krishna Sinde, offg Sub-Registrar of Javli, from 3rd to 9th July 1899. Bijapur District. Mr Rango Gururao, offg Sub-Registrar of Bijapur, from 9th May to 7th June 1899 Mr Hanmant Shesho, offg Sub-Registrar of Hungund, from 7th to 10th June 1899 Mr Krishnaji Narasinva substential pro tem Third Grade Sub-Registrar of Bagevadi, from 13th October 1898 to 29th June 1899 Kanara District Mr Vishveshvar Manjunath, offg Sub-Registrar of Siddapur, from 20th to 25th May 1899.

Under Section 12 of Act III of 1877 the following appointments were made in the Registration Dept:—Satara District Mr Antaji Bhikaji, offg Sub-Registrar of Wai, from 16th to 22nd May 1899 Mr Balvant Sakharam, Sub-Registrar of Koregaon, from 22nd to 26th May 1899 Sholapur District, Mr Tatyaji Govind, offg Sub-Registrar of Madha, on 31st May 1899 Mr Shivram Gangadhar, offg Sub-Registrar of Madha, from 18th to 25th June 1899 Mr Sitaram Narayan offg Sub-Registrar of Barsi, from 12th to 15th May 1899.

Belgaum District. Mr. Malhar Ramchandre, offg Sub-Registrar of Khanapur, from 30th April to 11th May 1899 Dharwar District, Mr. Shrinivas Krishna, offg Sub-Registrar of Ron, from 14th Dec 1898 to 17th June 1899. Mr. Shrinivas Hanmant, offg Sub-Registrar of Nargund, from 1st to 7th June 1899. Mr Dharmaji Dasso, offg Sub-Registrar of Hubli, on 8th June 1899. Kanara District. Mr Bhavani Shankar, offg Sub-Registrar of Yellapur, from 13th to 20th June 1899.

BY THE COMMISSIONER.

Central Division.

Rao Saheb Vishnu Sadashiv Kelkar, probationary Fourth Grade Mamlatdar, employed in the Baglan Taluka of the Nasik District, is confirmed in that grade.

In modification of Notification Mr Ganesh Bhaskar, Naralikar, on relief at Akola by Rao Saheb Narayan Abaji Parnaik, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of taluka Kopargaon in the Ahmednagar Dist during the deputation of Rao Saheb Vaman Ganesh Pale to audit the revenue accounts of the Poona Dist for the year 1898-99 or pending further orders.

BY THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

Ramchandra Babaji, Second Grade local Fund Vaccinator, Parner Taluka, Ahmednagar Zilla, was invalided from the Service with effect.

Purushotam Padmakar, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Sangameshwar Taluka, Ratnagiri Zilla, was appointed Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Parner Taluka, Ahmednagar Zilla, vice Ramchandra Babaji, invalided.

Ganpati Laxman Gaikwad, substantive pro tem. Candidate Vaccinator, Ratnagiri Zilla, was appointed Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Sangameshvar Taluka, Ratnagiri Zilla, on probation for one year, vice Purushotam Padmakar, promoted.

Candidate Deorao Ramchandra Narvane was appointed substantive pro tem. Candidate Vaccinator, Ratnagiri Zilla vice Ganpati Laxman Gaikwad, promoted.

The probationary period of Assanand Kirapaldas [illegible] Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator Karachi Z[illegible] in of 6th February 1899, is extended to 14th O[illegible] 1899 inclusive.

The probationary period of Shersing Nichu[illegible] Candidate Vaccinator, Thar and Parkar Zilla, made [illegible] February is extended to 4th January 1900 inclusive.

Candidate Ragunath Mahadeo was app[illegible] acting first Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Salsette T[illegible]uks, Thana Zilla vice Wasudeo Sitaram.

BY DISTRICT MAGISTRA[illegible]

Mr Baba Balkrishna Dode, acting [illegible] Head Karkun and Magte. Third Class, in the office of the Mamlatdar of taluka Alibag, is hereby invested with the following additional powers:—(1) Power to make orders prohibiting repetitions of nuisances (Sec 143, Criminal Procedure Code). (2) Power to make orders under Sec 144, Criminal Procedure Code. (3) Power to hold inquests under Sec 174, Criminal Procedure Code. (4) Power to take cognizance of offences upon complaints and upon police reports (Sec 190 (a) and (b), Criminal Procedure Code).

The next Quarterly Meeting of the Sub-Committee for Vernacular Examinations of the Central Committee for Departmental Examinations will take place in the Council Hall, Poona, on Thursday the 5th October 1899, at 11 A.M., Madras time; and Junior Civil Servants who may be liable or prepared to undergo an examination in the Vernacular languages or in Hindustani, as also Forest or other officers who may be permitted to appear before the Committee, are requested to send an intimation to the undersigned by the 20th proximo, stating at the same time the language or languages in which they are prepared to be examined.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 8.

(Before the Hon'ble the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice CANDY.)

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

1004-208-95—Roughton and B—The Fabrick Unite De Besch Colori vs Jugmohandas Vundravandas and another—Little and Co. Part heard.
1041-361-98—Bicknell M and M—Kisonchand Chottilal and others Ragoomal Budhsinh and others—Tyabjee D and Co.
1024-444-98—Payne G S and Co—Karmally Rahimbhoy and others vs Ebrahim Rahimbhoy and others—Wadia and G.
1043-572-98—Ardeshir H and D—Gangjibhoy Poonja vs The Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay—Crawford B and Co.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. TYABJEE.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

291-98—Edgelow and G and W—Oosman Jamal vs Esmaljee Hassanjee—Khunderao. Part heard.
155-98—Hiralal M and M—Mahomed Hoosein Hajee Sale vs Haroon Hajee Mahomed and others—Wadia and G and Payne G and S.
184-97—Hiralal M and M—Abdul Kayum Ebrahim vs Fudkibai and others—Muljee and R.
566-92—J C Cama—Jetha Bhima and others vs Khoja Mohomed Medhi Tharia Topun—Dikshit and W.
737-98—In person Ramtakal Doshi vs Bhagoo Ajodhya and others—B V N Kirtiker.
740-98—F P Pavri—Gordhandas Ghanshandas vs Syed Ebrahim bin Syed Mohomed and others—Wadia and G, Ardeshir H and D, and Little and Co.
15-99—Little and Co—Anandrao Vinayek and others vs Cooverbai.
293-98—Hiralal M and M—Nathmal Narsingdas vs Madhawjee Virjee—Craigie L and O.
183-98—Little and Co—Sakerbai vs Tucumdas Muljee and others—Muljee and R B and K.
181-98—Little and Co—Sakerbai vs Ramdas Dossa—Muljee and R, Mansuklal D and J.
537-97—Crawford, B and Co—Oomer Rahimtoola vs Meeya Adam Mahomed and others—Payne G and S and Baishanker and K—Part heard.
79-99—Payne G and S—Moosa Abu vs Haji Abdulla Hajee Hassum.
99-99—Little and Co—Magandas Pawmull vs Dayaram Kevalram and another—Dikshit and D.
95-97—Smetham, B and Noble—Luxumibai Nharverker vs The Bank of Bombay and another—Crawford, B and Co. and K. J. Mantri.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice RUSSELL.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

594-98—Thakurdas D C and H—Hunsraj Parmanand vs Ruttonsi Waljee and others—Crawford B and Co M and K, J C Cama, N and H, and C L and D—Partly decreed.
256-99—Mansuklal D and J—Caetano Camillo Borges vs Augusto Mathias Pinto—Sorabjee and J.

Testamentary Suits.

9-99—Wadia and G—Jethabhai Damjee vs Chapsey Valljee—Mathubai and J.
13-99—Little and Co—Valbai widow vs Tejpal Veeram and others—Nanu and H.
14-99—Bicknell M and M—Dharamsey Laljee vs Motibai—Sorabjee and J.
6-98—Bhaishanker and K—Kesarbai alias Sakarbai vs Dewjee Moorarjee—Tyabjee D and Co.
15-99—Jehangir and S—Motibai widow vs Dossabhoy Muncherjee Daroowalla—A F Turner.

CAPTAIN J. C. C. PERKINS, Assistant Military Accountant, has submitted a report on the accounts of the Cawnpore Volunteer Corps for 1897-98, the character of which has induced the Government of India in the Military Department to pass the following remarks: "Although it is not possible in the absence of the books and vouchers to fully criticise these accounts, still it appears from a general review that they contain such serious defects as to necessitate a very full explanation." The Controller of Military Accounts, Bengal Command, is directed to give the matter immediate attention.

THE Local Government has under consideration the question of raising the scale of the Hill allowances hitherto granted to the Secretariat Camp Offices which annually accompany the Head-quarters of the Punjab Government to Simla. It is proposed to grant in future an allowance of 4-10ths of salary in lieu of 3-10ths heretofore allowed, which in consequence of the dearness of living at the summer capital of Government, has been represented as insufficient.

THE consecration of the Bishop of Lahore takes place at the Lahore Cathedral on the 1st November, when the Metropolitan, accompanied by the Bishops of Lucknow, Bombay, Madras and Chota Nagpur will be present. The installation will probably take place on the following Sunday.

WITH WHAT SHOULD TEETH BE CLEANED?

BY the use of the tooth-brush and rinsing the mouth with an antiseptic fluid which thoroughly counteracts the effect of fermentation, acid, and decay. For only a "*Mouthbath*" can guarantee that the antiseptic effect in the whole mouth, in the hollow teeth, in the crevices of the teeth, and in the mucuous membrane, is really thorough and complete. But hitherto a fluid of this kind did not exist. Tests have proved that the so-called antiseptic dentifrices are either too strong and therefore poisonous and injurious to the teeth, or too weak and therefore do not deserve the name of antiseptics.

ODOL

is the first and only compound which thoroughly and with certainty counteracts the above-mentioned causes of the decay of the teeth. The effect of Odol, which has been undeniably proved, is principally due to its peculiar property, which, contrary to all other mouth washes, is not effective for the moment only, but, as it is absorbed by the gums and mucuous membranes, its disinfecting powers continue for hours after use, as these organs are thoroughly impregnated by it. Odol is therefore constant and lasting in its effect.

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Odol.
PRICE R2

THE ODOL BOTTLE (Patented throughout the world) is a unique ornament for every toilet table, and its use is novel and easy. (See Illustration.)

THE TASTE OF ODOL

is [illegible] agreeable, refreshing, and powerful. The cl[illegible]ing of the teeth with Odol is, practically, as [illegible]shing for the mouth as a bath is for the body.

FOR SALE BY:—TREACHER & Co., Ld., THOMSON & TAYLOR, KEMP & Co., BEYNON & Co., V. FUCILE & Co., and all first-class Chemists.

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PURELY PERSONAL.

PROFESSOR THOMAS HUDSON MIDDLETON, B.Sc., Lecturer in Agriculture at the University of Wales, who has been appointed to succeed Professor Somerville, in the Chair of Agriculture and Forestry at the Durham College of Science, was educated at Nerchiston Castle School, Edinburgh, and graduated at both Edinburgh and Glasgow. The son of a farmer, he has been from boyhood familiar with farm practice in the North, and he has had seven years' experience in the Orient, having held the Chair of Agriculture at Baroda College, 1889-96. At Baroda he organised a model farm, and was constantly consulted on agricultural affairs by the Government. He is thirty-five years of age, and a fine sportman—cyclist, angler, and shot.

The world is the poorer for the death of Mr. James Noel, C. B., whose figure was a familiar one in the world of politics, society, art, and philanthropy. Notwithstanding his lameness, he was always good-humoured, and had a fund of anecdotes; while during his many years at the Admiralty he had acquired the confidence and affection of successive First Lords. He was a good all-round man, who did quietly an immense deal of good social work, and the High Church Party lose in him one of their most judicious friends. He was a great supporter of the House of Charity in Soho-square, in which Mrs. Gladstone has always been so keenly interested.

M. Jules Guerin, who is giving the French Government so much trouble, and the world in general so much amusement by the latest siege in Paris, is a retired tripe seller of La Vilette, who finds the running of his paper, the "Anti-Juif," an extremely profitable venture. It will be noted that he has not thrown off his old companions in his days of successful journalism, for several of his comrades of the self-imposed imprisonment in the Anti-Semite Club are butchers by trade. M. Guerin, who always carries a huge knob stick, has been in every Anti-Semitic demonstration in Paris for ten years past. At one such demonstration a few months since he half-killed a policeman.

The Earl of Mexborough, who at eighty-nine years of age, died at Brighton, was a nobleman of great erudition, and in his young days travelled extensively. When at Cambrige he was regarded as one of the first classical scholars of the time, and that too in a circle that included many brilliant men. When he became of age Viscount Pollington, as he then was, become Conservative member for the pocket borough of Gatton. Four years later he was returned for Pontefract, and, with an interval of three or four years, continued its representative till 1847; he had for the greater part of that period Mr. Monckton Milnes (afterwards Lord Houghton) as his colleague. Lord Mexborough was a great landowner, especially in the West Riding of Yorkshire. His chief seat was at Methley, near Leeds. He succeeded to the earldom on the death of his father in 1860, and he in turn is succeeded by his son, Lord Pollington, who was born in 1843, and whose mother was the oldest daughter of the third Earl of Orford.

The Duke of Fife has lately taken the world into his confidence as to the reasons which led to his disposal of immense portions of his estates. His boast that he has added 360 land owners to the roll of Scots proprietors gives some idea of the vast holdings of the Duffs, for his Grace is still numbered amid the great lairds of the North. Since his marriage the Duke has become quite a family man—a devoted husband and father. That matrimonial life agrees with him is abundantly proved by his wonderfully youthful appearance. Although his servants attend him with great state and awe—standing bare-headed in all weathers while in his presence—he does not go about in the princely style of old days before his Royal alliance.

The present peer succeeded to vast estates in four counties, and is the lineal representative of the ancient race of Skene. In his younger days he drove about in great state with outriders in scarlet uniform, and, following a custom of his fathers scattered pence among the children of the villages through which he passed. In consequence of a feud with the railway companies, he posted everywhere. He is unpopular with Aberdeenshire lairds on account of his revival and exaction of the ancient servitude dues of the great Earldom of Mar, of which he possesses the lands. The Duchess, however, has won the affection of all on her husband's estates through her consideration, sympathy, and motherly qualities. She does good by stealth. Her kindly gifts and foresight have brightened the ingleside and declining days of many an aged couple.

The Marquis of Exeter is the only marriageable marquis in England. Not yet twenty-three years old he is very boyish-looking, of medium height, and has the large, melancholy eyes of the Cecils. His lordship has enjoyed the honours of the title for only a year. His tastes, unlike those of his popular father, do not lean towards politics, but sport in all its branches has great attractions for him. It is no uncommon thing for him, when at Burghley, to summon half-a-dozen men-servants, and then enjoy an impromptu game of cricket on the newly-levelled pitch in front of the great stableyard. Rumour has it that at some future time the famous old Stamford Races (discontinued some twenty-eight years ago) will be revived under the influence of the young lord. At present he is heart-whole and fancy-free.

"Burghley House by Stamford Town," immortalised by Tennyson, is a magnificent Elizabethan mansion built by the Lord-Treasurer Burghley (whose direct descendant the Marquis is) towards the end of the sixteenth century. Here Queen Bess was entertained in regal style by her favourite statesman, and the bed upon which she slept is still shown to visitors. An oak which Her Virgin Majesty planted on the west lawn is yet flourishing, although partly blown down some years ago by a hurricane. In later years, William III. stayed at Burghley, and was pleased to make the somewhat rude remark to his host that "the house was much too grand for a subject." In our own time, Burghley House has been visited by Queen Victoria and the Prince Consort, the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the late Duke of Clarence. It is situated in an immense park, which contains some grand old trees. The lake and pleasure gardens were designed by Mr. "Capability" Brown. The latter, however, are not so fine as the magnificence of the house prompts one to expect. Imposing as is the exterior, Burghley holds within its walls priceless treasures. The exquisite carving of Grinling Gibbons is of itself worth a day's journey to see, whilst the paintings (one, the famous "Blessing the Elements," by Carlo Dolci was said by Sir Walter Scott to be "worth a king's ransom") the collection of old China, the marble, plate, and old oak are of rare worth.

By the death of Mr. R. H. Rhys, J. P., of Aberdare, South Wales lost a truly remarkable personality. He was over eighty years of age at his death, and for the last fifty-two years of his life was totally blind, having lost his sight in a gun-cotton explosion in 1847. In spite of this affliction he was always, up to the day of his death, one of the most active public men of the county of Glamorgan, and he has not inaptly been styled the Fawcett of South Wales. He was a member of the Marthyr Board of Guardians since 1846, and further served on the Board of Health, Burial Board, School Board, County Council, and numberless local committees. He was a regular attendant at Quarter Sessions, and took a keen and public-spirited interest in licensing business. No one knew the roads and highways of the county better, or concerned himself more assiduously in maintaining them in repair or clearing them of obstruction. It was said of him that he knew the position of every heap of stones by the roadside. Like many other blind people, he never acknowledged his blindness, and continually spoke of "seeing" things. "How can you say that, Mr. So-and-so?" he would say to a counsel at Licensing Sessions; "I have seen the house myself." He took a prominent part in all local education movements, in the provision of public parks, and in the care of pauper children. He was a governor of the University College of South Wales and Monmouthshire. In politics he was a Moderate Liberal, but preferred to devote his attention entirely to local affairs.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS?—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allways all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers every where at 1s 1-2d. per bottle.

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The use of Van Houten's Cocoa as a daily beverage in family life is continually increasing. Why? The explanation is simple enough. Because the highest Medical Authorities recommend it more and more, and because experience teaches that Van Houten's Cocoa ought to be chosen before all other drinks. It is refreshing and strengthening, without the pernicious after-effects peculiar to Tea and Coffee. It is a good nourisher and flesh-former. In addition, Van Houten's Cocoa is not expensive, as a 1-lb. tin will furnish from 100 to 120 cups. You cannot take too much of this healthy, easily-digestible drink; and, even after the fullest use, the flavor never palls on the taste, but comes both fresh and refreshing.

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VAN HOUTEN'S Eating CHOCOLATE?

CONDENSED MILK
MILKMAID BRAND
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Milkmaid
BRAND
Milk
Full Cream.

As a guarantee of quality see that the MILKMAID Trade Mark is on every Tin.

Largest Sale in the World.

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ON THE BANK OF LIFE.

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ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

Pleasant, Soothing, Cooling, Health-giving, Refreshing, and Invigorating.
NO HOUSEHOLD OR TRAVELLERS' BAG SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

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FOR INFANTS,
INVALIDS & THE AGED
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"After a lengthened experience of Foods, both at home and in India, I consider 'Benger's Food' incomparably superior to any I have ever prescribed."

An editorial in the INDIAN MEDICAL RECORD, of October 16th, 1897, says:
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SPECIALLY PREPARED AND DELICATELY PERFUMED.
RESTORES THE HAIR.
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ARRESTS THE FALL.
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REMOVES DANDRUFF.
ALLAYS ALL IRRITATION.

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The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
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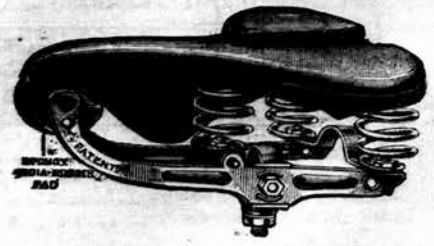

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The Editor, "BABY," reports:—For acne spots on the face it is undoubtedly efficacious, frequently healing eruptions, and removing pimple **in a few days. It relieves itching at once.**

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We are indebted to recent scientific researches for the revelation of the no less surprising than important fact, that of all the Cod Liver Oil hitherto produced not a particle has been really pure, even when claimed to be "the purest"; however pure the source, the oil *must* by the present system of manufacture always be contaminated with decomposition products of its own fats, hence the nauseating and "repeating" properties.

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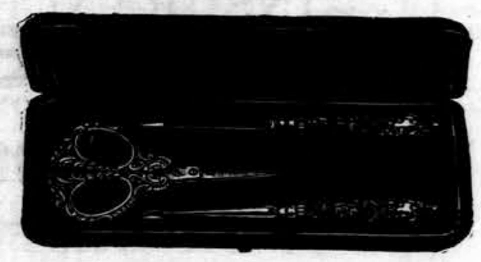
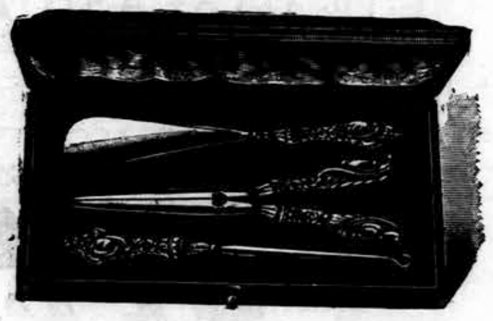


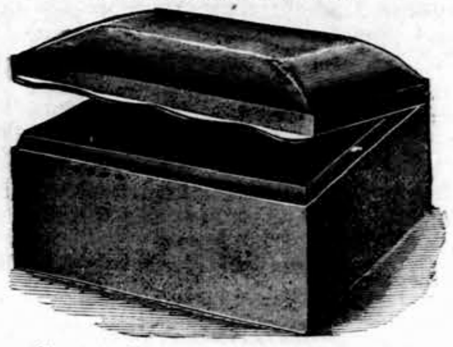
Silver Mounted Manicure Set, Rs. 24.



Silver Mounted Curling Tongs, Shoehorn and Button Hook, Rs. 30.

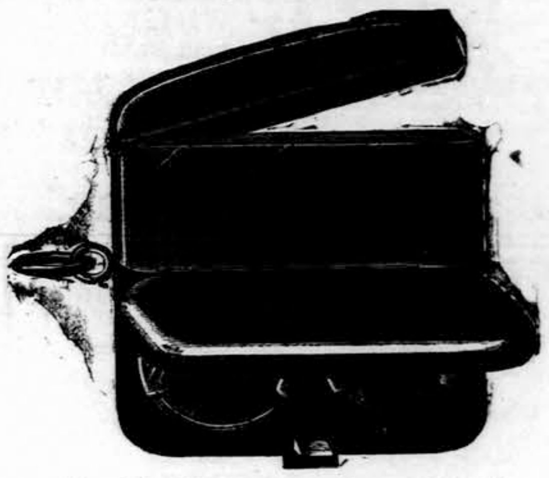
Silver Mounted Manicure Set, Rs. 50.

Silver Hairpin Box, Rs. 32.



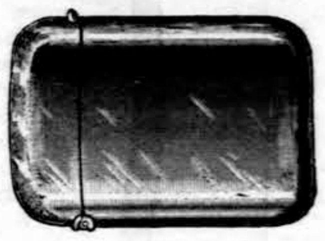
Silver Cigarette Box to hold 50 Cigarettes, Rs. 65.
" " " " " 100 " Rs. 100.

Silver Match Box, Sovereign Case, &c., Rs. 32.

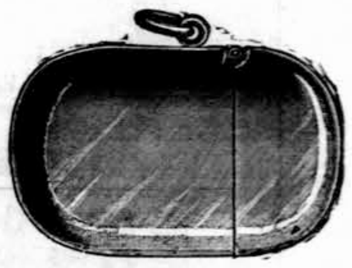


Silver Match Box, Sovereign Case, &c., Rs. 31.

Silver Snuff Box, Rs. 17.



Silver Match Box, Rs. 8-8.



Silver Match Box, Rs. 8-8.

Rs. 9.

Cabinet, Rs. 22; Carte de Visite, Rs. 9.

Cabinet, Rs. 16; Carte de Visite, Rs. 12.

Cabinet, Rs. 23; Carte de Visite, Rs. 9.

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